

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016



City of Ukiah Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Prepared by the Finance Department



City of Ukiah Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2016

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Introductory Section





April 5, 2017

To the Honorable Mayor, members of the City Council and citizens of the City of Ukiah:

We are pleased to submit the City of Ukiah's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This report is prepared in accordance with state law, generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), and the best management practices for financial reporting as defined by the Government Finance Officers' Association (GFOA). California law requires that a financial report be prepared annually and audited by a licensed certified public accountant within a reasonable period of time following the year end. These financial statements are presented in conformity with GAAP and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards.

Responsibility for the accuracy of the data and the fairness of presentation, including all footnotes and disclosures, rests with City management. We believe the data presented in this report is accurate in all material respects, and all statements and disclosures necessary for the reader to obtain a thorough understanding of the City's financial activities have been included. GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

Management of the City has established an internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient, reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatements.

As the City did not expend over \$750,000 of federal money during this reporting period, it was not required to conduct a broader, federally mandated OMB Circular A-133 "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards.

While traditionally addressed to the governing body of the City, this report is intended to provide relevant financial information to external users (non-management employees), who include the citizens of the City of Ukiah, City staff, creditors, investors, and other concerned readers. We encourage all readers to contact the Finance Department with any questions or comments concerning this report.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Van Lant & Fankhanel, LLP, a firm of certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting

principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

Based upon the audit, the independent auditors concluded that there was reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion, which states that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, are presented fairly in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first



component of the financial section of this report.

Profile of the City of Ukiah

The City of Ukiah is a full service city in that it provides most typical municipal functions, including public safety (including police and fire protection), public works, community development and parks and recreation. In addition, the City provides proprietary services, including water, wastewater, electric, recreation, and airport services. It operates in a council-manager form of government, whereby the council serves as the legislative body and the City Manager its executive.

Incorporated on March 8, 1876 as a general law city, Ukiah serves as the administrative seat for the County of Mendocino, and with a residential population of more than $16,186^1$ in a 4.7 square-mile area, Ukiah is graced with a strong business base and a well-established residential community.

¹ 2016 California Department of Finance, Demographic Research Unit, E-1 Population Estimates for Cities, Counties, and the State, May 2, 2016

Ukiah is a travel and recreation-oriented destination and fortunate to have a large area serving as a hub for Lake, Mendocino, southern Humboldt, and northern Sonoma counties. The Ukiah business environment is positive and well organized. Driven by an active chamber of commerce, local businesses are community-oriented and engaged in City-business partnerships, including economic development, job creation, tourism, and community events. The City's permanent retail trade area population is approximately 104,000 people with 45,000 within a 10-mile radius. Ukiah's historic downtown area is the center of commercial activity within the community. There are also commercial areas along Orchard/Perkins corridor, Airport Park Boulevard, Perkins Street, as well as much of State Street.

In Ukiah, the total labor force is approximately 6,780². Unemployment in Ukiah is approximately 7.6 percent, down from 8.1 percent in 2015. Within ten miles, there is a diverse labor force specializing in such occupations as sales, technical and professional services, education, medical, agriculture, and government services, and other specialties. The largest employment sectors in the Ukiah area are: government (county and city); education; healthcare; light industry; and the service and hospitality trades. The agricultural and construction sectors are important, and the transportation/public utilities, wholesale trade, finance/insurance/real estate and manufacturing sectors round out the employment picture. Some of the larger employers in the primary trade area include the Ukiah Valley Medical Center, Ukiah Unified School District, County of Mendocino, City of Ukiah, and Savings Bank of Mendocino County. Approximately 17 percent of all jobs in Mendocino County are located within the City of Ukiah.

The City of Ukiah Organization

The City is committed to providing high quality services in an economical manner. For fiscal year 2015-16, the City's efforts were focused in the following areas:

- Public Safety Services. Demand for police and fire services continued to grow due in large part to transient related issues. This demand has outpaced our labor and financial resources despite the continuation of Measure S funding and an increase in General Fund spending. For our Police Department, the increased service demand is forcing a reactive approach to crime instead of proactive strategies focused on prevention and community oriented policing services.
- Utilities Services and Infrastructure. The City's water, sewer and electrical
 enterprises continue to require significant attention due to aging infrastructure and
 increasing regulatory pressures. All three utilities planned and/or implemented
 significant capital improvements during this period.
- **Economic Development.** Despite the loss of funding from the State's dissolution of Redevelopment, the City continues to deploy a number of strategies to promote business development, tourism, and job creation. A continued focus on economic development is necessary to increase tax revenues which are necessary to fund the essential services the City provides including, but not limited to police, fire, streets, and parks.

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² 2016 California Employment Development Department, Labor Market Information Division, http://www.labormarketinfo.edd.ca.gov

This report includes all funds of the City and its blended component unit: the Successor Agency to the Ukiah Redevelopment Agency.

The City Council establishes annual budgets for the general fund, proprietary (enterprise and internal service) funds, and all special revenue funds, with a possible exception for certain special revenue funds for which expenditures are controlled by grant funding or by special assessments. Budgetary control is legally maintained at the fund level. Department heads submit budget requests to the City Manager. The City Manager prepares an estimate of revenues and prepares recommendations for the next year's budget. The preliminary budget may or may not be amended by the City Council and is adopted by resolution by the City Council on or before June 30.

The Ukiah City Council consists of five members, elected at-large to four-year overlapping terms. Council members must be residents of the City. The positions of Mayor and Vice Mayor are chosen by the Council through its own policy. The Mayor conducts the Council meetings and represents the City in ceremonial functions.

The City Council serves as the policy board for the municipality. It provides policy direction, establishes goals, and sets priorities for the City government. In addition to serving as the broad policy makers for the community, the City Council also is responsible for numerous land use decisions within its borders, including the General Plan. The City Council appoints the City Manager, the City Attorney, and all members of advisory boards and commissions. The City also maintains an elected City Treasurer.

Current Economic Conditions and Outlook

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates. Understanding that property and sales taxes generate the City's largest two sources of general revenue, it is important to look at the economy in the context of people's wherewithal for producing general fund tax revenues.

Mendocino County suffered immensely from the Great Recession, but is in the throes of an accelerated recovery. The recovery is evidenced by nominal improvements in the unemployment rate, consumer spending (through sales tax analysis), building permits, and planning work. The housing market, while making progress toward recovering values from the highs of 2007, remains over 20 percent below peak prices.

Unemployment rates in the City of Ukiah remained higher at 7.3 percent than the national rate (4.9 percent), the state rate (5.3 percent) and the Mendocino County rate of 4.8 percent. But this is down slightly from the prior year of 8.8 percent³.

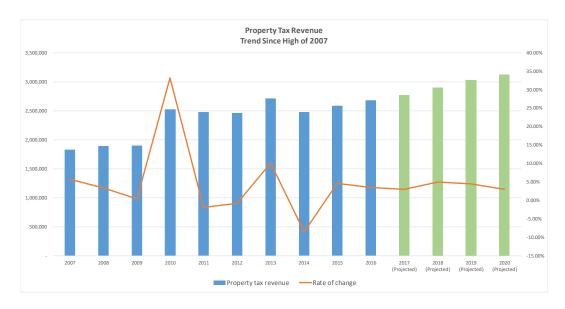
The City's economic development efforts and development of a high-quality workforce help to promote Ukiah's long-term fiscal stability. This will be a cornerstone in management's approach to debt structuring, capital improvement planning, labor negotiations, and service delivery.

As mentioned earlier, the City's principal general fund revenue sources are sales tax and property taxes. These sources are expected to grow modestly, averaging of 2-5 percent per year for the next five years.

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³ 2015 California Employment Development Department, Labor Market Information Division, http://www.labormarketinfo.edd.ca.gov

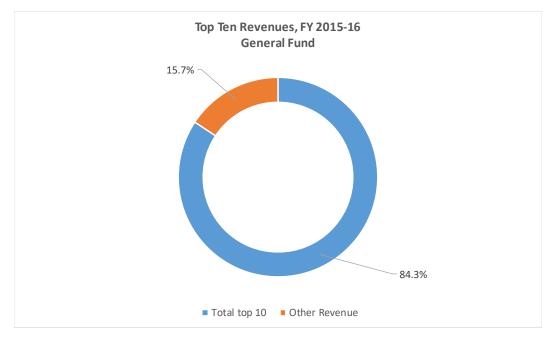
The housing market has improved markedly; however, changes to property tax receipts will continue to be nominal due to retroactive Prop 8 adjustments still being processed by the Mendocino County Assessor. Most recent estimates are that nearly 74 percent (\$282 million) of value has left to be restored to the property tax rolls after Prop 8 adjustments were executed following 2008. Property-related revenues in general are expected to increase modestly FY 2016-17 and beyond, likely to average 4-5 percent, as illustrated in the following table.



As part of its path toward maintaining fiscal sustainability, the City may rely on one-time uses of its reserves to ensure the best possible level of service to its citizens. It did so in 2015-16, as the City realized a reduction in fund balance in 2015-16 of \$190,457. Expenditures outpaced revenues by \$33,027 (0.21 percent of revenues) and contributions to other special revenue funds exceeded budgetary estimates.

Financial Condition: General Revenues - Top Ten:

The City's top ten revenue sources account for nearly 85 percent of total general fund income. Focusing on these sources can provide an excellent understanding of the City's revenue

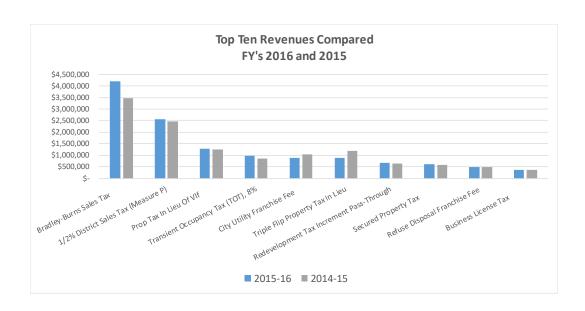


position.

Overall, these key revenues performed better in 2016 than in 2015. The strongest performer was TOT (14.89 percent increase). The weakest performer was franchise fees charged to City electric (-14.36 percent decrease). The following schedule and chart demonstrates this comparison:

TOP 10 - REVENUES

Current to Prior Period Ended June 30, 2016 Percent of Percent Total 2015-16 REVENUE 2015-16 2014-15 Change Revenues Top 10: Bradley-Burns Sales Tax 4,213,264 3,457,946 21.84% 27.40% 1/2% District Sales Tax (Measure P) 2,465,522 3.98% 16.68% 2,563,699 Prop Tax In Lieu Of VIf 1,293,374 1,252,905 3.23% 8.41% Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT), 8% 976,927 850,321 14.89% 6.35% 5.81% City Utility Franchise Fee 893.522 1.043.404 -14.36% 1,177,729 5.79% Triple Flip Property Tax In Lieu 890,025 -24.43% Redevelopment Tax Increment Pass-Through 662,724 639,199 3.68% 4.31% Secured Property Tax 593,189 4.11% 4.02% 617,563 Refuse Disposal Franchise Fee 489,129 473,349 3.33% 3.18% Business License Tax 360,590 364,385 -1.04% 2.35% Total top 10 12,960,820 12,317,948 5.22% 84.30% Other Revenue 2,413,554 2,283,993 5.67% 15.70% Total operating revenue 15,374,374 14.601.941 5.29% 100.00%



Sales Tax. The City collects sales tax from two sources: normal Bradley-Burns sales taxes (1 percent of taxable transactions) and a ½ cent sales and use tax, commonly referred to as Measure P and devoted entirely to the City. Both tax sources are distinct and considered separate sources. Each behave slightly differently given their tax base. Bradley-Burns sales taxes are referred to as "sales and use" taxes, levied on transactions based geographically in the City. Measure P is referred to as a "transaction and use" tax and is applied to any taxable sale in the City as well as any sale where the use of the item is in the City. For instance, a car purchased outside the City but registered to, and therefore presumed to be used at, an address within would be levied the ½ cent on the purchase price. Both are general taxes and can be used for any regular, general governmental purpose.

Overall, sales taxes receipts (Bradley-Burns and Measure P) were up moderately from a year ago due in part to stronger sales in the City's retail sector. It was offset somewhat be the declining price of gas. Further, the wind down of the state's triple flip resulted in sales tax receipts from the State Board of Equalization (BOE) being higher in 2015-16 and lower from the County Auditor-Controller, which is reflected in the sharp decrease of the "Triple Flip Property Tax in Lieu" revenue source. This particular source will disappear in fiscal year 2016-17, as the Triple-Flip has concluded. All sales tax due the City (the full 1 percent) will come exclusively from BOE and not flow partly from the County Auditor-Controller through the property tax allocation.

Property Tax in Lieu of VLF (Vehicle License Fee). These are property tax shares allocated to cities and counties beginning in FY 04-05 as compensation for the state's take of Vehicle License Fees (VLF). This revenue source typically follows regular property tax collections, discussed under "Secured Property Tax" below and is up slightly over 4 percent compared to last year.

Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT). Commonly referred to as a "bed," "hotel," or "room" tax this revenue source has performed strongly over the last two years, up nearly 15 percent from 2014-15. Driven by increased tourism in the greater Ukiah Valley area and a larger volume of travelers heading north, this revenue source is poised to continue its positive growth trend for

several more years. Visitors are stopping in Ukiah as a final layover before making the trek to Fort Bragg and Humboldt County and are exploring the wonders of what the Ukiah Valley has to offer.

The TOT rate in Ukiah currently is 10 percent; however, 8 percent is considered general revenue to the general fund, which is what is reported here. The remaining 2 percent funds economic development and tourism enterprise and is deposited to a special revenue fund.

City Utility Franchise Fees. This revenue source is a charge to the City's electric utility. Franchise fees are not taxes; rather, they are rents paid by utility providers to operate on or in City rights-of-way and City property, such as roads, sidewalks, parklands, etc. The rents are established by the City Council and typically are correlated to gross revenues generated by the utility provider. They were lower in FY 2015-16 than in the preceding year due to a rate decrease for the electric utility.

Triple Flip Property Tax In Lieu. This is a mechanism used to repay the state fiscal recovery bonds pursuant to Prop 57 of 2004. Under the Triple Flip, the local sales and use tax rate is reduced from 1.00 percent to 0.75 percent with the 0.25 percent diverted to repay state fiscal recovery bonds. Cities and counties are reimbursed for the lost revenue from a shift of property tax revenue. The 24.43 percent decrease is the result of the Triple Flip coming to an end with the final true-up processes by the state and County Auditor-Controller. As mentioned earlier, this revenue source will not appear in 2016-17. Instead the full 1 percent of Bradley-Burns sales tax due to the City will be reported its respective section of this report.

Redevelopment Tax Increment Pass-Through. After the dissolution of Redevelopment in California by the Legislature, the Ukiah Redevelopment Agency was sent into receivership of a successor agency. Property tax increment revenue once received by the former agency was instead held in trust by the County Auditor-Controller in a specific fund, affectionately known as the Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund (RPTTF). Property tax increment collected in this fund would first pay the County Auditor-Controller's administrative costs, then pass to the successor agency of the former RDA (City of Ukiah) to satisfy the obligations of the former agency, then to the taxing entities in the project area of the former RDA, including the Ukiah Unified School District and the County of Mendocino general fund. The City also receives a share of these residuals and deposits them in a specific in the general fund, which is reported here.

This revenue sources tracks relatively similar to regular (secured) property tax, although it is calculated from a slightly different derivative property tax base (tax increment).

Secured Property Tax. Traditionally, revenue from property tax was viewed as a very stable source. The housing collapse of 2008 tested that assumption. However, as the housing market continued to recover modestly in Ukiah, receipts came in higher than the year prior. This was due to a combination of factors, including retroactive Prop 8 (1978) assessment adjustments and increased assessed values from housing sales. Slightly less than 11 percent of property taxes paid by property owners within the City are allocated to the City. The majority is distributed to local schools and the County of Mendocino.

As mentioned earlier, revenue from this source will continue to trend positively over the next few years as the county continues to process Prop 8 property value adjustments and as housing prices and home sales increase.

Refuse Disposal Franchise Fees. This revenue source is a charge to the City's franchise solid waste hauler. As discussed earlier, franchise fees are not taxes; rather, they are rents paid by utility providers to operate on or in City rights-of-way and City property, such as roads, sidewalks, parklands, etc. The vehicles used to provide this service (garbage trucks) are heavy machines that wear roads more quickly and significantly than other commercial and non-commercial vehicles.

Revenues from this source were higher in FY 2015-16 than in the preceding year due increased sales by the hauler, Ukiah Waste Solutions.

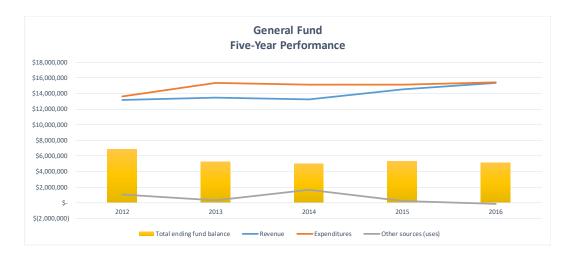
Business License Tax. Businesses that operate within City limits are required to obtain a business license. The proceeds from the tax collected are available for unrestricted use in the general fund. Receipts are down slightly from a year ago likely due to normal business cycles.

The General Fund

The City's general fund is its primary source of discretionary resources for the provision of service deemed necessary and desirable by the citizens of Ukiah and the City Council.

The schedule and chart below illustrate how the general fund has performed over the last five years, ending June 30, 2016.

GENERAL FUND		Fiscal	Ye	ar Ended Ju	ne	30,		
Five-Year Trend	2012	2013		2014		2015		2016
Revenue	13,211,341	13,453,616		13,235,450		14,493,862		15,374,374
Expenditures	13,650,142	15,349,387		15,167,827		15,099,745		15,407,401
Excess (deficiency)	(438,801)	(1,895,771)		(1,932,377)		(605,883)		(33,027)
Other sources (uses)	1,065,910	304,768		1,714,573		250,351		(157,430)
Change in fund balance	\$ 627,109	\$ (1,591,003)	\$	(217,804)	\$	(355,532)	\$	(190,457)
Beginning fund balance	6,237,800	6,864,909		5,273,906		5,715,426		5,359,105
Ending fund balance:								
Nonspendable	559,134	619,044		619,044		645,728		1,512,943
Restricted	-	-		-		- 1	•	-
Committed	-	183,956		203,105		-		-
Assigned	4,851,110	89,859		-		-		3,655,705
Unassigned	1,454,665	4,381,047		4,233,953		4,714,166		-
Total ending fund balance	\$ 6,864,909	\$ 5,273,906	\$	5,056,102	\$	5,359,894	\$	5,168,648



The general fund ended the year with a total fund balance of \$5.17 million, of which \$3.66 million was available for spending. Total fund balance represents 33.6 percent of general fund revenue for the year. Despite realizing \$136,667 in additional revenue than was anticipated by the budget, the general fund balance ended the year lower than the preceding year by \$190,457.

Much of this was attributed to higher than anticipated expenditures in public safety and for internal services used by the general fund, such as garage and IT.

Revenues flow into the fund from a wide variety of sources, including the top ten discussed earlier. Conversely, the general fund provides for a variety of services to the community, which are generally grouped as follows:

- General government (including, but not limited to, City Council, City Management,
 City Clerk, City Attorney, Finance, and Treasury Management)
- Public Safety (Police and Fire)
- Public Works (Engineering and roads primarily)
- Housing and Community Development (housing program administration, Planning, and Building)
- Parks and Recreation
- Capital outlay

Other sources and uses are inflows and outflows that increase or decrease fund balance but are not considered revenues or expenditures. The predominant example would be transfers.

For instance, a transfer out would be recognized if the general fund provided resources to a special revenue fund without receiving something commensurate. An example of this would be the general fund's support of the Grace Hudson Museum, which is accounted for in special revenue fund with the intent that it might support itself with dedicated revenues, e.g. entry fees, facility rentals, etc.

Transfers into the general fund would be similar in characteristic, another governmental, enterprise, or fiduciary fund providing resources to it without receiving something in return. An example would be a gas tax fund transferring resources into the general fund so that the general fund could perform general road maintenance.

It should be noted and stressed: transfers are not the same as interfund borrowing. Such activity is a balance sheet activity and does not impact fund balance in total.

Fund balance is the remaining resources of a fund that can be used in the subsequent period, or budget year. Per generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) the City characterizes its fund balance accounts as one of 5 main categories:

- Nonspendable. These are amounts that are not necessarily readily available but are nonetheless current enough to be liquidated and used. Examples include receivable amounts from long-term interfund borrowing and notes receivable.
- Restricted. These are amounts which can only be spent on specific activities prescribed be a third party, i.e. an entity other than the voters, City Council, or City management. An example would be amounts held by the fund derived from a grant by which the grantor has set the requirements as to how those proceeds are to be used.
- **Committed.** These are amounts designated by the highest level of the government's authority (typically the voters or City Council) for discrete purposes.

- Further, the mechanism used to prescribe these amounts is one that is not readily created, altered, or otherwise reversed, e.g. and ordinance or voter initiative.
- Assigned. These amounts are similar to those characterized as committed but are
 more readily established, altered, or cancelled. The City Council or City
 Management can assign fund balance through resolution or budgetary policy, for
 instance. An example of this would be amounts designated as reserve by the City
 Council for exclusive use related to public safety or to act as a general rainy day
 reserve.
- Unassigned. These amounts are any that do not fall under the characterization of the four fund balance classifications described above.

Business-type Activities:

The City provides various enterprise services, including water, sewer, and electric. Water and sewer are housed administratively within the Public Works Department but are accounted for, like electric, in a proprietary, enterprise fund. Through the collection of fees and charges, these funds should collect revenues sufficient enough to finance costs associated with administration, operations, capital improvements (CIP), and debt service.

Enterprise activities are accounted for like a business in the private sector using the full accrual basis. This is starkly different than governmental fund accounting, which uses the modified accrual basis and is concerned only with current spendable resources, what we call fund balance. Drawing comparisons of information between the two methods can be challenging.

Although the City accounts and reports on these funds using full accrual accounting basis, here we present the activities of the water, sewer, and electric enterprise funds in terms of working capital. Working capital is defined as the difference between current assets and current liabilities, which is closely approximate to the definition of fund balance in governmental funds. In other words, it's the resources available to meet ongoing operating, debt service, and capital activities in the near term. Non-cash expenses, such as depreciation typically part of full accrual accounting, are excluded from this presentation.

Electric Enterprise Operations

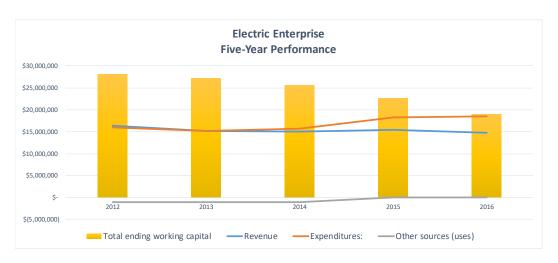
Revenues from rates were less than total expenditures for the year. Operating costs have steadily increased over the last five-year period with relatively large increases in 2015 and 2016 of \$1.6 million and \$870,335, respectively. As a result, the working capital of the enterprise has decreased nearly \$10 million, or 33 percent.

Given this past erosion, the electric enterprise maintains a healthy reserve and working capital of 128 percent of current revenue for the year. Of that, \$11.9 million (81 percent) of working capital relative to current revenues was available to support operations.

As of the date of this letter, the City Council has taken steps to better provide resources to the electric utility by addressing service rates. The Council moved to begin a phased-in approach to electric rates beginning in January, 2017. Annual rate adjustments averaging three percent will occur over the next four years.

Additionally, the City maintains a public benefit program to assist low income customers with the cost of their electric service. This program, however, has expended more resources than were available in 2015-16, requiring a short-term loan of \$51,424 from the electric operating fund. Management is developing a strategy to correct this imbalance and will make a subsequent recommendation to Council by June, 2017.

ELECTRIC ENTERPRISE		Fiscal	Ye	ar Ended Ju	ne	30.	
Five-Year Trend	2012	2013		2014		2015	2016
Revenue	16,329,459	15,177,990		15,080,656		15,413,370	14,789,340
Expenditures:							
Operating	12,279,037	12,679,304		12,829,515		14,496,789	15,367,124
Debt service	2,033,125	2,035,312		2,037,187		2,076,253	2,095,715
Capital outlay	1,637,808	426,194		860,408		1,730,441	1,013,394
Total expenditures	 15,949,970	15,140,810		15,727,110		18,303,483	18,476,233
Excess (deficiency)	379,489	37,180		(646,454)		(2,890,113)	(3,686,893)
Other sources (uses)	(1,065,910)	(1,029,127)		(1,009,418)		-	623
Change in working capital	\$ (686,421)	\$ (991,947)	\$	(1,655,872)	\$	(2,890,113)	\$ (3,686,270)
Beginning working capital Ending working capital, reserved for:	28,824,415	28,137,994		27,146,047		25,490,175	22,600,062
Rate stabalization	-	_		_		_	_
Restricted	-	_		_		_	109,595
Debt service	4,043,341	4,043,341		4,043,341		4,043,341	4,043,341
Capital	-	-		-		-	2,848,748
Operations	24,094,653	23,102,706		21,446,834		18,556,721	11,912,108
Total ending working capital	\$ 28,137,994	\$ 27,146,047	\$	25,490,175	\$	22,600,062	\$ 18,913,792

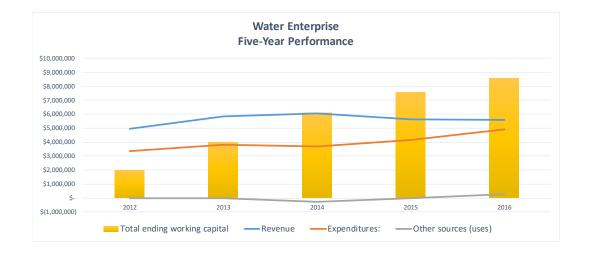


Water Enterprise Operations

Revenues from rates exceeded expenditures by \$690,464. Transfers into the fund further added to its working capital by \$271,227, bringing its total to \$8.57 million, or 153 percent of current revenue for the year. Of that, \$2.1 million (38 percent) of working capital relative to current revenues was available to support operations, a comfortable cushion to protect operations for adverse conditions.

The fund has performed well over the last five years, but expenditures relative to revenue have been increasing. This is something we will be watching closely and making appropriate recommended adjustments to operational spending where necessary.

WATER ENTERPRISE		Fiscal Ye	ear Ended Ju	ıne	30,	
Five-Year Trend	2012	2013	2014		2015	2016
Revenue	4,943,509	5,847,196	6,063,225		5,640,655	5,593,810
Expenditures:						
Operating	2,174,248	2,446,509	2,487,945		2,621,130	3,415,743
Debt service	1,088,369	1,075,780	1,066,651		1,013,800	600,302
Capital outlay	83,969	279,693	137,327		520,893	887,301
Total expenditures	3,346,586	3,801,982	3,691,923		4,155,823	4,903,346
Excess (deficiency)	1,596,923	2,045,214	2,371,302		1,484,832	690,464
Other sources (uses)	-	(15,000)	(250,000)		-	271,227
Change in working capital	\$ 1,596,923	\$ 2,030,214 \$	2,121,302	\$	1,484,832	\$ 961,691
Beginning working capital	373,400	1,970,323	4,000,537		6,121,839	7,606,671
Ending working capital, reserved for:						
Rate stabalization	-	-	-		-	1 005 054
Restricted	-	-	-		-	1,285,254
Debt service	-	-	-		-	-
Capital	-	-	-		-	5,141,017
Operations	1,970,323	4,000,537	6,121,839		7,606,671	2,142,091
Total ending working capital	\$ 1,970,323	\$ 4,000,537 \$	6,121,839	\$	7,606,671	\$ 8,568,362

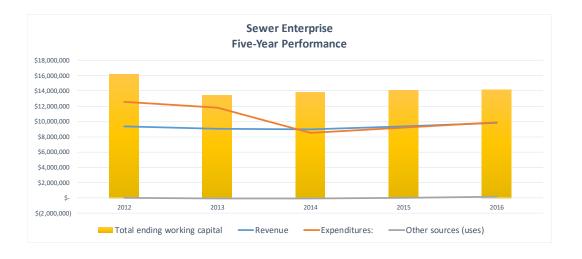


Sewer Enterprise Operations

Expenditures exceeded revenue from rates by \$71,872. Transfers into the fund fully offset the overrun, however, adding to its working capital \$130,441 and bringing its total to \$14.18 million, or 144 percent of current revenue for the year. Of that, \$6.3 million (64 percent) of working capital relative to current revenues was available to support operations, a comfortable cushion to protect operations for adverse conditions.

The fund has performed nominally over the last five years, with expenditures and revenues tracking closely. This is problematic for the fund, however, as it makes continued investments in significant capital outlay increasingly challenging. This is something we will be watching closely and making appropriate recommended adjustments to operational spending where necessary.

SEWER ENTERPRISE				Fiscal	Ye	ar Ended Ju	ıne	30.	4,906 9,838,802 1,625 3,164,746 8,494 4,842,900 8,890 1,903,028 9,009 9,910,674 5,897 (71,872 202,313	
Five-Year Trend		2012	20)13		2014		2015		2016
Revenue		9,347,024	9,0	085,498		8,956,123		9,394,906		9,838,802
Expenditures:										
Operating		6,329,228	6,3	342,258		3,190,205		3,351,625		3,164,746
Debt service		5,307,129	5,2	288,494		5,281,493		5,278,494		4,842,900
Capital outlay		953,783	-	158,112		52,295		578,890		1,903,028
Total expenditures	1	12,590,140	11,7	788,864		8,523,993		9,209,009		9,910,674
Excess (deficiency)	((3,243,116)	(2,7	703,366)		432,130		185,897		(71,872)
Other sources (uses)		-		(18,000)		(68,000)		-		202,313
Change in working capital	\$ ((3,243,116)	\$ (2,7	721,366)	\$	364,130	\$	185,897	\$	130,441
Beginning working capital Ending working capital, reserved for:	1	9,460,405	16,2	217,289		13,495,923		13,860,053		14,045,950
Rate stabalization		_		_		_		_		2,933,236
Restricted		_		_		_		_		443,959
Debt service		3,786,579	3,7	786,579		3,786,579		3,786,579		3,786,579
Capital		-		-		-		-		715,845
Operations	1	2,430,710	9,7	709,344		10,073,474		10,259,371		6,296,772
Total ending working capital	\$ 1	6,217,289	\$ 13,4	195,923	\$	13,860,053	\$	14,045,950	\$	14,176,391



Major Initiatives

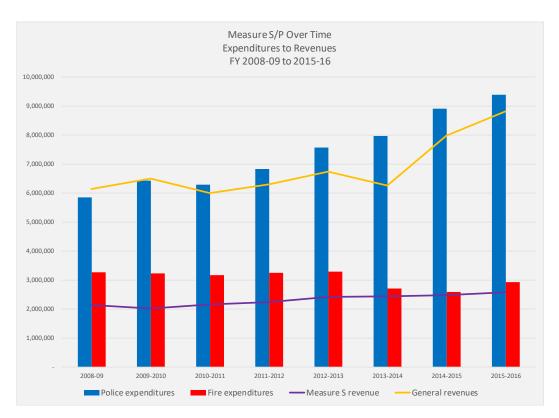
The Ukiah City Council, through a strategic process of discussion, observation, and education, has developed the following set of focused priorities that help guide the development and implementation of policies, activities, and programs. These four areas are in no way allencompassing of the City's scope of work nor are they finite; rather, the strategic planning process is considered evolutionary and vision-based. All of these areas work to further promote the vibrancy and sustainability of the Ukiah community and the organization.

- Develop a prioritized plan for maintaining and improving public infrastructure.
- Planning Valley-Wide takes place based on sound planning principles.
- Facilitate the development of a sound local economy that attracts investment, promotes economic diversity, supports businesses, creates employment opportunities, and generates public revenues.
- Council and staff work together to create a more responsive and effective workplace environment.

Measure P

Measure P, passed by a simple majority (50 percent plus 1) of Ukiah voters in November of 2014, is a general (unrestricted) transaction and use tax. A general, unrestricted tax is one that can be used to fund any program, function, service, or project at the discretion of the City Council. It is not a special, restricted tax, which would require approval of two-thirds of the voting public. It continued a sun-set transaction and use tax, known as Measure S (2005), accompanied by an advisory Measure T (2005). Measure P, however, was passed with no advisory measure.

The purpose of Measure P is to augment public safety expenditures to provide a higher level of police and fire service to the community. Amounts collected from the tax are to be used in addition to the commitment of the general fund and not in replacement of. The following graph demonstrates how the past revenue measure (S) and now Measure P have been employed with relation to the general fund.



Every year, the City Council appropriates resources in the amount of revenue expected from Measure P for projects, programs, and activities that are in the spirit of the measure. The City Council has committed these funds to enhance the general fund activities in public safety. Below is a schedule of what those were and what resources were allocated to them.

Expenditure Uses by Category	Measure P Baseline FY 2014-15	FY 2015-16	Increase (Decrease)
Police:			
Sworn officers (Note 1)	32	32	-
Misc personnel (Note 2)	18	19	1
Personnel	\$ 6,049,608	\$ 6,684,697	\$ 635,088
Operations (Note 3)	2,660,085	2,488,139	(171,946)
Capital	186,594	206,006	19,412
Total police (Note 4)	8,896,287	9,378,842	482,555
Fire:			
Firefighters:			
City	11	11	-
UVFD	6	6	-
Personnel	1,506,406	1,721,394	214,988
Operations:			
Contractual	516,180	393,179	(123,001)
Other	530,822	778,557	247,736
Capital	30,400	31,129	730
Total fire	2,583,807	2,924,260	340,453
Total public safety	11,480,094	12,303,102	823,008
Dedicated Revenue Sources			
Measure P transaction and use tax	2,465,521	2,563,698	98,177
Public safety revenue:			
Police	262,254	277,132	14,878
Fire	37,235	73,828	36,593
Other (Note 5)	739,607	574,112	(165,495)
Total revenue	3,504,617	3,488,770	(15,847)
Excess (deficiency) revenues over expenditures	(7,975,477)	(8,814,332)	(838,855)
Other Financing Sources			
General revenues, general fund	7,975,477	8,814,332	838,855
Remaining resources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Notes:

¹⁾ The City budgeted for 32 officers in FY 15-16. Actual number of filled positions fluctuated higher and lower due to illness/injury/attrition

²⁾ Increase reflects addition of a dispatch supervisor.

³⁾ Includes dispatch services.

⁴⁾ Excludes parking enforcement expenditures.

⁵⁾ Includes dispatch service revenue, except for general fund contributions. Excludes parking enforcement revenues.

Relevant Financial Policies

City Management has adopted a series of financial policies meant to guide its use and reporting of revenues. Some of the more germane policies as related to this report include the following:

- All current operating expenditures will be paid for with current revenues, unless the use of reserves is approved by the City Council.
- Revenues will be conservatively estimated.
- Intergovernmental assistance in the form of grants and loans will be used to finance only:
 - o Those capital improvements which can be maintained and operated over time; or
 - Operating programs that can either be sustained over time or have a limited horizon.
- A minimum fund balance reserve in the General Fund will be maintained at all times. The
 minimal, optimal level required for this reserve will be 25 percent of the General Fund
 operating budget. The reserve will be drawn down as a funding source of last resort and
 used only after other reserve accounts have been accessed.
- The unappropriated fund balance in the General Fund will be maintained at a level sufficient to provide adequate working capital and to accommodate required adjustments to other reserve accounts, including the reserves for advances to other funds, deposits and prepaid items.
- In general, one-time revenues will be used only to support capital or other non-recurring expenditures. One-time revenues may be used for operating programs only after an examination determines if they are subsidizing an imbalance between operating revenues and expenditures; and then only if a long-term forecast shows that the operating deficit will not continue.
- The City invests all idle cash as determined by analysis of anticipated cash flow needs.
 Specific emphasis will be placed on future cash requirements when selecting maturity dates to avoid forced liquidations and the potential corresponding loss of investment earnings.
- The General Fund currently does not have any general obligation bonds and does not anticipate issuing such debt.
- When the City finances capital projects by issuing bonds or acquiring loans, it will pay back those obligations within a period that is consistent with the useful life of the project.
- The City requires an annual audit of the books of account, financial records, inventories
 and reports of all City officers and employees involved in the handling of financial matters
 by a qualified independent auditor.

Information concerning significant accounting policies affecting the finances of the City is summarized in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department, the City's Management Team, and the auditing firm of Van Lant & Fankhanel, LLP.

We would like to express our appreciation to Brett Van Lant, CPA; Greg Fankhanel, CPA; the staff of Van Lant & Fankhanel; and to the members of the Finance Department, City Manager's Office, and other administrative departments who assisted and contributed to its development.

We also would like to thank members of the City Council and all City departments for their cooperation and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City during the fiscal year.

Respectfully submitted,

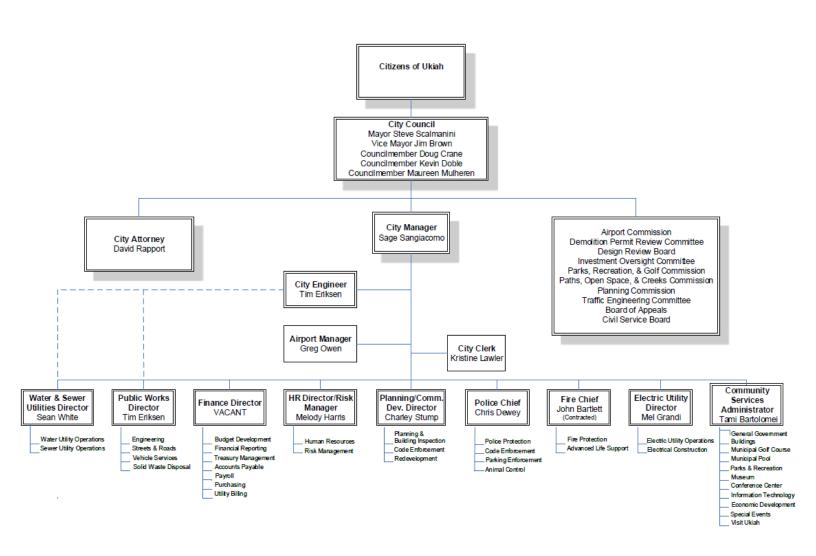
SAGE SANGIACOMO

CITY MANAGER

DANIEL BUFFALO, MPA, CPA, CGMA

FINANCE DIRECTOR

Organization Chart





City Officials

Councilmember Councilmember Councilmember

Mayor Stephen G. Scalmanini Vice Mayor Jim O. Brown Kevin Doble Maureen Mulheren Douglas F. Crane

City Manager

Sage Sangiacomo

Electric Director Finance Director Human Resources Director Police Chief Fire Chief Planning Director Public Works Director Water and Sewer Director City Attorney City Clerk

Mel Grandi (Vacant) **Melody Harris** Chris Dewey John Bartlett Charley Stump Tim Eriksen Sean White **David Rapport** Kristine Lawler



Financial Section

Independent Auditor's report, Management's discussion and analysis, basic financial statements and notes to the financial statements.





Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable City Council City of Ukiah, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ukiah (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ukiah, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, the schedules listed in the supplementary information section of the table of contents, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedules listed in the supplementary information section of the table of contents are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedules listed in the supplementary information section of the table of contents are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated March 28, 2017 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

March 28, 2017

Van Laut + Fankhanel, 11P

Management's Discussion and Analysis



As management of the City of Ukiah (City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Please read it in conjunction with the accompanying basic financial statements.

This analysis is organized into sections, moving from highlights of FY 2015-16, through descriptions of the financial statements and analysis of the selected information. The final section discusses some of the City's financial processes and the upcoming budget outlook.

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, all amounts are expressed in thousands of dollars.

1. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's total net position increased 3% to \$102,104 from \$98,961 a year ago.
- Governmental activities net position ended the year at \$20,705 up 3% from \$20,100 in the prior year while the net position for Business Type activities was up 3% to \$81,399 from \$78,861 in 2015.
- Total tax revenue, other governmental revenues and business activity revenues were higher than expenses by \$3,142.
- Total revenues from all sources were \$51,319, up 3% from \$49,987 in the prior year.
- The total cost of all activities was \$48,177, down from the prior year at \$53,753.
- General Fund revenues exceeded expenditures by \$11,020 (actual dollar amount, not expressed in thousands) before transfers.

2. USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of five parts – management's discussion and analysis (this portion), the basic financial statements, the required supplemental information, an optional section that presents combining statements for non-major governmental funds and enterprise funds and a statistical section. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City:

- (1) The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's *overall* financial status. These include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.
- (2) The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on individual parts of the City government, reporting on the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
 - The *governmental funds* statements tell how *general governmental* services like public safety were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
 - Proprietary fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about activities the government operates like businesses, such as the electric, water and wastewater funds business-type activities.

Figure A-1 summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements, including the portion of the City government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of Management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

	Fiç	gure A-1										
Major Fe	Major Features of City of Ukiah's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements											
		Fund Statements										
	Government-wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds									
Scope	Entire city government	The activities of the City that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as police, fire, and parks	Activities the City operates similar to private businesses: such as electric, water, and wastewater systems.									
Required financial statements	 Statement of net position 	Balance sheet	Statement of net position									
statements	Statement of activities	Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances	Statement of revenues expenses, and changes in net position									
		balances	Statement of cash flows									
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus									
Type of asset/liability information			All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term									
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid									

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes *all* the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the City's *net position* and how it has changed. Net position – the difference between the City's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows – is one way to measure the City's financial health, or *position*. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position is an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The government-wide financial statements of the City are divided into two categories:

Governmental activities – All of the City's basic services are considered to be governmental activities, including general government, community development, public safety, public works, and community services. Property taxes, sales taxes, vehicle license fees, transient occupancy taxes, and franchise fees finance most of these activities.

Business-type (Proprietary) activities - The City charges a fee to customers to cover all or most of the cost of the services provided. The City's utility services (water, wastewater and electric), street lighting, parking, airport, golf course, and conference center are reported in this category.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds. Funds are accounting devices that the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law.
- The City establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants. The City maintains three fund categories (governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary) and various fund types within those categories:
- Governmental funds Most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them. The City maintains three fund types in the governmental fund category: general, special revenue, and capital. These funds are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis.
- Proprietary funds Services for which the City charges internal and external customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-and short-term financial information using the economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting.
 - In fact, the City's enterprise funds (one type of proprietary fund) are the same as its business-type activities, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.
 - The City's internal service funds are another type of proprietary fund used to account for activities charged to other funds on a cost reimbursement basis.
- Fiduciary funds The City maintains two fund types in this category: agency and private purpose trust funds. They are used to account for resources held by the City but not necessarily available for its use, Such funds include resources held by the City on behalf the Ukiah Valley Sanitation District, the Russian River Watershed Association, and the Ukiah Redevelopment Successor Agency. The City accounts for these funds using the economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting.

3. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENT WIDE STATEMENTS

The Summary of Net Position (Table 1) and Summary of Changes in Net Position (Table 2) present the City's governmental and business activities in total for the years ending June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

The City accounts for general government functions such as police, fire, public works, community development and other community services in the General and Special Revenue funds categorized as Governmental Activities on Table 1. The City accounts for its utilities, including electric, water, wastewater and solid waste disposal as proprietary enterprise funds. The airport, parking district, golf course, conference center, street lighting system are also accounted for as enterprise funds. These funds are categorized as Business Type Activities on Table 1. Internal service funds are consolidated with either governmental or business-type activities for government-wide reporting.

The City's combined net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 was \$102,103. The City's net position for governmental activities increased 3% from \$20,100 to \$20,705. Business-type activities net position increased 3% from \$78,861 to \$81,398. The Net Position's restricted amounts are restricted funding sources for specific purposes by various agreements or restricted uses of revenues. Unrestricted Governmental and Business-type net position included assets received for specific purposes and amounts accumulated for capital assets.

For fiscal year 2016, the Electric Utility transferred \$894 to the General Fund as payment in lieu of taxes that would be charged to an outside provider. This amount is calculated at 7% of electric revenues.

Table 1 **Summary of Net Position**

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 (Full Accrual, in Thousands)

		Governi Activ		Business-type Activities		Total		
		2016	2015	2016 2015		2016	2015	
Assets:								
	Current and other assets	17,964	20,062	54,321	56,270	72,285	76,332	
	Non current assets	36,349	34,500	132,433	132,182	168,782	166,682	
Total ass	ets	54,313	54,562	186,754	188,452	241,067	243,014	
Deferred	outflows of resources	4,385	2,951	1,679	639	6,064	3,590	
Liabilities		1 000	4 007	0.000	0.007	4.004	0.400	
	Current liabilities	1,392	1,307	2,929	2,386	4,321	3,693	
	Non current liabilities	32,407	31,095	102,703	106,820	135,110	137,915	
Total liabilities		33,799	32,402	105,632	109,206	139,431	141,608	
Deferred	inflows of resources	4,193	5,061	1,403	1,024	5,596	6,085	
Net posit	tion:							
Capital		29,089	27,625	54,757	50,088	83,846	77,713	
Restricte	ed							
	Public Safety	218	704			218	704	
	Public Works	1,308	1,471			1,308	1,471	
	Housing & Community Development	10,659	10,678			10,659	10,678	
	Parks & Recreation	78	78			78	78	
	Debt Service		-	2,072	2,072	2,072	2,072	
	NCPA projects		-	355	468	355	468	
Unrestricted		(20,647)	(20,456)	24,215	26,233	3,568	5,777	
Total net position		20,705	20,100	81,399	78,861	102,104	98,961	

(in Thousands)

Note: FY 2015 assets changed to reflect Inventory and Land held for resale as a current asset and Internal Balances as non-current.

In Table 2, Governmental revenues increased by \$ 1,278 or 7% due primarily to increased operating grants and taxes, offset in part by decreases in capital grants and other revenues. Expenses decreased by \$67 or less than 1% with the continuation of a cost allocation plan and the completion of projects.

Business type revenues increased by \$54 reflecting slightly lower charges for services due to lower electric and water usage with a higher interest received for money held by the funds. Expenses decreased \$5,643 as the

increase in the landfill closure liability was significantly less that FY2015 and both the Electric Utility and the Airport had decreases in expenses.

Table 2
Statement of Change in Net Position

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 (Full Accrual, in Thousands)

	Governmental Activities		Business Activi		Tot	al
_	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	1,599	1,482	32,129	32,266	33,728	33,748
Operating grants and contributions	2,284	1,472	-	-	2,284	1,472
Capital grants and contributions	860	889	10	25	870	914
Taxes	13,438	12,833	23	15	13,461	12,848
From other agencies	-	-	-	-	-	-
Use of money	323	337	650	449	973	786
Misc.	3_	216	<u> </u>	3_	3	219
Total revenues	18,507	17,229	32,812	32,758	51,319	49,987
Expenses:						
General government	143	773		-	143	773
Public safety	11,081	10,564		-	11,081	10,564
Public works	2,555	2,848		-	2,555	2,848
Housing & Community Development	892	348		-	892	348
Parks & Recreation	2,758	2,829		-	2,758	2,829
Electric		-	15,779	16,140	15,779	16,140
Water		-	3,930	3,783	3,930	3,783
Sewer		-	8,621	8,230	8,621	8,230
Solid Waste Disposal Site (closed)		-	389	5,951	389	5,951
Parking District		-	163	138	163	138
Street Lighting		-	315	258	315	258
Airport		-	1,109	1,466	1,109	1,466
Conference Center		-	393	377	393	377
Golf Course		-	49	48	49	48
Total expenses	17,429	17,362	30,748	36,391	48,177	53,753
Change in Net Position before Transfers	1,078	(133)	2,064	(3,633)	3,142	(3,766)
Net Transfers	(473)		473			
Change in Net Position	605	(133)	2,537	(3,633)	3,142	(3,766)
Beginning Net Position	20,100	45,271	78,861	80,371	98,961	125,642
Restatement of Net Position	20,100	(25,038)	-	2,123	-	(22,915)
-	20.705	20.100	01.200	70.0/1	100 100	00.0/1
Ending Net Position =	20,705	20,100	81,398	78,861	102,103	98,961

Governmental Activities

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the City's major governmental programs for FY 2015-16 and FY 2014-15.

On a full accrual basis, including financing and capital costs as reported under GASB 34, the City's total cost of governmental activities increased by less than 1%. The decreases in General Government, Public Works and Parks & Recreation were offset by increases in Public Safety and Community Development. Governmental expenses reflect a wide variety of projects and on-going activities, many of which are supported in part by program fees or other funding sources.

Table 3

Cost of Governmental Activities

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 (Full Accrual, in Thousands)

	Total Cost to Provide Services		Cost Change	Percentage Change
	2016	2015		
General Government	143	773	(630)	-82%
Public Safety	11,081	10,564	517	5%
Public Works	2,555	2,848	(293)	-10%
Community Development	892	348	543	156%
Parks & Recreation	2,758	2,829	(72)	-3%
<u> </u>	17,429	17,362	67	0%

The City's PERS retirement benefits costs increased by \$17 from 2015 to 2016 (to \$3,463 from \$3,446).

General government services, functions that support Public Safety and all the other City services, include the City Council, City Clerk, City Treasurer, City Attorney, and the City Manager's office as well as Finance, Administrative Services, Legal, Human Resources, Risk Management, and any other programs not specifically identified. The decrease of \$630 is primarily due the net effect of pension activities by CalPERS for the year as well as the effects of the cost allocation of general government services to other government City services and Business-type activities.

Public Safety is the largest component of governmental activities. The majority of public safety cost is for personnel. Police salaries and overtime increased by \$348. Fire salaries and overtime decreased by \$364 with the combining of the Fire Department with the Ukiah Valley Fire District.

Parks and Recreation activities include a wide range of services to the public. Principal activities include maintaining all City parks and other landscaped areas, managing a modern museum, providing a year round calendar of youth and adult recreation programs, and operating a public swimming pool. The recreation programs are primarily self-funded through user fees and cooperative use agreements with the school systems and others.

Community Development is primarily grant-funded projects. FY 2015-16 expenses included \$575 for the Multi-Unit Residential Rehab program and \$131 for the Visit Ukiah TOT program.

Business Type Activities

The City's net position for business-type activities in continuing operations resulted in a \$1,639 increase in net position or 5% of total revenues (before revenue from the use of money and property and transfers to other funds), compared with a \$1701 increase, or 5% in 2015. The Solid Waste Disposal Site was closed in 2001 and its current position is presented separately so as to not distort the results of continuing operations presented on Table 4.

Table 4

Statement of Operating Income and Expenses - Business Type Funds

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 (Full Accrual, in Thousands)

	Operating Expenses		Opera Rever		Increase (decrease) From Operations			
- -	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	_	2015	
Electric	15,779	16,140	15,077	15,244	(702)	-5%	(896)	-6%
Water	3,930	3,783	5,447	5,579	1,517	28%	1,796	32%
Sewer	8,621	8,230	9,668	9,264	1,047	11%	1,034	11%
Street Lights	315	258	187	186	(128)	-68%	(72)	-39%
Airport	1,109	1,466	1,113	1,349	4	0%	(117)	-9%
Parking	163	138	87	91	(76)	-87%	(47)	-52%
Golf Course	49	48	68	86	19	28%	38	44%
Conference Center	393	377	351	342	(42)	-12%	(35)	-10%
Total =	30,359	30,440	31,998	32,141	1,639	5%	1,701	5%
Closed Program								
Solid Waste Disposal Site	389	5,951	132	126	(257)		(5,825)	

Electricity purchase costs increased from \$8,307 last year to \$8,660 in FY 2015-16, while rates charged by the Utility were held constant. Purchase costs represented 55% of the Operating Expenses for FY 2015-16 up from 53% in FY 2014-15. The Electric Utility transferred \$894 to the General Fund as a franchise fee that would be charged to an outside provider. This amount is calculated at 7% of the electric revenues.

Annual water revenue was down 2% from the prior year.

The non-major operations of Parking District, Street Lighting and Conference Center continue to be unable to fully fund operating expenses after depreciation. Management will continue its effort to improve marketing, restructure operations and reduce operating costs in relation to revenue.

The Solid Waste Disposal Site was closed in 2001 and State regulations require the site to be monitored for 30 years with funds set aside for closure expenses, post-closure expenses, and contingencies. The City is working with the regulatory agencies to complete the formal closure of the site.

4. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE FUND STATEMENTS

Governmental Funds

The total increase in government revenues was \$629 or 4% from \$17,708 to \$18,337. Increases in Sales and Use Tax (\$847) and Transit Occupancy Tax (\$168) reflecting improving growing economy, were offset in part by a decrease in the Property Tax (\$198) and Franchise Fees (\$129).

The governmental expenses increased by \$1,733 or 10% due primarily to increases in public safety and capital outlay costs.

Table 5

Revenue, Expenditure and Fund Balance Summary: Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

(Modified Accrual Basis, Stated in Thousands)

Other

Total

General

	General		Other		Iotai	
	Fun	d	Governmen	ntal Funds	Governmen	tal Funds
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Revenues:						
Taxes and Franchise Fees	13,503	12,816		-	13,503	12,816
Licenses and permits	342	186		-	342	186
Fines, forfeitures & penalties	79	59		-	79	59
Interest, Rents and Concessions	162	219	174	113	336	332
Intergovernmental	165	183	2,746	2,866	2,911	3,049
Charges for services	714	883	41	150	755	1,033
Miscellaneous	360	148	51	85	411	233
Total revenues	15,325	14,494	3,012	3,214	18,337	17,708
Expenses						
Current						
General Government	392	839	151	13	542	852
Public Safety	10,829	9,754	268	475	11,097	10,229
Public Works	1,847	2,011	326	327	2,173	2,338
Housing & Community Development	148	203	722	125	870	328
Parks & Recreation	2,081	1,982	535	711	2,616	2,693
Capital Outlay	17_	311	2,596	1,428	2,613	1,739
Total expenses	15,314	15,100	4,598	3,079	19,912	18,179
Excess(Deficiency)of revenues over Expenditures	11	(606)	(1,586)	135	(1,575)	(471)
Other Financing Sources(Uses):						
Transfers In	345	712	595	637	940	1,349
Transfers Out	(503)	(461)	(910)	(917)	(1,413)	(1,378)
Total Other Financing Sources	(158)	251	(315)	(280)	(473)	(29)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(147)	(355)	(1,901)	(145)	(2,048)	(500)
Fund Balances July 1	5,360	5,056	17,094	10,153	22,454	15,209
Prior Period Adjustment	-	659	-	7,086	-	7,745
Fund Balances, June 30						

The voter approved one-half percent sales tax went into effect in October 2005. In FY 2015-16, revenue from this tax increased by 4% from \$2,466 to \$2,564 reflecting continued economic improvement and the further establishment of Ukiah as an economic hub for the greater Mendocino County area, including parts of Lake, Humboldt, and Sonoma Counties.

Other Governmental Funds Revenue classified as "Intergovernmental" include many Federal, State or Special District grants which vary dramatically from year to year. In FY 2013-14, the intergovernmental revenues were \$2,017, which increased in FY 2014-15 to \$2,866 but decreased to \$2,746 in FY 2015-16. The largest components of this year's grants were \$1,351 for the Museum Prop 84 grant and \$569 for CDBG.

Current General Fund expenditures increased 1% from \$15,100 to \$15,314. General Fund Capital Outlay decreased from \$311 in FY 2014-15 to \$17 in FY 2015-16 as projects were completed. Other Governmental Funds saw a 49% increase in expenditures primarily in Capital Outlay largely associated with the Museum Grants.

The net change in fund balance in the General Fund for FY 2015-16 was a decrease of \$147, as compared to a decrease of \$355 in FY 2014-15. The net change in fund balances for the Other Governmental Funds was a decrease of \$1,901 in FY 2015-16 as compared to an increase of \$6,941 in FY 2014-15 (which included a prior period adjustment).

5. GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Actual General Fund revenues exceeded budget by \$87, a variance of 1%. Total tax revenues exceeded the budget by 2%, with the sales and use tax over budget by \$199 (3%), transient occupancy taxes exceeded budget by \$177 or 17%, offset in part by Property Tax which was under the budgeted amount by \$144 or 4%.

Total General Fund expenditures finished the year over budget by \$392 driven by a \$981 or 9% increase in Public Safety spending.

 $\label{thm:prop} \mbox{\sc Table 6}$ Revenue, Expenditure and Changes in Fund Balance Summary-Budget to Actual-General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016 (Full Accrual, Stated in Thousands)

	Budgeted	Variance	
	Amounts	Actual	with Final
December	<u>Final</u>	Amounts	Budget
Revenues:			
Taxes	13,240	13,503	263
Licenses and permits	279	342	63
Fines, forfeitures & penalties	64	79	15
Interest, Rents and Concessions	197	162	(35)
Intergovernmental	146	165	19
Charges for services	983	714	(269)
Miscellaneous	329	360	31_
Total revenues	15,238	15,325	87
Expenses			
Current			
General Government	447	392	(55)
Public Safety	9,848	10,829	981
Public Works	2,114	1,847	(267)
Housing & Community Development	371	148	(223)
Parks & Recreation	2,125	2,081	(44)
Capital Outlay	17	17	
Total expenses	14,922	15,314	392
Excess(Deficiency)of revenues	316	11	(305)
over Expenditures			
Other Financing Sources(Uses):			
Transfers In	326	345	19
Transfers Out	(411)	(503)	(92)
Total Other Financing Sources	(85)	(158)	(73)
Net Change in Fund Balances	231	(147)	(378)
Fund Balances July 1	5,360	5,360	-
Fund Balances, June 30	5,591	5,213	(378)

6. CASH MANAGEMENT

The City contracts with Public Financial Management, Inc. (PFM), a specialist in municipal cash management, to direct its investments and maintain flexibility by utilizing a pooled cash system. Under the pooled cash concept, the City invests the cash of all funds to ensure maturities coincide with cash needs. Cash is invested in certain eligible securities, as constrained by law, and further limited by the City's investment policy. The goals of the City's investment policy are safety, liquidity, and yield. The City Council has appointed an Investment Oversight Committee, chaired by the elected City Treasurer, to direct and monitor the activities of PFM.

7. CAPITAL ASSETS

The capital assets of the City are those assets that are used in performance of City functions including infrastructure assets. Capital Assets include equipment, buildings, land, park facilities, and roads.

At June 30, 2016, the value of capital assets of the governmental activities, net of accumulated depreciation, totaled \$28,804 and the value of capital assets of the business-type activities, net of accumulated depreciation, totaled \$134,078. Depreciation on capital assets is recognized in the Government-Wide financial statements but not in the Fund financial statements. Additional information regarding the City's capital assets can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

8. CURRENT LIABILITIES AND LONG-TERM DEBT

At year-end, current governmental liabilities are \$1,392 and business-type liabilities are \$2,929, which total \$4,321 and are \$628 higher than the prior year. The City has long-term governmental liabilities totaling \$32,407 and long-term business-type liabilities of \$102,703 for a total of \$135,110, which is a decrease of \$2,805.

Additional information regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

9. NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND ECONOMIC FACTORS

The Ukiah economy continues to move forward at a robust pace. Sales tax revenue continue to grow on an estimated average of 7 percent annually for the next 3 years. Property values also are expected to grow more than the 2 percent annually indexed inflationary factor prescribed by Prop 13 as home values increase and existing home sales trend upward. The Mendocino County region continued to lag behind the rest of the state in overall property value recovery, but it is headed in a positive direction. As the Ukiah economy grows, we see local businesses engage in more hiring and possible expansion. The success of these businesses is vital to the City's fiscal health.

The state's impact on, and relationship with, local government will continue to impose barriers to economic growth within the City and in unincorporated Mendocino County as a result of realignment and more draconian regulatory requirements on local government and small business. The imposition by the State on local government to solve the state's housing shortage crisis is one element that local governments – including Ukiah – will be forced to address with little meaningful help from Sacramento.

Maintaining and growing revenue streams to the City to support service delivery and quality of life for our community remains a high priority for staff. Existing sources to the general fund – predominately sales and property taxes – are stable, and our estimates for the future will continue to be conservative. Revenue for enterprise activities will be evaluated throughout the 2016-17 fiscal year to ensure charges for services are fair,

equitable, and sufficient to meet their operating and capital needs. Expenses, city-wide, related to personnel (primarily in health premium and pension costs) continue to increase at a substantial, though manageable, pace. We continue to look to find cost saving measures to help offset these expenses. The challenge remains providing the highest level and quality of service that the community needs, expects and deserves.

Other Information

Development: A proposed Costco store in the City's Airport Business Park, is moving forward. All legal challenges were heard and successfully defended against. The City expects Costco to break ground on their new Ukiah store in the fall of 2017.

A lawsuit was filed by the Ukiah Valley Sanitation District (District) on October 18, 2013 seeking more that \$28 million in restitution for alleged overcharging of the District for services provided by the City pursuant to a series of agreements beginning in 1967. The City contests the allegations, and despite the best efforts of the City to come to mediation with the District, the lawsuit moves forward.

Summary

The City continues to manage a general fund with limited resources and provide high-quality services to the community without jeopardizing its financial well-being. Management takes a proactive approach to ensuring this. Ukiah's revenue base is growing. That, along with a combination of prudent expenditure control and value added investments in infrastructure, will move this organization forwarded securely in the promise to provide the best quality public services to the citizenry of Ukiah that it deserves and can afford.

10. CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT TEAM

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City's Finance Department at (707) 463-6220, Finance Department, City of Ukiah, 300 Seminary Ave, Ukiah, California 95482 or online: at http://www.cityofukiah.com.

Basic Financial Statements



City of Ukiah Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and Investments	\$ 9,916,875	\$ 37,962,048	\$ 47,878,923
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents	2,748,907	4,077,207	6,826,114
Receivables:			
Accounts	832,595	4,316,334	5,148,929
Taxes	1,372,646	=	1,372,646
Notes	5,578,720	36,500	5,615,220
Interest	29,039	91,226	120,265
Intergovernmental Receivables	615,818	· -	615,818
Loans to Employees	660	-	660
Investment in NCPA Reserves	-	6,665,194	6,665,194
Internal Balances	1,681,449	(1,681,449)	-
Prepaids	11,437	-	11,437
Refundable Deposits	-	3,730	3,730
Land Held for Resale	2,435,114	-	2,435,114
Inventory	760	1,205,675	1,206,435
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	5,771,265	11,876,164	17,647,429
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets, Depreciated, Net	23,317,263	122,202,249	145,519,512
Total Assets	54,312,548	186,754,878	241,067,426
Total Assets	34,312,340	100,734,070	241,007,420
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Pension Related Items	4,384,910	1,679,164	6,064,074
Deferred Ferritori Related Remo	4,004,010	1,070,104	0,004,074
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	1,391,732	1,528,293	2,920,025
Interest Payable	-	1,128,750	1,128,750
Deposits Payable	_	272,365	272,365
Noncurrent Liabilities:		212,000	272,000
Due within One Year	125,000	4,310,000	4,435,000
Due in More Than One Year	32,282,436	98,392,917	130,675,353
Total Liabilities	33,799,168	105,632,325	139,431,493
Total Liabilities	33,733,100	100,002,020	109,401,490
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Pension Related Items	4,193,495	1,402,786	5,596,281
2 0.0.00 0.0.00 0.0.00 0.0.00			
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	29,088,528	54,756,782	83,845,310
Restricted for:	-,,-	, , , , ,	,
Public Safety	217,511	<u>-</u>	217,511
Public Works	1,308,099	<u>-</u>	1,308,099
Housing and Community Development	10,659,453	_	10,659,453
Parks and Recreation	78,098	_	78,098
Debt Service	10,000	2,072,225	2,072,225
NCPA Projects	-	2,072,225 354,795	354,795
Unrestricted	(20 848 904)		
Total Net Position	(20,646,894) \$ 20,704,795	24,215,129 \$ 81,398,931	3,568,235 \$ 102,103,726
ו טנמו ואכנ ר טאנווטוו	φ 20,704,793	\$ 81,398,931	φ 102,103,120

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

City of Ukiah Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Program Revenues			
		Charges	Operating	Capital	
		for	Grants and	Grants and	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	
Governmental Activities:					
General Government	\$ 142,792	\$ 258,262	\$ -	\$ -	
Public Safety	11,081,325	284,562	429,296	-	
Public Works	2,555,524	339,403	64,019	473,836	
Housing and Community Development	891,644	-	682,847	-	
Parks and Recreation	2,757,551	716,575	1,107,615	385,936	
Total Governmental Activities	17,428,836	1,598,802	2,283,777	859,772	
Business-type Activities:					
Electric	15,779,225	15,076,565	-	-	
Water	3,930,252	5,446,778	-	-	
Wasterwater	8,620,824	9,667,659	-	-	
Disposal Site	388,553	132,106	-	-	
Parking	163,525	86,620	-	-	
Street Lighting	314,589	187,414	-	-	
Airport	1,109,236	1,112,951	-	10,384	
Conference Center	392,761	351,252	-	-	
Golf Course	49,523	67,873			
Total Business-type Activities	30,748,488	32,129,218		10,384	
Total Primary Government	\$ 48,177,324	\$ 33,728,020	\$ 2,283,777	\$ 870,156	

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property Taxes

Sales Taxes

Transient Occupancy Tax

Business License and Transfer Taxes

Franchise Fees

Gain on Sale of Property

Interest, Rents and Concessions

Miscellaneous Revenues

Transfers In (Out)

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning of Year

Net Position - End of Year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
\$ 115,470 (10,367,467) (1,678,266) (208,797) (547,425)	\$ - - - - -	\$ 115,470 (10,367,467) (1,678,266) (208,797) (547,425)
(12,686,485)		(12,686,485)
- - - - - - -	(702,660) 1,516,526 1,046,835 (256,447) (76,905) (127,175) 14,099 (41,509) 18,350	(702,660) 1,516,526 1,046,835 (256,447) (76,905) (127,175) 14,099 (41,509) 18,350
	1,391,114	1,391,114
(12,686,485)	1,391,114	(11,295,371)
0.044.047	00.040	0.004.400
2,641,247	23,246	2,664,493
7,630,648 1,229,814	-	7,630,648 1,229,814
421,504	-	421,504
1,514,800	-	1,514,800
-	-	-
323,373	649,484	972,857
3,679 (473,539)	473,539	3,679
(470,000)	470,000	
13,291,526	1,146,269	14,437,795
605,041	2,537,383	3,142,424
20,099,754	78,861,548	98,961,302
\$ 20,704,795	\$ 81,398,931	\$ 102,103,726

City of Ukiah Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2016

400570		General		Non-major overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS	•	0.400.00=	•	E 400 E00	•	7 504 000
Cash and Investments	\$	2,192,367	\$	5,402,502	\$	7,594,869
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents				2,748,907		2,748,907
Taxes Receivable		1,372,646		<u>-</u>		1,372,646
Accounts Receivable		767,031		35,146		802,177
Interest Receivable		15,623		11,351		26,974
Intergovernmental Receivables		-		615,818		615,818
Prepaid Expenditures		11,437		-		11,437
Loans to Employees		660		-		660
Due from Other Funds		600,156		-		600,156
Long-term Notes Receivable		-		5,578,720		5,578,720
Advances to Other Funds		899,246		-		899,246
Land Held for Resale				2,435,114		2,435,114
Total Assets	\$	5,859,166	\$	16,827,558	\$	22,686,724
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$	275,271	\$	514,920	\$	790,191
Accrued Salaries and Benefits		370,894		31,318		402,212
Due to Other Funds		-		600,156		600,156
Advances from Other Funds				148,000		148,000
Total Liabilities		646,165		1,294,394		1,940,559
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable Revenues - Grants				340,175		340,175
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources				340,175		340,175
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		911,343		-		911,343
Restricted		-		12,276,877		12,276,877
Assigned		185,443		3,358,684		3,544,127
Unassigned		4,116,215		(442,572)		3,673,643
Total Fund Balances		5,213,001		15,192,989		20,405,990
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	5,859,166	\$	16,827,558	\$	22,686,724

City of Ukiah Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2016

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	\$	20,405,990
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Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Capital Assets	61,927,272
Accumulated Depreciation	(33,122,906)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Compensated Absences	(691,392)
Net Pension Liability	(31,579,796)
Amounts for deferred inflows and deferred outflows related to the City's Net	

Pension Liability are not reported in the funds:

Deferred Outflows - Pension Related Items	4,384,910
Deferred Inflows - Pension Related Items	(4,193,495)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and vehicle maintenance, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.

3,234,037

Long-term assets are not available for current use. Amounts are deferred under the modified accrual basis of accounting.

340,175

Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 20,704,795

City of Ukiah Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2016

DEVENUE		General		Non-major overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES						
Taxes:	•	0.044.047	•		•	0.044.047
Property Taxes	\$	2,641,247	\$	-	\$	2,641,247
Sales Taxes		7,714,762		-		7,714,762
Transient Occupancy Taxes		1,229,814		-		1,229,814
Business License Taxes		360,732		-		360,732
Property Transfer Tax		41,791		-		41,791
Franchise Fees		1,514,800		-		1,514,800
Licenses and Permits		341,642		-		341,642
Fines and Forfeitures		78,589		-		78,589
Interest, Rents and Concessions		161,676		174,497		336,173
Intergovernmental		165,376		2,746,248		2,911,624
Charges for Services		713,948		41,126		755,074
Miscellaneous		360,302		50,750		411,052
Total Revenues		15,324,679		3,012,621		18,337,300
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government		391,859		150,575		542,434
Public Safety		10,828,693		268,075		11,096,768
Public Works		1,847,237		325,977		2,173,214
Housing and Community Development		147,879		722,571		870,450
Parks and Recreation		2,081,416		535,440		2,616,856
Capital Outlay		16,575		2,595,643		2,612,218
Total Expenditures		15,313,659		4,598,281		19,911,940
- (5.6.1) 65						
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		11,020		(1 505 660)		(1 574 640)
Over Expenditures		11,020		(1,585,660)		(1,574,640)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In		345,445		594,618		940,063
Transfers Out		(503,358)		(910,244)		(1,413,602)
T	-	<u> </u>				<u> </u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(157,913)		(315,626)		(473,539)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(146,893)		(1,901,286)		(2,048,179)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		5,359,894		17,094,275		22,454,169
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	5,213,001	\$	15,192,989	\$	20,405,990

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

City of Ukiah

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2016

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ (2,048,179)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.

Capital Outlay	2,883,132
Depreciation Expense	(1,381,092)

The amounts below included in the Statement of Activities do not provide (require) the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as revenues or expenditures in governmental funds (net change):

Net Pension Liability	(1,291,541)
Compensated Absences	(9,133)

Amounts for deferred inflows and deferred outflows related to the City's Net Pension Liability are not reported in the funds. This is the net change in deferred inflows and deferred outflows related to the net pension liability:

Deferred Outflows - Pension Related Items	1,433,753
Deferred Inflows - Pension Related Items	868.009

Some revenues reported in the Statement of Activities are not considered available to finance current expenditures and, therefore, are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.

140,981

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and vehicle maintenance, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal services funds is reported with governmental activities.

9,111

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 605,041

City of Ukiah Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2016

Page		Business-type Activities						
ASSETS Current Assets: S 5320,827 \$ 9,040,014 \$ 14,957,309 \$ 8,311,150 Restricted Cash and Investments 4,073,441 3,759 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7		Electric	Water	Sewer	Disposal Site			
Restricted Cash and Investments	ASSETS							
Restricted Cash and Investments 4,073,441 3,759 7								
Investment in NCPA Reserves 6,665,194 Content Co					\$ 8,311,150			
Receivablers			3,759	7	-			
Accounts (net)		6,665,194	=	=	-			
Interest		2 202 600	1 056 107	701.026	10 717			
Carata C	` ,				,			
Notes - current portion		15,997	25,752	25,600	22,024			
Refundable Deposits 1,100,987 10,688 - - -		-	=	=	=			
Inventory	•	_	3 730	_	-			
Total Current Assets 19,558,846 10,234,430 15,764,142 8,346,491 Noncurrent Assets:	•	1 100 987	,	_	_			
Noncurrent Assets:	•			15.764.142	8.346.491			
Notes Receivable			,,					
Capital Assets:	Advances to Other Funds	-	_	-	-			
Land Improvements 1,963,436 70,126 670,431 699,654 Land Improvements 85,315 142,156 120,290	Notes Receivable	-	-	-	-			
Back	Capital Assets:							
Infrastructure Systems					699,654			
Building and Improvements 26,146,001 18,130,288 10,193,131 10,1296 Rolling Equipment 1,768,902 72,552 67,4120 101,296 Machinery and Equipment 2,778,890 2,115,580 2,000,338 434,290 Construction in Progress 1,653,568 990,802 3,071,961 380,792 Less: Accumulated Depreciation (26,158,545) (10,484,568) (18,765,231) (380,792) Total Noncurrent Assets 27,058,928 21,159,314 79,914,142 854,508 Total Assets 46,617,774 31,393,744 95,678,284 9,200,999 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 20,000,999 1,000	·		,	,	=			
Rolling Equipment		, ,			-			
Machinery and Equipment Construction in Progress 2,778,890 1,683,588 2,115,580 9,080 2,000,338 3,071,961 434,290 (380,732) Total Noncurrent Assets 27,058,928 21,159,314 79,914,142 854,508 Total Assets 46,617,774 31,393,744 95,678,284 9,200,999 DEFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Pension Related Items 764,748 442,771 471,645 - LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable 171,452 628,271 467,028 11,757 Accounts Payable 171,452 628,271 467,028 11,757 Accrued Salaries and Benefits 71,413 46,013 54,702 4,444 Due to Other Funds 239,031 26,859 9 - - Customer Deposits 239,031 26,859 9 - - Interest Payable 19,661 151,73 955,526 - Interest Payable 19,661 151,73 3487,256 - Reverue Bords					404.006			
Construction in Progress 1,653,668 908,082 3,071,961 - Less: Accumulated Depreciation (26,158,545) (10,454,566) (18,765,231) (380,732) Total Noncurrent Assets 27,058,928 21,159,314 79,914,142 854,508 Deferred Pension Related Items 46,617,774 31,393,744 95,678,284 9,200,999 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Pension Related Items 764,748 442,771 471,645 - Current Liabilities: Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable 171,452 628,271 467,028 11,757 Accounts Payable 19,661 151,173 955,526 - Linterest Payable 19								
Cab Cab					434,290			
Total Assets 46,617,774 31,393,744 95,678,284 9,200,999 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Pension Related Items 764,748 442,771 471,645 - ELIABILITIES					(380,732)			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Pension Related Items 764,748 442,771 471,645 -	Total Noncurrent Assets	27,058,928	21,159,314	79,914,142	854,508			
Deferred Pension Related Items 764,748 442,771 471,645	Total Assets	46,617,774	31,393,744	95,678,284	9,200,999			
Current Liabilities		764 749	440 774	471 645				
Current Liabilities: Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable 171,452 628,271 467,028 11,757 Accounds Payable 71,143 46,013 54,702 4,444 Due to Other Funds -	Deferred Pension Related Items	704,748	442,771	47 1,045				
Accounts Payable 171,452 628,271 467,028 11,757 Accrued Salaries and Benefits 71,143 46,013 54,702 4,444 Due to Other Funds - - - - Customer Deposits 239,031 26,859 - - Interest Payable 19,661 151,173 955,526 - Long-term Obligations - Current 1,825,000 475,000 2,010,000 - Total Current Liabilities 2,326,287 1,327,316 3,487,256 16,201 Noncurrent Liabilities - 745,000 2,010,000 - Revenue Bonds 1,893,054 - - - - Revenue Bonds 1,893,054 -	LIABILITIES							
Accrued Salaries and Benefits 71,143 46,013 54,702 4,444 Due to Other Funds - - - - Customer Deposits 239,031 26,859 - - Interest Payable 19,661 151,173 955,526 - Long-term Obligations - Current 1,825,000 475,000 2,010,000 - Total Current Liabilities 2,326,287 1,327,316 3,487,256 16,201 Noncurrent Liabilities - 745,000 - - Revenue Bonds 1,893,054 - - - - Revenue Bonds 1,893,054 - - - - - Revenue Bonds 1,893,054 - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>								
Due to Other Funds -	•							
Customer Deposits 239,031 26,859 - - Interest Payable 19,661 151,173 955,526 - Long-term Obligations - Current 1,825,000 475,000 2,010,000 - Total Current Liabilities 2,326,287 1,327,316 3,487,256 16,201 Noncurrent Liabilities: - 745,000 - - Advances from Other Funds - 745,000 - - Revenue Bonds 1,893,054 - - - - Installment Obligations 1,893,054 - - - - - Installment Obligations 1,893,054 -		71,143	46,013	54,702	4,444			
Interest Payable		-	-	=	-			
Long-term Obligations - Current 1,825,000 475,000 2,010,000 - Total Current Liabilities 2,326,287 1,327,316 3,487,256 16,201 Noncurrent Liabilities: 3,400,200 -				-	-			
Total Current Liabilities 2,326,287 1,327,316 3,487,256 16,201 Noncurrent Liabilities: Advances from Other Funds - 745,000		-,	,	,	-			
Noncurrent Liabilities: Advances from Other Funds - 745,000 - - Revenue Bonds 1,893,054 - - - - Installment Obligations - 12,164,040 60,954,537 - State Loans - - - - - Net Pension Liability 3,372,091 2,489,201 2,498,002 - - Compensated Absences 104,144 68,753 110,496 5,742 - 14,700,370 - - - 14,700,370 - - 14,700,370 - - 14,700,370 - - 14,700,370 - - 14,700,370 - - 14,700,370 - - - 14,700,370 - - 14,700,370 - - - 14,700,370 - - - 14,700,370 - - - 14,700,370 - - - - - - - - - - - <td< td=""><td>Long-term Obligations - Current</td><td>1,025,000</td><td>475,000</td><td>2,010,000</td><td></td></td<>	Long-term Obligations - Current	1,025,000	475,000	2,010,000				
Advances from Other Funds - 745,000 - - Revenue Bonds 1,893,054 - - - Installment Obligations - 12,164,040 60,954,537 - State Loans - - - - - Net Pension Liability 3,372,091 2,489,201 2,498,002 - Compensated Absences 104,144 68,753 110,496 5,742 Landfill Closure/Postclosure - - - 14,700,370 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 5,369,289 15,466,994 63,563,035 14,706,112 Total Liabilities 7,695,576 16,794,310 67,050,291 14,722,313 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Pension Related Items 595,059 398,599 409,128 - NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 23,340,874 8,520,274 16,949,605 854,508 Restricted for Debt Service 2,072,225 - - - Restricted for NCPA		2,326,287	1,327,316	3,487,256	16,201			
Revenue Bonds 1,893,054 -								
Installment Obligations		-	745,000	-	-			
State Loans - <th< td=""><td></td><td>1,893,054</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></th<>		1,893,054	-	-	-			
Net Pension Liability 3,372,091 2,489,201 2,498,002 - Compensated Absences 104,144 68,753 110,496 5,742 Landfill Closure/Postclosure - - - 14,700,370 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 5,369,289 15,466,994 63,563,035 14,706,112 Total Liabilities 7,695,576 16,794,310 67,050,291 14,722,313 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Pension Related Items 595,059 398,599 409,128 - NET POSITION Standard Restricted for Debt Service 23,340,874 8,520,274 16,949,605 854,508 Restricted for NCPA Projects 354,795 - - - - Unrestricted 13,323,993 6,123,332 11,740,905 (6,375,822)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	12,164,040	60,954,537	-			
Compensated Absences 104,144 68,753 110,496 5,742 Landfill Closure/Postclosure - - - 14,700,370 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 5,369,289 15,466,994 63,563,035 14,706,112 Total Liabilities 7,695,576 16,794,310 67,050,291 14,722,313 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Pension Related Items 595,059 398,599 409,128 - NET POSITION Standard Restricted for Debt Service 23,340,874 8,520,274 16,949,605 854,508 Restricted for Debt Service 2,072,225 - - - - Restricted for NCPA Projects 354,795 - - - - Unrestricted 13,323,993 6,123,332 11,740,905 (6,375,822)		2 272 001	2 490 201	2 409 002	-			
Landfill Closure/Postclosure - - - 14,700,370 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 5,369,289 15,466,994 63,563,035 14,706,112 Total Liabilities 7,695,576 16,794,310 67,050,291 14,722,313 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Pension Related Items 595,059 398,599 409,128 - NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 23,340,874 8,520,274 16,949,605 854,508 Restricted for Debt Service 2,072,225 - - - - Restricted for NCPA Projects 354,795 - - - - Unrestricted 13,323,993 6,123,332 11,740,905 (6,375,822)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				5 7/12			
Total Noncurrent Liabilities 5,369,289 15,466,994 63,563,035 14,706,112 Total Liabilities 7,695,576 16,794,310 67,050,291 14,722,313 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Pension Related Items 595,059 398,599 409,128 - NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 23,340,874 8,520,274 16,949,605 854,508 Restricted for Debt Service 2,072,225 - - - - Restricted for NCPA Projects 354,795 - - - - Unrestricted 13,323,993 6,123,332 11,740,905 (6,375,822)	•	104,144	00,733	110,490				
Total Liabilities 7,695,576 16,794,310 67,050,291 14,722,313 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Pension Related Items 595,059 398,599 409,128 - NET POSITION 8,520,274 16,949,605 854,508 Restricted for Debt Service 2,072,225 - - - Restricted for NCPA Projects 354,795 - - - - Unrestricted 13,323,993 6,123,332 11,740,905 (6,375,822)		5 360 280	15 /66 00/	63 563 035				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 595,059 398,599 409,128 - NET POSITION 8,520,274 16,949,605 854,508 Restricted for Debt Service 2,072,225 - - - Restricted for NCPA Projects 354,795 - - - - Unrestricted 13,323,993 6,123,332 11,740,905 (6,375,822)								
Deferred Pension Related Items 595,059 398,599 409,128 - NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 23,340,874 8,520,274 16,949,605 854,508 Restricted for Debt Service 2,072,225 - - - - Restricted for NCPA Projects 354,795 - - - - Unrestricted 13,323,993 6,123,332 11,740,905 (6,375,822)		1,000,010		J.,300,201	,. 22,010			
Net Investment in Capital Assets 23,340,874 8,520,274 16,949,605 854,508 Restricted for Debt Service 2,072,225 - - - - Restricted for NCPA Projects 354,795 - - - - Unrestricted 13,323,993 6,123,332 11,740,905 (6,375,822)		595,059	398,599	409,128				
Net Investment in Capital Assets 23,340,874 8,520,274 16,949,605 854,508 Restricted for Debt Service 2,072,225 - - - - Restricted for NCPA Projects 354,795 - - - - Unrestricted 13,323,993 6,123,332 11,740,905 (6,375,822)	NET POSITION							
Restricted for Debt Service 2,072,225 - - - Restricted for NCPA Projects 354,795 - - - Unrestricted 13,323,993 6,123,332 11,740,905 (6,375,822)		23,340,874	8,520,274	16,949,605	854,508			
Restricted for NCPA Projects 354,795 - - - Unrestricted 13,323,993 6,123,332 11,740,905 (6,375,822)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-	-	- ,			
Unrestricted 13,323,993 6,123,332 11,740,905 (6,375,822)			-	-	-			
Total Net Position \$ 39,091,887 \$ 14,643,606 \$ 28,690,510 \$ (5,521,314)	•		6,123,332	11,740,905	(6,375,822)			
	Total Net Position	\$ 39,091,887	\$ 14,643,606	\$ 28,690,510	\$ (5,521,314)			

	-type Activities	Governmental Activities
Non-major Enterprise Funds	Totals	Internal Service Funds
1 unus	Totals	1 unus
\$ 332,948	\$ 37,962,048	\$ 2,322,006
-	4,077,207 6,665,194	-
83,504 1,053	4,316,334 91,226	30,418 2,065
36,500	36,500	-
-	3,730 1,205,675	760
454,005	54,357,914	2,355,249
-	-	930,203 -
1,829,928	5,233,575	-
1,599,653 1,311,089	1,947,414 111,546,641	-
2,943,142	57,412,562	327,113
323,379	3,650,259 7,513,706	48,418
184,698 1,008,978	7,513,796 6,642,589	447,096 -
(4,109,346)	(59,868,423)	(538,465)
5,091,521	134,078,413	1,214,365
5,545,526	188,436,327	3,569,614
	1,679,164	
50,658	1,329,166	102,070
22,825	199,127	97,259
- 6 475	- 272 265	-
6,475 2,390	272,365 1,128,750	-
	4,310,000	
82,348	7,239,408	199,329
936,449	1,681,449 1,893,054	-
-	73,118,577	- -
-	- 0.050.004	-
32,487	8,359,294 321,622	- 136,248
	14,700,370	
968,936	100,074,366	136,248
1,051,284	107,313,774	335,577
	1 402 786	
	1,402,786	
5,091,521	54,756,782	284,162
-	2,072,225	-
- (597,279)	354,795 24,215,129	- 2,949,875
\$ 4,494,242	\$ 81,398,931	\$ 3,234,037
Ψ 1, τοτ, 2τ2	Ψ 01,000,001	Ţ 0,204,001

City of Ukiah Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Business-type Activities							
		Electric		Water		Sewer		Disposal Site
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for Services	\$	15,076,038	\$	5,446,650	\$	9,660,216	\$	132,106
Sales of Fuel	Ф	15,076,036	Ф	5,446,650	Ф	9,000,210	Ф	132,100
Facility Rents		_		_		_		_
Miscellaneous		527		128		7,443		-
						,		
Total Operating Revenues		15,076,565		5,446,778		9,667,659		132,106
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Purchased Power		8,585,608		-		-		-
Maintenance and Operations		3,743,762		1,409,223		2,308,648		375,950
General and Administration		1,907,023		1,474,347		1,503,453		-
Fuel		-		-		-		-
Insurance Premiums		- 1 157 117		-		4 000 224		10.602
Depreciation		1,157,117		664,332		1,908,221		12,603
Total Operating Expenses		15,393,510		3,547,902		5,720,322		388,553
Operating Income (Loss)		(316,945)		1,898,876		3,947,337		(256,447)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Property Taxes		-		11,353		-		_
Interest Income		190,290		135,680		171,142		143,137
Interest Expense		(385,715)		(382,350)		(2,900,502)		
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(195,425)		(235,317)		(2,729,360)		143,137
la constitución de la contrata del contrata de la contrata del contrata de la contrata del contrata								
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Operating Transfers		(512,370)		1,663,559		1,217,977		(113,310)
and Operating Transfers		(312,370)		1,003,339		1,217,977		(113,310)
Capital Contributions		_		_		_		_
Transfers In		-		271,226		202,313		_
Transfers Out				<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
Change in Net Position		(512,370)		1,934,785		1,420,290		(113,310)
Net Position - Beginning of Year		39,604,257		12,708,821		27,270,220		(5,408,004)
Net Position - End of Year	\$	39,091,887	\$	14,643,606	\$	28,690,510	\$	(5,521,314)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Business-ty	Governmental Activities	
Non-major		Internal
Enterprise		Service
Funds	Totals	Funds
\$ 269,830	\$ 30,584,840	\$ 6,032,612
832,486	832,486	-
660,130	660,130	-
43,664	51,762	2,080
1,806,110	32,129,218	6,034,692
_	8,585,608	-
569,309	8,406,892	1,317,827
866,150	5,750,973	3,423,870
468,925	468,925	<u>-</u>
-	-	1,274,695
125,250	3,867,523	38,324
2,029,634	27,079,921	6,054,716
(223,524)	5,049,297	(20,024)
11,893	23,246	-
9,235	649,484	29,135
	(3,668,567)	
21,128	(2,995,837)	29,135
(202,396)	2,053,460	9,111
10,384	10,384	_
-	473,539	-
(192,012)	2,537,383	9,111
4,686,254	78,861,548	3,224,926
\$ 4,494,242	\$ 81,398,931	\$ 3,234,037

City of Ukiah Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2016

, oa. 2aa aan aa aa	Enterprise Funds					
	Electric	Water	Sewer			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from Customers Receipts from Interfund Services Provided	\$ 15,387,968 -	\$ 5,399,223	\$ 9,642,104			
Payments to Employees for Services Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(2,027,327) (12,400,731)	(1,347,885) (1,094,296)	(1,549,667) (2,031,800)			
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	959,910	2,957,042	6,060,637			
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Property Taxes Received Cash Received from Other Funds Cash Paid to Other Funds Principal Payments Received on Loans Receivable	- - -	11,353 271,226 - -	202,313			
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital and Related Financing Activities		282,579	202,313			
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets Interest Paid Capital Grants	(1,175,290) (366,149)	(892,431) (520,083)	(1,853,933) (2,928,500)			
Principal Paid on Capital Debt Proceeds from Issuance of Capital Debt Proceeds from Sale of Property	(1,710,000)	(12,962,418) 12,664,193	(2,343,252)			
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(3,251,439)	(1,710,739)	(7,125,685)			
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Amounts Paid to NCPA Reserve Interest Received	(132,845) 196,666	126,510	180,443			
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	63,821	126,510	180,443			
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(2,227,708)	1,655,392	(682,292)			
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of the Year	11,621,776	7,388,381	15,639,608			
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of the Year	\$ 9,394,068	\$ 9,043,773	\$ 14,957,316			
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	\$ (316,945)	\$ 1,898,876	\$ 3,947,337			
Depreciation Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:	1,157,117	664,332	1,908,221			
Decrease (Increase) in Accounts Receivable Decrease (Increase) in Inventory	311,403 80,857	(47,555) 3,670	(25,555)			
Decrease (Increase) in Prepaids Decrease (Increase) in Deferred Outflows - Pensions Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Salaries and Benefits Increase (Decrease) in Landfill Closure/Postclosure Liability	(509,029) (98,135) 6,827	(250,982) 517,649 4,557	(279,856) 303,239 8,796			
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - Pensions Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences Payable Increase (Decrease) in Deposits Payable	185,626 155,164 (12,975)	91,525 76,506 (1,536)	102,054 85,307 11,094			
TOTAL CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 959,910	\$ 2,957,042	\$ 6,060,637			
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Amortization Related to Long-term Debt	\$ 28,473	\$ 107,691	\$ 2,265			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

						Go	overnmental
			erprise Funds				Activities
	Disposal		Non-major Enterprise				Internal Service
	Site		Funds		Totals		Funds
	Site		i uiius		Totals		i ulius
\$	130,789	\$	1,821,033	\$	32,381,117	\$	
φ	130,769	φ	1,021,033	φ	32,301,117	φ	6,020,591
	(137,093)		(566,944)		(5,628,916)		(3,028,526)
	(269,696)		(1,437,549)		(17,234,072)		(2,896,427)
	(200,000)		(1,407,040)		(17,204,072)		(2,000,421)
	(276,000)		(183,460)		9,518,129		95,638
	-		11,893		23,246		-
	-		=		473,539		-
	-		(21,838)		(21,838)		-
	-		6,000		6,000		
			(2.045)		490 047		
			(3,945)	-	480,947		<u>-</u>
			(181,444)		(4,103,098)		
	-		(101,444)		(3,814,732)		-
	-		10,384		10.384		-
	-		10,364		(17,015,670)		-
	-		-		12,664,193		_
	-		-		12,004,193		_
							
	=		(171,060)		(12,258,923)		=
	=		=		(132,845)		-
	132,907		8,182		644,708		27,071
	132,907		8,182		511,863		27,071
_	102,007		0,102		011,000		21,011
	(143,093)		(350,283)		(1,747,984)		122,709
	(,)		(000,200)		(1,1 11,001)		,. 00
	8,454,243		683,231		43,787,239		2,199,297
\$	8,311,150	\$	332,948	\$	42,039,255	\$	2,322,006
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
\$	(256,447)	\$	(223,524)	\$	5,049,297	\$	(20,024)
	12,603		125,250		3,867,523		38,324
	(1,317)		15,623		252,599		(14,101)
	-		=		84,527		-
	-		800		800		-
	-		=		(1,039,867)		-
	(35,180)		(107,995)		579,578		30,620
	2,910		5,646		28,736		48,890
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		379,205		-
	-		-		316,977		-
	1,431		1,440		(546)		11,929
			(700)		(700)		
\$	(276,000)	\$	(183,460)	\$	9,518,129	\$	95,638
÷	, ,/	<u></u>	, ,,/	÷		÷	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	138,429	\$	-
					,		

City of Ukiah Statement of Net Position Fiduciary Funds

June 30, 2016

		Agency Funds	Successor Agency Private-purpose Trust Fund		
ASSETS	-				
Cash and Investments	\$	5,957,084	\$	3,190,388	
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent		-		5,730,648	
Receivables:		700 440			
Accounts		703,413		7.005	
Interest Receivable		16,955		7,265	
Land Held for Resale				3,872,533	
Total Assets	\$	6,677,452		12,800,834	
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	\$	191,370		436	
Accrued Salaries and Benefits		117,233		562	
Interest Payable		-		126,161	
Customer Deposits		484,300		-	
Due to Other Agencies Noncurrent Liabilities:		5,884,549		-	
Due within One Year				1,085,000	
Due in More than One Year		<u>-</u>		7,865,000	
Due in More than One Teal				7,000,000	
Total Liabilities	\$	6,677,452		9,077,159	
NET POSITION					
Net Position (Deficit) Held in Trust for Successor Agency			\$	3,723,675	

City of Ukiah Statement of Changes in Net Position Fiduciary Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Successor Agency Private-purpose Trust Fund
ADDITIONS Taxes	\$ 1,706,184
Investment Earnings	62,129
Total Additions	1,768,313
DEDUCTIONS General Administration Contractual Services Interest Expense	18,311 258,546 578,289
Total Deductions	855,146
Change in Net Position	913,167
Net Position - Beginning of Year	2,810,508
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 3,723,675

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Year Ended June 30, 2016

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A) Reporting Entity

The City of Ukiah was incorporated March 8, 1876 under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of California. The City operates under a Council—City Manager form of government and provides a variety of services including police, fire fighting and medical emergency, sewage treatment, water treatment, electric power, street lighting and maintenance, parks and recreation, municipal golf course, and conference center. The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the City's operations. The City has no component units that require discrete presentation.

Blended Component Unit. The Parking District #1 is a special district, primarily located in Ukiah's downtown area, and is administered and accounted for by the City. The Parking Commission is appointed by the Ukiah City Council and acts as an advisory board to the Council in District matters. The District is reported as an enterprise fund. The District does not prepare separate financial statements.

<u>Ukiah Successor Agency</u> — Until January 31, 2012, the Ukiah Redevelopment Agency ("RDA") was a community redevelopment agency reported as a component unit of the City of Ukiah. On February 1, 2012, the Agency was dissolved by the State of California legislature and, therefore, no longer exists as a separate entity. The City elected to serve as the Ukiah Successor Agency ("USA") of the Ukiah Redevelopment Agency. In its capacity as the successor agency, the City is responsible to wind-up the affairs of the former RDA, and dispose of the RDA's assets in compliance with State legislative requirements. The USA is governed by a seven (7) member Oversight Board comprised of one (1) Ukiah City Council member, (1) Ukiah City employee, (2) members appointed by the Mendocino County Board of Supervisors, one (1) member appointed by Mendocino County Office of Education, one (1) member appointed by the Cemetery District, and one (1) member appointed by the Chancellor of the California Community College System. Activities of the USA are reported as a private-purpose trust fund in the accompanying financial statements.

B) Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information of all the non-fiduciary activities of the City and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Indirect expenses* have been allocated to functional expenses as the result of an administrative cost recovery element built into a charge for centralized services. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Year Ended June 30, 2016

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds (even though the fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements). Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C) Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary funds and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports only one major governmental fund:

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Electric Fund* accounts for the activities of the City's electric generation and distribution operations.

The Water Fund accounts for the activities of the City's water treatment and distribution operations.

The Sewer Fund accounts for the activities of the City's sewage collection and treatment operations.

The Disposal Site Fund accounts for the activities of the City's solid waste landfill operations.

Year Ended June 30, 2016

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds – account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Capital Project Funds - account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets in governmental funds.

Internal Service Funds - account for garage (vehicle maintenance), stores (purchasing), public safety dispatch, utility billing, workers' compensation and liability insurance services provided to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Private-Purpose Trust Funds - account for resources legally held in trust for use by other organizations. All resources of the fund, including any earnings on the invested resources, may be used to support the organization's or department's activities. There is no requirement that any portion of these resources be preserved as capital.

Agency Funds - used by the City to report resources held by the City in a custodial capacity for the Ukiah Valley Sanitation District, Ukiah Waste Solutions, and Russian River Watershed. These funds are used to record receipt, temporary investment and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations or other governments.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's proprietary fund functions and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Principal operating revenues of the City's electric, water, wastewater, golf and street lighting funds and the City's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Principal operating revenues of the City's airport, disposal site and conference center funds include charges to customers for sales and services and rental fees. The parking district fund's principal operating revenues include the sale of parking permits to customers and parking fines. The City also recognizes as operating revenue tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the City's utilities. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds and internal service funds include cost of power purchases, fuels and lubricants, operations, maintenance, utilities, insurance premiums and deductibles, general and administration, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Year Ended June 30, 2016

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

D) Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1) Cash and Investments

Investments for the City and its component units are reported at fair value. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents represents demand deposits of proprietary funds held in financial institutions or in cash management pools where funds can be added or withdrawn at anytime without prior notice or penalty and cash equivalents are highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less from the date of purchase.

2) Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of the interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Allowances for uncollectible receivables totaled \$59,152 and were determined based on an analysis of historical trends.

Property taxes for the current year were attached as an enforceable lien as of January 1st and were levied on July 1st. Taxes are due in two equal installments on November 1st and February 1st. The City relies on the competency of the County of Mendocino Assessor's office to properly assess, collect and distribute property taxes.

3) Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. An annual charge is made to various City funds to assist in the financing of warehouse operations in addition to being billed as inventory is issued.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

4) Restricted Assets

The proceeds from bonds issued by the former Ukiah Redevelopment Agency have been reported as restricted on the statement of net position because they must be used for City low and moderate income housing projects. Certain proceeds of the City's electric fund revenue bonds are classified as restricted assets because their use is limited by applicable bond or other covenants.

Year Ended June 30, 2016

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

5) Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$10,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

The City's museum contains collections of historical artifacts including artwork, Native American artifacts, and relics from the region's past. These collections are protected, cared for and preserved by the City for the purpose of public exhibition; and proceeds from the sale of any item, if any, are used to acquire additional items for the collection. Therefore, the City has elected not to capitalize these collections.

Interest is capitalized on construction of major assets acquired with debt. The amount of interest to be capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred from the date of the borrowing until completion of the project with interest earned on invested proceeds over the same period. For the year ended June 30, 2016, no interest expense was capitalized to any of the City's capital projects.

Property, plant and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method using the following useful lives:

Land Improvements	20 to 40 years
Building and Improvements	30 to 60 years
Infrastructure	30 to 60 years
Licensed Vehicles	5 to 10 years
Machinery and Equipment	5 to 20 years

6) Property Held for Resale

The City has acquired several real properties for the purpose of infilling the supply of low and moderate income housing. These properties will be subsequently sold and the proceeds placed back into the low and moderate income housing program. Therefore, these properties have been recorded as an asset on the accompanying financial statements at the lower of cost (the amount of the unpaid loan plus costs for foreclosure properties) or net realizable value. At June 30, 2016, the carrying value of these properties was \$2,435,114.

Year Ended June 30, 2016

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

7) Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to allow an employee to accumulate no more than two years vacation. Full time City employees are entitled to sick leave with full pay due to absence resulting from illness or injury to the extent of the amount earned. There is no liability for unpaid sick leave since the government does not have a policy to pay any amount when employees separate from service with the City. Due to the long-term nature of compensated absences, the liability of \$1,149,262 has been accrued as incurred in the government-wide financial statements as a noncurrent liability.

8) Long-Term Obligations

Long-term liabilities are reported in the government-wide financial statements, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds only. Initial-issue bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method (which approximates the effective interest method).

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the period issued. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received are reported as other financing sources, while discounts are reported as other financing uses.

9) Fund Equity

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

Net investment in capital assets describes the portion of net position which is represented by the current net book value of the City's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets.

Restricted describes the portion of net position which is restricted as to use by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties, governmental regulation, laws, or other restrictions which the City cannot unilaterally alter.

Unrestricted describes the portion of net position which is not restricted to use.

10) Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The City currently has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. One item is a result of the City's implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. See Note 9 – Pension Plans for more information. The other is related to the deferred amounts on refunding of debt.

Year Ended June 30, 2016

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has one item, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting, and another, which is a result of the City's implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, which qualify for reporting in this category. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes, special assessments, grant receivables, and other miscellaneous receivables. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

11) Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the statement of net position, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the City's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position.

12) Fund Balances

Fund balances in governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or are required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> - Amounts that are constrained to specific purposes by state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

Year Ended June 30, 2016

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> - The City Council, as the City's highest level of decision making authority, may commit fund balance for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by resolution. These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use through the same type of formal action taken to establish the commitment. City Council action to commit fund balance needs to occur within the fiscal reporting period; however, the amount can be determined subsequently.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> - Amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed, should be reported as assigned fund balance. The City's fund balance policy delegates the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes to the City Manager or designee for the purpose of reporting these amounts in the annual financial statements.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> - These are either residual positive net resources of fund balance in excess of what can properly be classified in one of the other four categories, or negative balances. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance.

13) Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City of Ukiah's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

14) Implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Pronouncements

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75

In June of 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This statement was issued to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions. This GASB Statement is required to be implemented in financial statements issued for the periods beginning after June 15, 2017. The City has elected not to early implement this statement and has not determined its effect on the financial statements.

Year Ended June 30, 2016

2) STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

The following non-major funds had deficit fund balances at June 30, 2016:

Deficit Fund Equity

Special Revenue Funds:

Swimming Pool \$ (261,576)

Museum Grants Prop 84 (18,440)

Special Revenue (1,836)

APC General Operating (50,838)

ARC General Operating (50,828) Gas Tax 2107 (23,200) Museum (4,403)

These deficits will be eliminated when unavailable revenues are recognized as revenues in the future.

3) CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments are reported in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:
Cash and Investments
Restricted Cash and Investments
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position:
Cash and Investments
Restricted Cash and Investments
9,147,472
Restricted Cash and Investments
5,730,648

Total
\$69,583,157

Cash and investments at June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

Cash on Hand		2,900
Deposits with Financial Institutions		3,370,521
Investments		66,209,736
Total	\$	69.583.157

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The following table identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City of Ukiah by the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

Year Ended June 30, 2016

3) CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Percentage Per Issuer
City of Ukiah Bonds Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	5 years N/A	Unlimited \$50 Million	10% \$50 Million
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
Local Agency Obligations	5 years	None	10%
U.S. Government Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Obligations of the State of California	5 years	None	10%
Repurchase Agreements	365 days	None	10%
Reverse Repurchase Agreements (1)	92 days	20%	10%
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	40%	10%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	10%
Medium Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	10%
Money Market Funds (highest rating)	n/a	20%	10%
Time Deposits Mortgage-Backed and Asset-Backed	5 years	25%	10%
Securities (rated "AA" or better)	5 years	20%	10%

(1) - Requires prior City Council approval

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by bond trustees. The indenture agreements do not specifically identify maximum maturity and maximum investment provisions.

Authorized Investment Type

U.S. Treasury Obligations
U.S. Agency Securities
Banker's Acceptances
Commercial Paper
Money Market Funds (rated AAAm -G, AAAm or Aam)
Bonds or Notes
Certificates of Deposit
Repurchase Agreements

Year Ended June 30, 2016

3) CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flows and liquidity needed for operations. The City's target maximum average maturity to control overall exposure to interest rate risk is 2.5 years. Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustees) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

			Remaining Maturity (in Months)					ths)	
			12 Months			13 to 24		25 to 60	
Investment Type	Totals		or Less		Months		Months		
	_		_		_		_		
Corporate Bonds and Notes	\$	14,334,482	\$	-	\$	8,669,226	\$	5,665,256	
U.S. Treasury Bonds and Notes		10,882,836		-		10,882,836		-	
U.S. Agency Bonds		12,309,733		-		2,480,522		9,829,211	
Certificates of Deposit		15,693,172		7,272,698		8,420,474		-	
Municipal and State Bonds		280,000		280,000		-		-	
State Investment Pool (LAIF)		68,106		68,106		-		-	
Money Market Funds		84,646		84,646		-		-	
Held by Bond Trustees:									
Money Market Funds		12,556,761		12,556,761			_		
Total	\$	66,209,736	\$	20,262,211	\$	30,453,058	\$	15,494,467	

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of fiscal year end for each investment type.

		Minimum	Rating	as of Fiscal Year End			
Investment Type	Total Investment	Legal Rating	AAA	AA+/A+	Unrated		
Corporate Bonds and Notes	\$ 14,334,482	N/A	\$ 1,113,770	\$11,277,879	\$ 1,942,833		
U.S. Treasury Bonds and Notes	10,882,836	N/A	-	<u>-</u>	10,882,836		
U.S. Agency Bonds	12,309,733	N/A	-	12,309,733	-		
Certificates of Deposit	15,693,172	N/A	_	15,693,172	-		
Municipal and State Bonds	280,000	N/A	-	-	280,000		
State Investment Pool (LAIF)	68,106	N/A	_	-	68,106		
Money Market Funds ` ´	84,646	N/A	84,646	-	-		
Held by Bond Trustees:							
Money Market Funds	12,556,761	N/A	12,556,761				
Total	\$66,209,736		\$13,755,177	\$39,280,784	\$13,173,775		

Year Ended June 30, 2016

3) CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Concentration of Credit Risk

With the exception of securities of the U.S. Government and its agencies, the investment policy of the City limits the amount that can be invested in any one issuer to no more than 10% of the total portfolio. At June 30, 2016, the following investments from one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds and external investment pools) represented 5% or more of the total City investments.

Issuer	Amount Invested	Percentage of Portfolio
Federal National Mortgage Association	7,173,986	10.84%
Federal Home Loan Bank	4,741,455	7.16%

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits. The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. It is the policy of the City not to waive these requirements.

As of June 30, 2016, the City's deposits (bank balances) were insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized as required under California Law.

As of June 30, 2016, City investments in the following investment types were held by the same institution that was used by the City to buy the securities:

Corporate Bonds and Notes	\$	14,334,482
U.S. Treasury Bonds and Notes	•	10,882,836
U.S. Agency Securities		12,309,733
Certificates of Deposit		15,693,172
Municipal and State Bonds		280,000
Money Market Funds		84.646

Year Ended June 30, 2016

3) CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Investments in State Investment Pool

The Local Agency Investment Pool (LAIF) is a special fund of the California State Treasury through which local governments may pool investments. The City may invest up to \$50,000,000 in the fund. Investments in LAIF are highly liquid, as deposits can be converted to cash within 24 hours without loss of interest. Funds deposited in LAIF are invested in accordance with Government Code Sections 16430 and 16480. Oversight of LAIF is provided by the Pooled Money Investment Board whose members are the California State Treasurer, California Director of Finance and the California State Controller.

Fair Value

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Investment Type	Total Investment	Investments Not Measured at Fair Value	1	Le	vel 2
investment Type	IIIVESIIIEIII	rall value			
Corporate Bonds and Notes U.S. Treasury Bonds and Notes U.S. Agency Bonds Certificates of Deposit Municipal and State Bonds State Investment Pool (LAIF) Money Market Funds	\$14,334,482 10,882,836 12,309,733 15,693,172 280,000 68,106 84,646	\$ - - - - 68,106 84,646	\$	-	\$14,334,482 10,882,836 12,309,733 15,693,172 280,000
Held by Bond Trustees: Money Market Funds	12,556,761	12,556,761			
Total	\$66,209,736	\$12,709,513	\$	_	\$53,500,223

Year Ended June 30, 2016

4) CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Communicated Astinition	Dalance	Additions	Deletions	Dalance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:	ф 40E 240	ф	Φ	ф 40E 240
Land	\$ 495,340	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 495,340
Construction in Progress	2,944,935	2,330,990		5,275,925
Total Capital Assets, Not	0.440.075	0.000.000		E 774 00E
Being Depreciated	3,440,275	2,330,990		5,771,265
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Land Improvements	5,562,557	105,358	-	5,667,915
Infrastructure Systems	35,748,228	-	-	35,748,228
Buildings	6,757,422	-	-	6,757,422
Rolling Equipment	4,629,553	14,103	-	4,643,656
Machinery and Equipment	3,728,732	432,681	-	4,161,413
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated	56,426,492	552,142		56,978,634
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	(1,217,405)	(238,498)	-	(1,455,903)
Infrastructure Systems	(21,530,937)	(568,592)	-	(22,099,529)
Buildings	(3,092,943)	(152,955)	-	(3,245,898)
Rolling Equipment	(3,641,988)	(270,561)	-	(3,912,549)
Machinery and Equipment	(2,758,681)	(188,811)	-	(2,947,492)
Total Accumulated				
Depreciation	(32,241,954)	(1,419,417)		(33,661,371)
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated, Net	24,184,538	(867,275)	_	23,317,263
Doprodutou, Not	27,107,000	(001,210)		20,017,200
Government Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 27,624,813	\$ 1,463,715	\$ -	\$ 29,088,528

Year Ended June 30, 2016

4) CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities:				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 5,233,575	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,233,575
Construction in Progress	3,459,370	3,183,219		6,642,589
Total Capital Assets, Not				
Being Depreciated	8,692,945	3,183,219		11,876,164
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Land Improvements	1,909,310	38,104	-	947,414
Infrastructure Systems	111,546,641	-	-	111,546,641
Buildings	57,412,562	-	-	57,412,562
Rolling Equipment	3,329,989	320,270	-	3,650,259
Machinery and Equipment	6,952,290	561,506		7,513,796
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated	181,150,792	919,880		182,070,672
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	(1,322,355)		-	(1,372,326)
Infrastructure Systems	(22,805,942)	(2,304,061)	-	(25,110,003)
Buildings	(25,314,170)	(1,129,672)	-	(26,443,842)
Rolling Equipment	(2,338,035)	(142,551)	-	(2,480,586)
Machinery and Equipment Total Accumulated	(4,220,398)	(241,268)		(4,461,666)
Depreciation	(56,000,900)	(3,867,523)		(59,868,423)
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated, Net	125,149,892	(2,947,643)		122,202,249
Government Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	\$133,842,837	\$ 235,576	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$134,078,413</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 259,498
Public Safety	344,806
Public Works	653,224
Housing and Community Development	21,194
Culture and Recreation	 140,695
	 _
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 1,419,417

Year Ended June 30, 2016

4) CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

Business-type Activities:	
Electric	\$ 1,157,117
Water	664,332
Sewer	1,908,221
Disposal Site	12,603
Parking	5,325
Airport	71,381
Conference Center	46,308
Golf Course	2,236
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 3,867,523

5) INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2016 is as follows:

	Receivable Fund		Payable Fund	
General Fund Non-major Governmental Funds	\$	600,156	\$	- 600,156
Total	\$	600,156	\$	600,156

The General Fund has reported a receivable of \$600,156 for deficit pooled fund cash balances at June 30, 2016. For the most part, the deficit balances are expected to be eliminated through proceeds of grants and State subsidies and other revenues.

Advances to/from consist of the following at June 30, 2016:

		Payable Fund		
General Fund	\$	899,246	\$	_
Non-major Governmental Funds		-		148,000
Proprietary Funds:				
Water Fund		-		745,000
Non-major Golf Course Fund		-		936,449
Internal Service Liability Fund		930,203		
Total	\$	1,829,449	\$	1,829,449

Year Ended June 30, 2016

5) INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Both the General Fund and Liability Fund have made long-term advances to the Golf Fund (a nonmajor enterprise fund) for the purpose of refunding a capital lease obligation and acquiring equipment. The Liability Fund has made a long-term advance to the Water Fund for the purpose of water-related capital projects and to the Park Development Fund for temporary funding of several parks related construction projects. None of the above advances have been deemed to have a current portion.

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2016 are as follows:

	Tr	ansfers In	Transfers Out	
General Fund Non-major Governmental Funds	\$	345,445 -	\$	- 345,445
Non-major Governmental Funds General Fund Non-major Governmental Funds		594,618 - -		503,358 91,260
Water Enterprise Fund Non-major Governmental Funds		271,226 -		- 271,226
Sewer Enterprise Fund Non-major Governmental Funds		202,313		202,313
Total	\$	1,413,602	\$	1,413,602

Transfers in to the General Fund from Non-major Governmental Funds of \$345,445 were for equipment and street maintenance. Transfers from the General Fund of \$503,358 to the Non-major Governmental Funds were for support of the Museum operations and improvements and support for other non-major funds operations.. Transfers between Non-Major Governmental Funds totaling \$91,260 were for streets, facilities and park improvements. Transfers to the Water and Sewer Enterprise Funds of \$271,226 and \$202,313, respectively, from the non-major funds were for equipment purchases.

Year Ended June 30, 2016

6) LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability	\$ 806,578 30,288,255	\$ 844,514 4,152,283	\$ 823,452 2,860,742	\$ 827,640 31,579,796	\$ 125,000 -
Total	\$ 31,094,833	\$ 4,996,797	\$ 3,684,194	\$ 32,407,436	\$ 125,000
Business-type Activities:					
Electric Revenue Bonds Unamortized Discount Installment Agreements:	\$ 5,485,000 (85,419)	\$ -	\$ 1,710,000 (28,473)	\$ 3,775,000 (56,946)	\$ 1,825,000 -
Water Treatment Plant 2016 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds	11,845,000	- 11,155,000	11,845,000 -	- 11,155,000	- 475,000
Unamortized Premium Wastewater Treatment Plant Unamortized Premium	- 64,850,000 129,340	1,509,193	25,153 1,930,000 84,803	1,484,040 62,920,000 44,537	2,010,000
State Loans: SWRCB Water Treatment	1,117,418	_	1,117,418	-	- -
SWRCB Sewer Treatment Net Pension Liability	413,252 8,042,317	3,024,148	413,252 2,707,171	- 8,359,294	-
Compensated Absences Landfill Closure and Post-closure	322,169 14,700,370	168,127	168,674	321,622 14,700,370	
Total	\$ 106,819,447	\$ 15,856,468	\$ 19,972,998	\$ 102,702,917	\$ 4,310,000

Electric Revenue Bonds

The City has issued Electric Revenue Refunding Series 1992 bonds where the City pledges revenue derived from the acquired or constructed assets of the City's electric system to pay debt service. The bonds mature on June 1 of each year and shall pay interest ranging from 3.20% to 5.90%. Revenue bonds outstanding, excluding an unamortized discount of \$56,946, at June 30, 2016 were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 1,825,000	\$ 235,938	\$ 2,060,938
2018	1,950,000	121,875	2,071,875
Totals	\$ 3,775,000	\$ 357,813	\$ 4,132,813

Year Ended June 30, 2016

6) LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Installment Obligations

The City has entered into two (2) separate agreements with the Association of Bay Area Governments (ABAG) whereby ABAG issued revenue bonds to provide resources for the City to acquire and construct capital improvements to the City's water treatment plant and wastewater treatment plant. The bonds are an obligation of ABAG and are payable solely from and secured by revenues that consist primarily of payments on two (2) installment obligations of the City. The installment obligations of the City are as follows:

Water Treatment Plant

Dated September 1, 2005 the original amount of the obligation was \$14,355,000 and is secured with a pledge of net revenues from the City's water system. The obligation principal is payable in annual installments beginning September 1, 2007 ranging from \$280,000 to \$845,000 through September 1, 2035. Interest payments commenced March 1, 2006 and are payable semiannually on September 1st and March 1st and pay interest ranging from 4.00% to 4.50%. The water treatment plant bonds were refunded through an advanced refunding with the 2016 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds.

Waste Water Treatment Plant

Dated March 1, 2006 the original amount of the obligation was \$75,060,000 and is secured with a pledge of net revenues from the City's wastewater system. The obligation principal is payable in annual installments beginning March 1, 2009 ranging from \$400,000 to \$4,690,000 through March 1, 2036. Interest payments commence September 1, 2006 and are payable semiannually on September 1st and March 1st and pay interest ranging from 4.00% to 4.75%. At June 30, 2016 the installment obligation liability outstanding excluding the unamortized premium of \$44,537 was as follows:

Year Ended June 30, 2016

6) LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Fiscal	Vear	Ending
1 13001	i Cai	Lituing

riscal real Ending			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 2,010,000	\$ 2,851,300	\$ 4,861,300
2018	2,090,000	2,770,900	4,860,900
2019	2,180,000	2,687,300	4,867,300
2020	2,280,000	2,597,375	4,877,375
2021	2,370,000	2,500,475	4,870,475
2022	2,480,000	2,399,750	4,879,750
2023	2,590,000	2,291,250	4,881,250
2024	2,710,000	2,177,938	4,887,938
2025	2,830,000	2,059,375	4,889,375
2026	2,960,000	1,932,025	4,892,025
2027	3,100,000	1,798,825	4,898,825
2028	3,240,000	1,655,450	4,895,450
2029	3,390,000	1,505,600	4,895,600
2030	3,550,000	1,348,812	4,898,812
2031	3,720,000	1,184,625	4,904,625
2032	3,900,000	1,012,575	4,912,575
2033	4,080,000	832,200	4,912,200
2034	4,270,000	638,400	4,908,400
2035	4,480,000	435,575	4,915,575
2036	4,690,000	222,775	4,912,775
Totals	\$ 62,920,000	\$ 34,902,525	\$ 97,822,525

2016 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds

Dated March 1, 2016 the original amount of the obligation was \$11,155,000 and is secured with a pledge of net revenues from the City's Water system. The obligation principal is payable in annual installments beginning September 1, 2016 ranging from \$475,000 to \$740,000 through September 1, 2035. Interest payments commence September 1, 2016 and are payable semiannually on September 1st and March 1st and pay interest ranging from 2.00% to 3.125%. The 2016 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds were issued to refund the 2005 ABAG Bonds (Water Treatment Plant Installment Loan) and the SWRCB Water Treatment Loan. The two debt obligations were was used to acquire and construct capital improvements to the City's water treatment plant

The City refunded the 2005 ABAG Bonds and the SWRCB Water Treatment Loan to reduce total debt service payments by \$2,362,402, and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$1,862,350.

At June 30, 2016 the installment obligation liability outstanding excluding the unamortized premium of \$1,484,040 was as follows:

Year Ended June 30, 2016

6) LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Fiscal Year Ending

June 30,	Principal		Interest			Total
2017	\$	475,000	\$	448,769	\$	923,769
2018		490,000		436,669		926,669
2019		500,000		419,319		919,319
2020		530,000		398,718		928,718
2021		540,000		377,319		917,319
2022		565,000		355,219		920,219
2023		415,000		335,618		750,618
2024		435,000		316,444		751,444
2025		460,000		294,069		754,069
2026		480,000		270,569		750,569
2027		505,000		245,943		750,943
2028		530,000		220,069		750,069
2029		560,000		192,819		752,819
2030		585,000		164,193		749,193
2031		615,000		134,194		749,194
2032		645,000		102,694		747,694
2033		675,000		76,443		751,443
2034		695,000		55,894		750,894
2035		715,000		34,297		749,297
2036		740,000		11,563		751,563
Totals	\$ 1	1,155,000	\$	4,890,822	\$ 1	6,045,822

Fiduciary Fund

As of June 30, 2016, the following long-term debt is reported in a private-purpose trust fund due to the dissolution of redevelopment agencies by the State of California:

	Beginning Balance	Addi	tions	I	Deletions	Ending Balance	_	oue Within One Year
Tax Allocation Bonds:	 							
Series 2007	\$ 3,395,000	\$	-	\$	320,000	\$ 3,075,000	\$	325,000
Series 2011A	3,595,000		-		580,000	3,015,000		620,000
Series 2011B	 2,980,000				120,000	 2,860,000		140,000
Total	\$ 9,970,000	\$		\$	1,020,000	\$ 8,950,000	\$	1,085,000

Year Ended June 30, 2016

6) LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Fiscal Year Ending

2023

2024

Totals

<u>Ukiah Redevelopment Agency Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series 2007</u> - On April 18, 2007, the former RDA issued \$5,595,000 in tax allocation bonds to refinance a loan agreement between the RDA and the Redwood Empire Financing Authority. The bond series is comprised of \$4,310,000 in serial bonds maturing annually on December 1st through the year 2020, and \$1,285,000 in term bonds maturing on December 1, 2023. The serial bonds require annual principal payments ranging from \$230,000 to \$390,000. Interest rates on the serial bonds range from 3.75% to 4.70%, and the term bonds carry an interest rate of 4.75%. Interest is paid semi-annually on June 1st and December 1st. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2016 was as follows:

•				
June 30,	F	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$	325,000	\$ 131,779	\$ 456,779
2018		340,000	117,230	457,230
2019		360,000	101,740	461,740
2020		375,000	85,292	460,292
2021		390,000	67,983	457,983
2022		405,000	49,795	454,795

430,000

450,000

3,075,000

\$

30,590

10,350

\$

594,759

460,590

460,350

3.669.759

<u>Ukiah Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2011A</u> - On March 8, 2011, the former RDA issued \$5,180,000 Tax Allocation Bonds, 2011 Series A. The bonds were a special obligation of the RDA payable solely from and secured by a pledge of Agency tax revenues. The bonds carry an interest rate ranging from 3.0% to 6.5%. The bond series is comprised of \$2,840,000 in serial bonds maturing annually on December 1st through the year 2021, and \$2,340,000 in term bonds maturing on December 1, 2028. The serial bonds require annual principal payments ranging from \$10,000 to \$620,000. Proceeds of the bonds were to be used to finance redevelopment activities, fund a reserve account for the bond issue and provide for the cost of issuing the bonds.

Year Ended June 30, 2016

6) LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2016 was as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending

June 30,	Principal		Principal Interest		Total
2017	\$	620,000	\$	168,525	\$ 788,525
2018		15,000		154,606	169,606
2019		10,000		154,000	164,000
2020		10,000		153,487	163,487
2021		10,000		152,950	162,950
2022		10,000		152,388	162,388
2023		-		152,100	152,100
2024		-		152,100	152,100
2025		420,000		138,450	558,450
2026		445,000		110,337	555,337
2027		465,000		80,763	545,763
2028		495,000		49,562	544,562
2029		515,000		16,737	531,737
Totals	\$	3,015,000	\$	1,636,005	\$ 4,651,005

<u>Ukiah Redevelopment Project Taxable Tax Allocation Housing Bonds, Series 2011B</u> - On March 8, 2011, the former RDA issued \$3,250,000 Taxable Tax Allocation Bonds, 2011 Series B. The bonds were a special obligation of the RDA payable solely from RDA housing tax revenues. The bonds carry an interest rate ranging from 3.25% to 9.0%. The bond series is comprised of \$1,585,000 in serial bonds maturing annually on August 1st through the year 2021, and \$1,665,000 in term bonds maturing on August 1, 2026. The serial bonds require annual principal payments ranging from \$75,000 to \$270,000. Proceeds of the bonds were to be used to finance redevelopment activities benefiting low and moderate income housing, fund a reserve account for the bond issue and provide for the cost of issuing the bonds.

The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2016 was as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending

June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 140,000	\$ 234,225	\$ 374,225
2018	160,000	224,450	384,450
2019	180,000	212,525	392,525
2020	210,000	198,125	408,125
2021	235,000	180,850	415,850
2022	270,000	160,650	430,650
2023	300,000	136,350	436,350
2024	340,000	107,550	447,550
2025	385,000	74,925	459,925
2026	435,000	38,025	473,025
2027	205,000	9,225	214,225
Totals	\$ 2,860,000	\$ 1,576,900	\$ 4,436,900

Year Ended June 30, 2016

7) FUND BALANCE

Details of the City's governmental fund balances at June 30, 2016, are presented below:

	 General Fund	Non-major Governmental Funds	G 	Total Sovernmental Funds
Nonspendable: Prepaid Costs Loans to Employees Advances to Other Funds	\$ 11,437 660 899,246	\$	\$	11,437 660 899,246
Restricted for: Park Facilities Police Equipment Street Related Projects Low Income Housing Transportation		78,098 217,511 1,199,574 10,659,453 122,241		78,098 217,511 1,199,574 10,659,453 122,241
Committed to:				
Assigned to: Public Safety Repairs and Equipment Special Programs	185,443	1,463,433 1,895,251		185,443 1,463,433 1,895,251
Unassigned	 4,116,215	(442,572)		3,673,643
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)	\$ 5,213,001	\$ 15,192,989	\$	20,405,990

8) RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City provides property, liability, and worker's compensation insurance through the Redwood Empire Municipal Insurance Fund (REMIF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for several Northern California municipalities. The City pays quarterly and annual premiums to the REMIF for its general insurance coverage. The joint powers formation agreement of the REMIF provides that the REMIF will be self-sustaining through member premiums for liability insurance and will reinsure through commercial companies for other coverage.

REMIF is a risk sharing, self-funded pool which is a direct purchase program. The REMIF cost sharing pool provides coverage between the City's deductible and \$500,000 (liability program) and \$1,000,000 (workers' compensation program). Losses in excess of the REMIF cost sharing pool limits are covered by REMIF through the California Joint Powers Risk Management Authority and commercial insurance policies. Losses limits are \$39,500,000 (liability), \$300,000,000 (property), \$21,245,000 (boiler and machinery), \$9,990,000 (auto) and \$3,000,000 (workers' compensation) - all per occurrence. Losses exceeding these limits are the responsibility of the City.

Year Ended June 30, 2016

8) RISK MANAGEMENT - Continued

The City's deductibles are \$10,000 for worker's compensation, property and auto losses, and fidelity; \$25,000 for liability losses; \$5,000 for boiler and machinery losses; and \$100,000 or 5% of building value for earthquake and flood losses - all per occurrence.

Separate internal service funds are maintained by the City for the City's deductibles and allocated share of pooled costs noted above. The total cash and investments held in these funds at June 30, 2016, was \$1,316,965 which management believes is adequate to finance the City's share of any losses.

The City continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including employee health and accident, coverage of the Municipal Airport and bonding of certain employees and elected officials.

There are no significant reductions in insurance coverage from prior years and also there have been no settlements exceeding the insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

9) PENSION PLANS

General Information about the Pension Plans - Miscellaneous

Plan Descriptions – All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City's separate Miscellaneous Plan, an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and Local Government resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided – The Plan is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). A full description of the pension plan regarding number of employees covered, benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding purposes but not accounting purposes), and membership information are listed in the plan's June 30, 2014 Annual Actuarial Valuation Report. Details of the benefits provided can be obtained in Appendix B of the actuarial valuation report. This report is a publically available valuation report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

Year Ended June 30, 2016

9) PENSION PLANS - Continued

The Plan's provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2016, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous		
	Classic	PEPRA	
	Prior to	On or after	
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	2.7% @ 55	2% @ 62	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	
Retirement age	55	62	
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	(1)	(1)	
Required employee contribution rates	8%	6.50%	
Required employer contribution rates	30.134%	6.50%	

(1) - Depending on years of service

Employees Covered – At June 30, 2016, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for the Plan:

	Miscellaneous
Inactive employees or beneficiaries	
currently receiving benfits	168
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet	
receiving benefits	113
Active employees	134

Contributions – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Employer contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended. It is the responsibility of the employer to make necessary accounting adjustments to reflect the impact due to any Employer-Paid Member Contributions or situations where members are paying a portion of the employer contribution.

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2015, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014 rolled forward to June 30, 2015 using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown below.

Year Ended June 30, 2016

9) PENSION PLANS - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	Miscellaneous
Valuation date	June 30, 2014
Measurement date	June 30, 2015
Actuarial cost method	entry-age normal
Actuarial assumptions:	
Discount rate	7.65%
Inflation	2.75%
Payroll growth	3.00%
Projected salary increase	(1)
Investment rate of return	7.65%
Mortality	(2)

- (1) Depending on age, service and type of employment
- (2) Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds.

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of a January 2014 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2011. Further details of the Experience Study can found on the CalPERS website.

Change of Assumptions - GASB 68, paragraph 68 states that the long long-term expected rate of return should be determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The discount rate of 7.50 percent used for the June 30, 2014 measurement date was net of administrative expenses. The discount rate of 7.65 percent used for the June 30, 2015 measurement date is without reduction of pension plan administrative expense.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing of the plans, the tests revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the current 7.65 percent discount rate is appropriate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not deemed necessary. The long-term expected discount rate of 7.65 percent is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under the GASB 68 section. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

Year Ended June 30, 2016

9) PENSION PLANS - Continued

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, staff took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one guarter of one percent.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	New Strategic	Real Return	Real Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Years 1 - 10 (1)	Years 11+ (2)
Global Equity	51%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Fixed Income	19%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation Sensitive	6%	0.45%	3.36%
Private Equity	10%	6.83%	6.95%
Real Estate	10%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure and Forestland	2%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity	2%	-0.55%	-1.05%

- (1) An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period.
- (2) An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period.

Year Ended June 30, 2016

9) PENSION PLANS - Continued

Changes in Net Pension Liability

The changes in the Net Pension Liability for the Miscellaneous Plan follows:

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Pension Plan		Pla	Plan Fiduciary		Net Pension
		Liability	Net Position		Liability/(Asset)	
Balance at June 30, 2014	\$	76,633,341	\$	49,825,618	\$	26,807,723
Changes in the year:						
Service cost		1,612,003		-		1,612,003
Interest on the total pension liability		5,564,428		-		5,564,428
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(1,280,133)		-		(1,280,133)
Changes in assumptions		(1,318,850)		-		(1,318,850)
Contributions from the employer		-		2,156,759		(2,156,759)
Contributions from employees		-		634,373		(634,373)
Net investment income		-		1,106,699		(1,106,699)
Administrative Expenses		-		(55,697)		55,697
Benefit payments, including refunds		(4,205,497)		(4,205,497)		
Net changes		371,951		(363,363)		735,314
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$	77,005,292	\$	49,462,255	\$	27,543,037

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the net pension liability of the Plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.65 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.65 percent) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.65 percent) than the current rate:

	M	Miscellaneous				
1% Decrease Net Pension Liability	\$	6.65% 37,485,857				
Current Discount Rate Net Pension Liability	\$	7.65% 27,543,037				
1% Increase Net Pension Liability	\$	8.65% 19,317,874				

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

Year Ended June 30, 2016

9) PENSION PLANS - Continued

Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense for the Miscellaneous Plan of \$2,392,550. At June 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for the Miscellaneous Plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Def	Deferred Inflows	
	of	Resources	of Resources		
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	2,447,358	\$	-	
Differences between actual and expected experience		-		853,422	
Changes in assumptions		-		879,233	
Net differences between projected and actual					
earnings on plan investments		2,095,891		2,558,953	
		_		_	
Total	\$	4,543,249	\$	4,291,608	

\$2,447,358 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30,	
2017	\$ (1,195,340)
2018	(1,195,339)
2019	(329,010)
2020	523,972
2021	-
Thereafter	-

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2016, the City reported a payable of \$ -0- for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Year Ended June 30, 2016

9) PENSION PLANS - Continued

General Information about the Pension Plans - Safety

Plan Descriptions – All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Plan) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS.) The Plan consists of individual rate plans (benefit tiers) within a safety risk pool (police and fire). Plan assets may be used to pay benefits for any employer rate plan of the safety pool. Accordingly, rate plans within the safety pool are not separate plans under GASB Statement No. 68. Individual employers may sponsor more than one rate plan in the safety pool. The City sponsors five rate plans. Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided – The Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). A full description of the pension plan benefit provisions, assumptions for funding purposes but not accounting purposes, and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2014 Annual Actuarial Valuation Report. Details of the benefits provided can be obtained in Appendix B of the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation report. This report is a publically available valuation report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

	Safety Police	Safety Fire	Safety PEPRA
	Prior to	Prior to	On or after
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	3% @ 50	3% @ 50	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50	50	57
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	Highest single year	Highest single year	3-year average
Required employee contribution rates	9%	9%	11.5%
Required employer contribution rates	20.23% + \$515,204	18.191% + \$279,150	11.923% + \$0

Contributions – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

Beginning in fiscal year 2016, CalPERS collects employer contributions for the Plan as a percentage of payroll for the normal cost portion as noted in the rates above and as a dollar amount for contributions toward the unfunded liability. The dollar amounts are billed on a monthly basis. The City's required contribution for the unfunded liability was \$794,354 in fiscal year 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the contributions recognized as part of pension expense was \$1,309,930.

Year Ended June 30, 2016

9) PENSION PLANS - Continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2016, the City reported a net pension liability for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of \$12,396,053. The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014 rolled forward to June 30, 2015 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2014 and 2015 was as follows:

	Safety
Proportion - June 30, 2014	0.30719%
Proportion - June 30, 2015	0.30084%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	-0.00635%

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$834,225. At June 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	1,520,825	\$ -	
Differences between actual and expected experience		-	145,216	
Changes in assumptions		-	667,902	
Change in employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the				
employer's proportionate share of contributions Net differences between projected and actual		-	153,058	
earnings on plan investments		-	338,497	
Total	\$	1,520,825	\$ 1,304,673	

Year Ended June 30, 2016

9) PENSION PLANS - Continued

\$1,520,825 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ending		
June 30,	_	
2017	\$	(609,178)
2018		(601,470)
2019		(506,580)
2020		412,555
2021		-
Thereafter		-

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	Safety
Valuation date	June 30, 2014
Measurement date	June 30, 2015
Actuarial cost method	entry-age normal
Actuarial assumptions:	
Discount rate	7.65%
Inflation	2.75%
Payroll growth	3.00%
Projected salary increase	(1)
Investment rate of return	7.65%
Mortality	(2)

- (1) Depending on age, service and type of employment
- (2) Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds.

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of a January 2014 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2011. Further details of the Experience Study can be found on the CalPERS website.

Year Ended June 30, 2016

9) PENSION PLANS - Continued

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65% for the Plan. See disclosures above for the Miscellaneous pension plan regarding the discount rate.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate — The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Safety				
1% Decrease		6.65%			
Net Pension Liability	\$	19,875,129			
Current Discount Rate		7.65%			
Net Pension Liability	\$	12,396,053			
1% Increase		8.65%			
Net Pension Liability	\$	6,263,347			

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2016, the City reported a payable of \$0 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2016.

10) RELATED ORGANIZATIONS

The City is a member of various joint powers authorities that provide goods or services to the City and other authority members. Under the criteria established by GASB-14, the City does not have sufficient authority, influence or accountability over these entities to incorporate them in this annual report. Additionally, the City has determined that it has no ongoing financial interest or responsibility for any of these organizations as defined by GASB-14. The names and general functions of these joint powers are as follows:

Northern California Power Agency (NCPA) - NCPA has 14 members including municipal electric utilities, a port authority, an irrigation district, a public utility district, a transportation district; and one associate member entity. The NCPA is generally empowered to purchase, generate, transmit, distribute, and sell electrical energy. Members participate in the projects of the Agency on an elective basis. A Commission comprised of one representative for each member governs the NCPA.

Year Ended June 30, 2016

10) RELATED ORGANIZATIONS - Continued

The City is currently involved in several hydroelectric, geothermal and other energy related projects as a member of this agreement. The NCPA is financed by contributions from member cities, government grants and debt. The City is committed to provide substantial additional financial support for its portion of the actions and projects of the NCPA. During the year ended June 30, 2016, the City paid \$8,660,399 to the NCPA for power supplied by the agency.

The NCPA holds certain funds under a separate member custodial agreement - the general operating reserve. The purpose of the reserve is to allow members to fund all, or a portion, of the contingent liabilities that the NCPA faces at any given time, while providing the individual member with the flexibility to draw upon their part of the reserve, as each member individually deems appropriate. At June 30, 2016, the City's balance held in the reserve was \$6,665,194, of which \$354,795 is restricted for NCPA OPS/Security accounts. Due to the nature of the reserve held by NCPA, the reserve is recorded as an asset in the Electric Fund as Investment in NCPA reserve.

Mendocino Transit Authority - This Agency consists of four Mendocino County cities and the County of Mendocino. The Agency was created to apply for and receive Transportation Development Act, Urban Mass Transportation Act, and other funds as a public transportation operator and to provide public transportation services within Mendocino County. Its activities are primarily financed from fare box revenue and federal and state government grants. A Board of Directors comprised of one member from each city and three members that are appointed by the Mendocino County Board of Supervisors governs the Authority.

Redwood Empire Financing Authority (REFA) - This is an agreement between seven Northern California cities. The Authority is authorized to acquire, through lease purchase, installment sale agreements, or otherwise such property necessary or convenient for the operation of the member cities. A Commission comprised of one member appointed by each member city administers the Authority. As explained previously, the City has entered into various financing arrangements with REFA.

Redwood Empire Municipal Insurance Fund (REMIF) - A group of Northern California cities participate in this agreement to provide themselves with various levels of liability, property and worker's compensation insurance. A Commission comprised of one member appointed by each member city administers the Authority. As explained previously, the City provides for its general and workers' compensation insurance needs through REMIF. Annual premiums paid to the Authority were \$1,004,387. During the year, the City received no distribution from REMIF's liability insurance program.

<u>Transmission Agency of Northern California (TANC)</u> - Members include ten cities, one electric co-op, two irrigation districts, and two public utility districts. The Agency was created to provide electric transmission or other facilities, including real property and rights of way, for the use of its members. A Commission comprised of one representative appointed by each member governs the Agency. The City has authorized its participation in the project up to one percent (1%) of the total.

Mendocino Solid Waste Management Authority (MSWMA) - This Authority consists of three Mendocino County cities and the County of Mendocino. The Agency was created for the purpose of: (a) siting, licensing, developing, constructing, maintaining, and operating disposal sites and sanitary landfills and (b) preparing and implementing a solid waste management plan. A Commission comprised of one member from each city and two members that are appointed by the Mendocino County Board of Supervisors governs the Authority.

Year Ended June 30, 2016

11) CONTINGENCIES

On October 18, 2013, the Ukiah Valley Sanitation District ("District") filed a complaint in the Mendocino County Superior Court seeking in excess of \$20 million alleging that the City overcharged the District for services provided by the City pursuant to a series of agreements, beginning in 1967. The District has alleged that the City has breached various clauses in each of the agreements and amendments entered into from 1967 through 2011. In response, The City has filed a demurrer to the complaint contending the District has failed to allege sufficient facts to avoid the time bar in the Torts Claims Act which required the District to file its claim within one year of when its causes of action accrued. Management is attempting to mediate the dispute to prevent the potential substantial defense costs should the case go to trial. If the case cannot be settled through mediation, the City intends to vigorously contest the District's claim. Management is of the opinion that it is more likely than not that the District will not prevail.

Amounts received from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

12) LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE COSTS

State and federal laws and regulations require that the City place a final cover on its landfill when closed and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for thirty years after closure. In addition to operating expenses related to current activities of the landfill, an expense provision and related liability are being recognized based on the future closure and postclosure care costs that will be incurred near or after the landfill no longer accepts waste. The recognition of these landfill closure and postclosure care costs is based on the amount of landfill used during the year. The estimated liability for landfill closure and postclosure care costs has a balance of \$14,700,370 (including \$634,925 for corrective action liability) as of June 30, 2016, which is based on 100.0% usage (filled) of the landfill. This estimated total current cost of the landfill closure and postclosure care is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, and maintain the landfill were acquired as of June 30, 2016, as determined by the last engineering study performed. However, the actual cost of closure and postclosure care may change due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

The City is required by state and federal laws and regulations to make annual contributions to finance closure and postclosure care. The City is in compliance with these requirements, and at June 30, 2016, held \$8,311,150 within its pooled investments designated for these purposes. The City has made a pledge of future service revenues for anticipated remaining expected costs, future inflation costs, and any additional costs that might arise from changes in postclosure requirements (due to changes in technology or more rigorous environmental regulations, for example).

Year Ended June 30, 2016

13) SERVICE CONTRACTS

The City has entered into several agreements to provide services to the citizens of the City and surrounding areas. The general purpose and description of these contract agreements are as follows:

The City has entered into an agreement with the Ukiah Valley Fire District ("UVFD") to provide firefighting, emergency medical response and hazardous material response services within the corporate limits of the City. The current interim agreement commenced January 1, 2014 and terminates December 31, 2015. Under the terms of the agreement the City will provide fulltime and temporary fire personnel and use of City fire engines, rolling stock and related equipment to the UVFD, as well as making City facilities available to the UVFD. Fire personnel will remain employees of the City, and the City will continue to own all the equipment and facilities affected by the agreement. The UVFD will be responsible for day-to-day management and administration. The City will share in the cost for the employment of the Fire Chief, as well as certain fixed and reimbursable costs. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City paid \$383,415 under the term of the agreement.

The City has entered into a leasing agreement with Tayman Park Golf Group, Inc. ("Lessee") to operate, manage, repair and maintain the City's municipal golf course. The lease includes the 18 hole golf course, clubhouse, and shared usage of City equipment. The Lessee is responsible to provide all services, maintenance, and administration –including setting user fees – for the normal operation of the course. The initial term of the agreement is ten years commencing July 1, 2012, with an option for two (2) additional five (5) year extensions, and cancellable by either party in the event of default. The Lessee must pay to the City rent based on a percentage of gross revenues from course operations and concessions, and reimburse the City for personnel and equipment provided by the City. In addition, the Lessee annually must contribute \$40,000 to a Capital Improvement Project for the benefit of the golf course. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City received \$66,437 in rents. The City reports activities of the golf course as a nonmajor enterprise fund. The cost and carrying amount of assets lease under this agreement were as follows:

	Cost		Accumulated Depreciation		Carrying Value	
Land	\$	1,001,350	\$	-	\$	1,001,350
Land Improvements		308,753		303,503		5,250
Infrastructure Systems:		178,259		178,259		-
Building and Improvements		105,992		86,903		19,089
Rolling Equipment		28,006		28,006		-
Machinery and Equipment		30,390		30,390		
Total	\$	1,652,750	\$	627,061	\$	1,025,689

The City has granted Ukiah Waste Solutions a franchise for mandatory residential and optional commercial garbage collection and disposal. The City has also contracted with Ukiah Waste Solutions to provide a citywide recycling program. The City acts as billing and collecting agent for the residential accounts of Ukiah Waste Solutions. Amounts held by the City on behalf of the corporation are accounted for in the Agency funds.

The City has contracted with the Ukiah Valley Sanitation District to provide processing of the District's wastewater. In addition, the City provides billing, collection and other direct maintenance services for the District. District assets held by the City are accounted for in the Agency funds.

Required Supplementary Information



Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Last 10 Years* Agent Multiple Employer Plan

	Measurement Date			Date
		2015		2014
Total Pension Liability				
Service cost	\$	1,612,003	\$	1,788,902
Interest on total pension liability		5,564,428		5,416,497
Differences between expected and actual experience		(1,280,133)		-
Changes in assumptions		(1,318,850)		-
Changes in benefits		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds		(4,205,497)		(3,795,124)
Net change in total pension liability		371,951		3,410,275
Total pension liability - beginning		76,633,341		73,223,066
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	77,005,292	\$	76,633,341
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions - employer	\$	2,156,759	\$	2,193,059
Contributions - employee		634,373		779,732
Net investment income		1,106,699		7,445,055
Benefit payments		(4,205,497)		(3,795,124)
Administrative Expense		(55,697)		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(363,363)		6,622,722
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		49,825,618		43,202,896
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	49,462,255	\$	49,825,618
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	27,543,037	\$	26,807,723
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		64.23%		65.02%
·	_			
Covered - employee payroll	\$	8,008,361	\$	8,340,257
Net pension liability as percentage of covered-employee payroll		343.93%		321.43%
co. c. c. c. pay. c.		3 10.00 /0		J_ 1.⊣J /0

^{* -} Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, not all 10 years of information is available.

Schedule of Contributions Last 10 Years* Agent Multiple Employer Plan

		2016		2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	2,156,759	\$	2,193,059
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	\$	2,156,759	\$	2,193,059
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	-
Covered-employee payroll	\$	8,008,361	\$	8,340,257
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		26.93%		26.29%
Notes to schedule				
Valuation date:	Ju	ne 30, 2014	Ju	ne 30, 2013

^{* -} Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, not all 10 years of information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY COST SHARING PLAN Last 10 Years*

	Measurement Period						
		2015	2014				
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.18060%		0.18518%			
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	\$	12,396,053	\$	11,522,849			
Covered - Employee Payroll	\$	3,844,242	\$	3,330,571			
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a percentage of Payroll		322.46%		345.97%			
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	:	75.31%		79.27%			

^{* -} Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, not all 10 years of information is available.

SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS COST SHARING PLAN Last 10 Years*

	2016	2015	
Contractually Required Contributions (actuarially determined)	\$ 1,520,825	\$ 1,309,930	
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined	(1,520,825)	(1,309,930)	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 3,844,242	\$ 3,330,571	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	39.56%	39.33%	

Notes to the Schedule of Plan Contributions

Valuation Date: 6/30/2014

^{* -} Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, not all 10 years of information is available.

City of Ukiah Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - General Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2016

	5			Fir	riance with nal Budget
	Budgeted		Actual		Positive
DEVENUE	Original	Final	Amounts	(1	Negative)
REVENUES Taxes:					
	\$ 2,631,618	\$ 2,631,618	\$ 2,641,247	\$	9,629
Property Taxes Sales Taxes	7,669,462	7,669,462	7,714,762	Ф	45,300
Transient Occupancy Taxes	1,052,621	1,052,621	1,229,814		177,193
Business License Taxes	355,772	355,772	360,732		4,960
Property Transfer Tax	30,000	30,000	41,791		11,791
Franchise Fees	1,500,360	1,500,360	1,514,800		14,440
Licenses and Permits	279,226	279,226	341,642		62,416
Fines and Forfeitures	63,696	63,696	78,589		14,893
Interest, Rents and Concession	197,103	197,103	161,676		(35,427)
Intergovernmental	145,594	145,594	165,376		19,782
Charges for Services	994,800	982,855	713,948		(268,907)
Miscellaneous	329,400	329,400	360,302		30,902
		· · · · · ·	<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total Revenues	15,249,652	15,237,707	15,324,679		86,972
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General Government	424,739	446,819	391,859		54,960
Public Safety	9,796,042	9,847,727	10,828,693		(980,966)
Public Works	1,996,363	2,114,251	1,847,237		267,014
Housing and Community Development	363,286	371,457	147,879		223,578
Parks and Recreation	2,112,478	2,124,773	2,081,416		43,357
Capital Outlay	16,575	16,575	16,575		
Total Expenditures	14,709,483	14,921,602	15,313,659		(392,057)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over Expenditures	540,169	316,105	11,020		(305,085)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers	325,364	325,364	345,445		20,081
Transfers Out	(410,856)	(410,856)	(503,358)		(92,502)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(85,492)	(85,492)	(157,913)		(72,421)
Net Change in Fund Balances	454,677	230,613	(146,893)		(377,506)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	5,359,894	5,359,894	5,359,894		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 5,814,571	\$ 5,590,507	\$ 5,213,001	\$	(377,506)

City of Ukiah Notes to Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2016

Budgetary Data

General Budget Policies

The City Council approves the annual budget submitted by the City Manager prior to the beginning of the new fiscal year. Public hearings are conducted prior to its adoption by Council. Supplemental appropriations, where required during the period, are also approved by the Council. There were several supplemental appropriations required during the year. At fiscal year-end, all operating budget appropriations lapse.

Expenditures are monitored at the fund level for all funds with a legally adopted budget. These levels are considered the legal level of control.

Department heads are authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within their departments, within the same fund, with the approval of the City Manager. Transfers of appropriations between departments may be made only by authority of the City Manager. Transfers of appropriations between funds may be made only by authority of the City Council. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the fiscal year for all governmental funds.

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for all governmental funds except for certain special revenue and capital projects funds, which adopt project-length budgets.

Encumbrances

Encumbrances are estimations of costs related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. These commitments are recorded for budgetary control purposes in the General, Special Revenue and similar governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as a committed fund balance. They represent the estimated amount of the expenditure ultimately to result if unperformed contracts in process at year-end are completed. They do not constitute expenditures or estimated liabilities.

The City did not adopt a budget for the Observatory Park Special Revenue Fund, the Playground and Park Amenities Special Revenue Fund, the Swimming Pool Special Revenue Fund, the Skate Park Special Revenue Fund, the Softball Complex Special Revenue Fund, the Local Law Enforcement Special Revenue Fund, the Special Police Special Revenue Fund, the STIP Augmentation Special Revenue Fund, the FEMA Special Revenue Fund, and the City Housing Bond Proceeds Capital Projects Fund.

Optional Supplementary Information

Nonmajor funds combining financial statements, budgetary schedules, combining internal service funds, and combining fiduciary funds.



City of Ukiah Combining Balance Sheet Non-major Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

	Special Revenue								
	Dev	Park Anton Development Stadium				rvatory ark	Playground and Park Amenities		
ASSETS									
Cash and Investments	\$	31,505	\$	32,329	\$	-	\$	2,532	
Cash with Fiscal Agent Receivables:		-		-		-		-	
Accounts		_		_		_		_	
Interest		-		67		-		5	
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-	
Long-term Notes Prepaid Expenditures		-		-		-		-	
Land Held for Resale		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Total Assets	\$	31,505	\$	32,396	\$		\$	2,537	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts Payable	\$	6,048	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Accrued Salaries and Benefits		-		-		-		-	
Due to Other Funds Advances from Other Funds		-		-		-		-	
/tavarious from Carlot Farings									
Total Liabilities		6,048							
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenues - Grants		_		-		_		_	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		-		_	
FUND BALANCES									
Restricted		25,457		32,396		-		2,537	
Assigned		-		-		-		-	
Unassigned									
Total Fund Balances		25,457		32,396				2,537	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of									
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	31,505	\$	32,396	\$	-	\$	2,537	

Special Revenue

					ial Revenu	1	Museum			Sup	plemental
Sv	vimming Pool	rside ark	State Park		oftball		Grants Prop 84		Asset Seizure		Law
	P00I	 ai K	 Park		omplex	1 10p 0 4		Seizure		Enforcement	
\$	11,741 -	\$ -	\$ 11,220	\$	6,452 -	\$	19 -	\$	75,413 -	\$	1,916 -
	- 24 - -	- - - -	- 23 - -		- 13 - -		364,941 243,136		177 50,684 -		- - 11,253 -
			 _						_		_
\$	11,765	\$ 	\$ 11,243	\$	6,465	\$	608,096	\$	126,274	\$	13,169
\$	- - -	\$ - - -	\$ -	\$	- - -	\$	257,959 - 368,577	\$	4,050 - -	\$	2,699 -
	148,000		 				-				
	148,000	 	 	-	<u>-</u>		626,536		4,050	-	2,699
		 	 				243,136				<u>-</u> _
		 	<u>-</u> _				243,136		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u> _
	-	-	11,243		6,465		-		122,224		-
	(136,235 <u>)</u>		 <u> </u>		<u> </u>		(261,576)			1	10,470
	(136,235)	 	 11,243		6,465		(261,576)		122,224		10,470
\$	11,765	\$ 	\$ 11,243	\$	6,465	\$	608,096	\$	126,274	\$	13,169

Continued

City of Ukiah Combining Balance Sheet Non-major Governmental Funds - Continued June 30, 2016

	Special Revenue							
	Local	Law		Asset				
	Enforc	ement	Forfeiture		Special			Special
	Block	Grant	114	70.2 H&S	Police		Revenue	
ASSETS	•		•	07.000	•	500	•	
Cash and Investments	\$	-	\$	37,303	\$	583	\$	-
Cash with Fiscal Agent		-		-		-		-
Receivables: Accounts						24 250		
Interest		-		80		31,250 150		-
Interest Intergovernmental		-		00		150		-
Long-term Notes		-		-		-		-
Prepaid Expenditures		_		-		_		<u>-</u>
Land Held for Resale		_		_		_		_
Land Held for Nesale	-	<u>-</u>						
Total Assets	\$		\$	37,383	\$	31,983	\$	
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,836
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	1,000
Due to Other Funds		_		_		_		_
Advances from Other Funds		_		_		_		_
							-	
Total Liabilities								1,836
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Revenues - Grants		-		-		_		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources			-				-	
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted		-		37,383		31,983		(1,836)
Assigned		-		-		-		· -
Unassigned	_							
Total Fund Balances				37,383		31,983		(1,836)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources and Fund Balances	\$		\$	37,383	\$	31,983	\$	

Special Revenue

						Spec	cial Revenu	e					
ARC General Operating		Signalization		Gas Tax 2106			Gas Tax 2107		as Tax 107.5	G	Sas Tax 2105	STIP Augmentation	
\$	- -	\$	434,887	\$	13,702	\$	114 -	\$	199 -	\$	27,798	\$	-
	-		- 906		- 14		- 57		-		- 118		-
			- - -		- - -		-		- - -		- -		- - -
\$	<u>-</u>	\$	435,793	\$	13,716	\$	<u>-</u> 171	\$	 199	\$	27,916	\$	
\$	6,201	\$		\$	-	\$	23,371	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
	809 43,818 -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -
	50,828						23,371						
									-		-		
	(50,828)		435,793 - -		13,716 - -		(23,200)		199 - -		27,916 - -		- - -
	(50,828)		435,793		13,716		(23,200)		199		27,916		
\$		\$	435,793	\$	13,716	\$	171	\$	199	\$	27,916	\$	

Continued

City of Ukiah Combining Balance Sheet Non-major Governmental Funds - Continued June 30, 2016

	Special Revenue							
	CDBG Grants	HOME Grants	FEMA Grants	SB325 Reimbursement				
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments	\$ 175,081	\$ 6,409	\$ 31,357	\$ 108,525				
Cash with Fiscal Agent	-	-	-	-				
Receivables: Accounts								
Interest	458	-	-	_				
Intergovernmental	188,940	_	_	_				
Long-term Notes	2,005,116	1,579,141	-	-				
Prepaid Expenditures	-	-	-	-				
Land Held for Resale								
Total Assets	\$ 2,369,595	\$ 1,585,550	\$ 31,357	\$ 108,525				
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	-	-	-	-				
Due to Other Funds	187,761	-	-	-				
Advances from Other Funds		- _						
Total Liabilities	187,761							
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Revenues - Grants	38,094	42,174	3,600					
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	38,094	42,174	3,600					
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted	2,143,740	1,543,376	27,757	108,525				
Assigned	-	-	-	-				
Unassigned								
Total Fund Balances	2,143,740	1,543,376	27,757	108,525				
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 2,369,595	\$ 1,585,550	\$ 31,357	\$ 108,525				

		Specia	l Rev	enue		Capital Projects					
 State STP	Co	ongestion Relief	N	1useum_	 LMIHF Housing Asset	E	Equipment Reserve		Special Project Reserve		Capital rovement
\$ 108,327	\$	649,211	\$	27,003	\$ 49,058 -	\$	1,606,363	\$	1,953,455	\$	- -
		- 1,328		1,396 47	1,000 102		- 3,517		1,500 4,265		
- - -		- - -		- - -	1,751,327		- - -		- - -		- - -
\$ 108,327	\$	650,539	\$	28,446	\$ 2,435,114 4,236,601	\$	1,609,880	\$	1,959,220	\$	
\$ - -	\$	- -	\$	5,039 27,810	\$ - -	\$	146,447 -	\$	63,969 -	\$	- -
<u>-</u>		-			 <u>-</u>				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
 				32,849	 -		146,447		63,969		-
 		-		-	 13,171 13,171		-		<u>-</u> -		
108,327		650,539		-	 4,223,430		-		-		-
 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		(4,403)	 <u>-</u>		1,463,433		1,895,251 -		<u>-</u>
 108,327		650,539		(4,403)	 4,223,430		1,463,433		1,895,251		<u>-</u>
\$ 108,327	\$	650,539	\$	28,446	\$ 4,236,601	\$	1,609,880	\$	1,959,220	\$	

Continued

City of Ukiah Combining Balance Sheet Non-major Governmental Funds - Continued June 30, 2016

	Capital Projects City Housing Bond Proceeds	Total Non-major Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and Investments	\$ -	\$ 5,402,502
Cash with Fiscal Agent Receivables:	2,748,907	2,748,907
Accounts	_	35,146
Interest	_	11,351
Intergovernmental	-	615,818
Long-term Notes	-	5,578,720
Prepaid Expenditures	-	-
Land Held for Resale		2,435,114
Total Assets	\$ 2,748,907	\$ 16,827,558
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$ 514,920
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	-	31,318
Due to Other Funds	-	600,156
Advances from Other Funds		148,000
Total Liabilities		1,294,394
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Unavailable Revenues - Grants		340,175
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		340,175
FUND BALANCES		
Restricted	2,748,907	12,276,877
Assigned	-	3,358,684
Unassigned		(442,572)
Total Fund Balances	2,748,907	15,192,989
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of		
Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 2,748,907	\$ 16,827,558

City of Ukiah Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-major Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Special Revenue							
	Park Development		Anton Stadium		Observatory Park		an	/ground d Park enities
REVENUES Interest, Rents and Concessions Intergovernmental Charges for Services Miscellaneous	\$	(139) 142,800 3,399	\$	528 - - -	\$	(1) - - -	\$	39 - - -
Total Revenues		146,060		528		(1)		39
EXPENDITURES Current: General Government Public Safety		- -		- -		- -		- -
Public Works Housing and Community Development Parks and Recreation Capital Outlay		51,341 91,080		3,670 345		- - - -		- - - -
Total Expenditures		142,421		4,015				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		3,639		(3,487)		(1)		39
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out		(20)		- -		137		- -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(20)				137		
Net Change in Fund Balances		3,619		(3,487)		136		39
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		21,838		35,883		(136)		2,498
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	25,457	\$	32,396	\$		\$	2,537

Special Revenue

					Speci	al Revenu	е			
_		Ď.		01.1	0	60 0	Museum	Δ .	Sup	plemental
٤	Swimming Pool		erside Park	State Park		oftball omplex	Grants Prop 84	Asset Seizure	Law Enforcement	
	1 001	'	air	 Tark		Jilipiex	1 10p 04	 <u>Jeizure</u>		lorcement
\$	184 -	\$	-	\$ 177 -	\$	102 -	\$ (2,360) 1,107,615	\$ 1,418 131,233	\$	(207) 101,978
	- 750			 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
	934			177		102	1,105,255	 132,651		101,771
	-		-	-		-	-	144,207		- 104,971
	-		-	-		-	-	-		-
	-		-	-		-	- 55,357	-		-
				 			1,287,728	 		
				<u> </u>			1,343,085	144,207		104,971
	934			 177		102	(237,830)	 (11,556)		(3,200)
	<u>-</u>		20	- -		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	 - -		21,101
			20	 				 		21,101
	934		20	177		102	(237,830)	(11,556)		17,901
	(137,169)		(20)	11,066		6,363	(23,746)	 133,780		(7,431)
\$	(136,235)	\$		\$ 11,243	\$	6,465	\$ (261,576)	\$ 122,224	\$	10,470

Continued

City of Ukiah Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-major Governmental Funds - Continued Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Special Revenue						
	Local Law Enforcement Block Grant	Asset Forfeiture 11470.2 H&S	Special Police	Special Revenue			
REVENUES Interest, Rents and Concessions Intergovernmental Charges for Services Miscellaneous	\$ (158) - - - -	\$ 692 10,575 - -	\$ 1,464 125,000 -	\$ 820 106,133 - -			
Total Revenues	(158)	11,267	126,464	106,953			
EXPENDITURES Current: General Government Public Safety Public Works Housing and Community Development Parks and Recreation Capital Outlay Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	- - - - - - (158)	18,897 - - - - 18,897 (7,630)	- - - - - - 126,464	571,646 571,646 (464,693)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	16,489 	<u>-</u>	(196,503)	54,424			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	16,489		(196,503)	54,424			
Net Change in Fund Balances	16,331	(7,630)	(70,039)	(410,269)			
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	(16,331)	45,013	102,022	408,433			
Fund Balances, End of Year	<u>\$</u>	\$ 37,383	\$ 31,983	\$ (1,836)			

Special Revenue

Special Revenue										
ARC General perating	Sig	nalization	G	Sas Tax 2106		Gas Tax 2107		as Tax 107.5	 Gas Tax 2105	STIP nentation
\$ 66,376 - 8,004	\$	6,832 7,245	\$	83 66,106	\$	514 117,522 -	\$	2 4,000	\$ 940 90,253	\$ - -
 74,380		14,077		66,189		118,036		4,002	 91,193	<u>-</u>
_		_		_		_		_	_	_
-		-		-		-		-	-	-
- 101,071		-		-		-		-	-	-
 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		- 186,499		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>	 - -
 101,071						186,499			 	
(26,691)		14,077		66,189		(68,463)		4,002	91,193	
 - -		- -		- (52,473)		36,815 <u>-</u>		- (4,000)	- (129,284)	 - -
<u> </u>				(52,473)		36,815		(4,000)	(129,284)	
(26,691)		14,077		13,716		(31,648)		2	(38,091)	-
 (24,137)		421,716				8,448		197	66,007	
\$ (50,828)	\$	435,793	\$	13,716	\$	(23,200)	\$	199	\$ 27,916	\$

Continued

City of Ukiah Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-major Governmental Funds - Continued Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Special Revenue						
	CDBG Grants	HOME Grants	FEMA Grants	SB325 Reimbursement			
REVENUES Interest, Rents and Concessions Intergovernmental Charges for Services Miscellaneous	\$ 10,062 576,319 - 	\$ - - - -	\$ - 12,873 - -	\$ - 64,019 - -			
Total Revenues	586,381		12,873	64,019			
EXPENDITURES Current: General Government Public Safety Public Works Housing and Community Development Parks and Recreation Capital Outlay Total Expenditures	621,500 621,500	- - - - - -	- - - - - - -	- - - - - 64,019 64,019			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(35,119)		12,873				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	108	- -	- -				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	108			<u>-</u>			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(35,011)	-	12,873	-			
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	2,178,751	1,543,376	14,884	108,525			
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 2,143,740	\$ 1,543,376	\$ 27,757	\$ 108,525			

	Special	Revenue		Capital Projects						
State STP	Congestion Relief	Museum	LMIHF Housing Asset	Equipment Reserve	Special Project Reserve	Capital Improvement				
\$ - - -	\$ 10,429 82,577 3,534	\$ (713) - 26,189 50,000	\$ 12,728 - - -	\$ 28,424 - - -	\$ 32,761 - - -	\$ - - - -				
	96,540	75,476	12,728	28,424	32,761					
-	-	96,889	-	53,686	-	-				
- - -	137,564 -	- -	- - -	122,977 -	65,436 -	- - -				
	66,267	425,072		128,858	199,201	<u> </u>				
	203,831	521,961		305,521	264,637					
	(107,291)	(446,485)	12,728	(277,097)	(231,876)					
- -	<u>-</u>	465,524 	<u>-</u>	- (473,540)	- (54,424)	<u>-</u>				
		465,524		(473,540)	(54,424)					
-	(107,291)	19,039	12,728	(750,637)	(286,300)	-				
108,327	757,830	(23,442)	4,210,702	2,214,070	2,181,551					
\$ 108,327	\$ 650,539	\$ (4,403)	\$ 4,223,430	\$ 1,463,433	\$ 1,895,251	\$ -				

Continued

City of Ukiah Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-major Governmental Funds - Continued Year Ended June 30, 2016

		apital ojects		
	Hous	City ing Bond oceeds	1	Total Non-major Funds
REVENUES Interest, Rents and Concessions Intergovernmental Charges for Services Miscellaneous Total Revenues	\$	3,500	\$	174,497 2,746,248 41,126 50,750 3,012,621
EXPENDITURES Current:				
General Government		-		150,575
Public Safety		-		268,075
Public Works Housing and Community Development		-		325,977 722,571
Parks and Recreation		_		535,440
Capital Outlay		_		2,595,643
Total Expenditures				4,598,281
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		3,500		(1,585,660)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In		-		594,618
Transfers Out				(910,244)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				(315,626)
Net Change in Fund Balances		3,500		(1,901,286)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	2	,745,407		17,094,275
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 2	,748,907	\$	15,192,989

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Park Development Special Revenue Fund

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Interest, Rents and Concessions Intergovernmental Charges for Services	\$ 218 282,800 -	\$ 218 282,800	\$ (139) 142,800 3,399	\$ (357) (140,000) 3,399	
Total Revenues	283,018	(136,958)			
EXPENDITURES Current:	440.000	440.000	54.044	00.050	
Parks and Recreation Capital Outlay	140,000 142,800	140,000 142,800	51,341 91,080	88,659 51,720	
Total Expenditures	282,800	282,800	142,421	140,379	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	218	218	3,639	3,421	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	<u>-</u>	- -	(20)	(20)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			(20)	(20)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	218	218	3,619	3,401	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	21,838	21,838	21,838		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 22,056	\$ 22,056	\$ 25,457	\$ 3,401	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Anton Stadium Special Revenue Fund

	Budge Original	ted Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Interest, Rents and Concessions Intergovernmental	\$	- \$ -	- \$ 528 	\$ 528 -	
Charges for Services	18,00	0 18,000		18,000	
Total Revenues	18,00	0 18,000	528	(17,472)	
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Parks and Recreation Capital Outlay	18,00	- 0 18,000	- 3,670 0 345	(3,670) 17,655	
Total Expenditures	18,00	0 18,000	4,015	13,985	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		<u>-</u>	- (3,487)	(3,487)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out		<u>-</u>	- - -	- - <u>-</u>	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>		
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	- (3,487)	(3,487)	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	35,88	35,883	35,883	-	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 35,88	3 \$ 35,883	32,396	\$ (3,487)	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Museum Grants Prop 84 Special Revenue Fund

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES Interest, Rents and Concessions Intergovernmental	\$ - 2,300,000	\$ - 2,300,000	\$ (2,360) 1,107,615	\$ (2,360) (1,192,385)
Total Revenues	2,300,000	2,300,000	1,105,255	(1,194,745)
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Parks and Recreation Capital Outlay	2,300,000	75,483 2,560,000	55,357 1,287,728	20,126 1,272,272
Total Expenditures	2,300,000	2,635,483	1,343,085	1,292,398
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(335,483)	(237,830)	97,653
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out			<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	(335,483)	(237,830)	97,653
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	(23,746)	(23,746)	(23,746)	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ (23,746)	\$ (359,229)	\$ (261,576)	\$ 97,653

City of Ukiah Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Asset Seizure Special Revenue Fund

	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Interest, Rents and Concessions Intergovernmental	\$ - -	\$ - 	\$ 1,418 131,233	\$ 1,418 131,233	
Total Revenues			132,651	132,651	
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Safety Capital Outlay	- -	18,283 -	144,207 -	(125,924) -	
Total Expenditures		18,283	144,207	(125,924)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(18,283)	(11,556)	6,727	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out				<u>-</u>	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	(18,283)	(11,556)	6,727	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	133,780	133,780	133,780		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 133,780	\$ 115,497	\$ 122,224	\$ 6,727	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Supplemental Law Enforcement Special Revenue Fund

	 Budgeted	Amo		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	 Original		<u>Final</u>		Amounts		(Negative)	
REVENUES Interest, Rents and Concessions	\$ 500	\$	500	\$	(207)	\$	(707)	
Intergovernmental	100,000		100,000		101,978		1,978	
Total Revenues	 100,500		100,500		101,771		1,271	
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Public Safety Capital Outlay	 110,571 -		110,571 -		104,971 -		5,600 -	
Total Expenditures	 110,571		110,571		104,971		5,600	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(10,071)		(10,071)		(3,200)		6,871	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	 - -		- -		21,101		21,101	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 				21,101		21,101	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(10,071)		(10,071)		17,901		27,972	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 (7,431)		(7,431)		(7,431)			
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ (17,502)	\$	(17,502)	\$	10,470	\$	27,972	

City of Ukiah Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Asset Forfeiture Special Revenue Fund

		Budgeted	Amo		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
		riginal		Final				
REVENUES Interest, Rents and Concessions Intergovernmental	\$	1,624 -	\$	1,624 	\$	692 10,575	\$	(932) 10,575
Total Revenues	-	1,624		1,624	-	11,267		9,643
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Safety Capital Outlay		-		17,630		18,897		(1,267)
Total Expenditures		<u>-</u>		17,630		18,897		(1,267)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		1,624		(16,006)		(7,630)		8,376
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out		- -		- -		- -		- -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,624		(16,006)		(7,630)		8,376
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		45,013		45,013		45,013		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	46,637	\$	29,007	\$	37,383	\$	8,376

City of Ukiah Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Special Revenue Fund

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Interest, Rents and Concessions Intergovernmental	\$ 6,139 2,203,500	\$ 6,139 2,203,500	\$ 820 106,133	\$ (5,319) (2,097,367)
Total Revenues	2,209,639	2,209,639	106,953	(2,102,686)
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Safety Capital Outlay	- 2,204,000	- 2,557,357	- 571,646	- 1,985,711
Total Expenditures	2,204,000	2,557,357	571,646	1,985,711
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	5,639	(347,718)	(464,693)	(116,975)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	54,424 	54,424
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>-</u>		54,424	54,424
Net Change in Fund Balance	5,639	(347,718)	(410,269)	(62,551)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	408,433	408,433	408,433	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 414,072	\$ 60,715	\$ (1,836)	\$ (62,551)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - ARC General Operating Special Revenue Fund

	Budgeted	Amo	unts	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	 Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
REVENUES Interest, Rents and Concessions Charges for Services	\$ 68,016 20,000	\$	68,016 28,004	\$	66,376 8,004	\$	(1,640) (20,000)	
Total Revenues	 88,016		96,020		74,380		(21,640)	
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Housing and Community Development Capital Outlay	 88,016 <u>-</u>		88,166 <u>-</u>		101,071 <u>-</u>		(12,905)	
Total Expenditures	88,016		88,166		101,071		(12,905)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures			7,854		(26,691)		(34,545)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	- -		- -		- -		- -	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Net Change in Fund Balance	-		7,854		(26,691)		(34,545)	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 (24,137)		(24,137)		(24,137)			
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ (24,137)	\$	(16,283)	\$	(50,828)	\$	(34,545)	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Signalization Special Revenue Fund

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts		ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES Interest, Rents and Concessions Intergovernmental	\$	3,372	\$	3,372	\$	6,832 7,245	\$	3,460 7,245
Total Revenues		3,372		3,372		14,077		10,705
EXPENDITURES Current: Housing and Community Development Capital Outlay		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		- -
Total Expenditures								
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		3,372		3,372		14,077		10,705
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out		<u>-</u>		- -		- -		- -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Net Change in Fund Balance		3,372		3,372		14,077		10,705
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		421,716		421,716		421,716		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	425,088	\$	425,088	\$	435,793	\$	10,705

City of Ukiah Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Gas Tax 2106 Special Revenue Fund

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Interest, Rents and Concessions Charges for Services	\$	424 52,473	\$	424 52,473	\$	83 66,106	\$	(341) 13,633
Total Revenues		52,897		52,897		66,189		13,292
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Works Capital Outlay		- -		- -		<u>-</u>		- -
Total Expenditures								
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		52,897		52,897		66,189		13,292
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out		- (52,473)		- (52,473)		- (52,473)		- -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(52,473)		(52,473)		(52,473)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		424		424		13,716		13,292
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year								
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	424	\$	424	\$	13,716	\$	13,292

City of Ukiah Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Gas Tax 2107 Special Revenue Fund

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Interest, Rents and Concessions Charges for Services	\$ 83 126,422	\$ 83 126,422	\$ 514 117,522	\$ 431 (8,900)	
Total Revenues	126,505	126,505	118,036	(8,469)	
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Works Capital Outlay	<u>-</u>	- 136,735	- 186,499	- (49,764)	
Total Expenditures	<u>-</u> _	136,735	186,499	(49,764)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	126,505	(10,230)	(68,463)	(58,233)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	(126,422)	- (126,422)	36,815 	36,815 126,422	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(126,422)	(126,422)	36,815	163,237	
Net Change in Fund Balance	83	(136,652)	(31,648)	105,004	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	8,448	8,448	8,448		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 8,531	\$ (128,204)	\$ (23,200)	\$ 105,004	

City of Ukiah Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Gas Tax 2107.5 Special Revenue Fund

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Interest, Rents and Concessions Charges for Services	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	2 4,000	\$	2
Total Revenues		4,000		4,000		4,002		2
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Works Capital Outlay		- -		- -		- -		<u>-</u>
Total Expenditures								
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		4,000		4,000		4,002		2
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out		- (4,000)		- (4,000)		- (4,000)		- -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(4,000)		(4,000)		(4,000)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		2		2
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		197		197		197		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	197	\$	197	\$	199	\$	2

City of Ukiah Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Gas Tax 2105 Special Revenue Fund

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Interest, Rents and Concessions Charges for Services	\$	21 92,469	\$	21 92,469	\$ 940 90,253	\$	919 (2,216)
Total Revenues		92,490		92,490	91,193		(1,297)
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Works Capital Outlay		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	- -		<u>-</u>
Total Expenditures					 		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		92,490		92,490	91,193		(1,297)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out		(92,469)		(92,469)	- (129,284)		- (36,815)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(92,469)		(92,469)	(129,284)		(36,815)
Net Change in Fund Balance		21		21	(38,091)		(38,112)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		66,007		66,007	66,007		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	66,028	\$	66,028	\$ 27,916	\$	(38,112)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - CDBG Grants Special Revenue Fund

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Tillal	7 tiriodinto	(110gaaro)
REVENUES Interest, Rents and Concessions Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$ - 1,302,545 -	\$ - 1,302,545 -	\$ 10,062 576,319	\$ 10,062 (726,226)
Total Revenues	1,302,545	1,302,545	586,381	(716,164)
EXPENDITURES Current: Housing and Community Development Capital Outlay	1,302,545	1,419,283 -	621,500 -	797,783 -
Total Expenditures	1,302,545	1,419,283	621,500	797,783
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	<u>-</u> _	(116,738)	(35,119)	81,619
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	108 	108
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			108	108
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	(116,738)	(35,011)	81,727
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	2,178,751	2,178,751	2,178,751	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 2,178,751	\$ 2,062,013	\$ 2,143,740	\$ 81,727

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - HOME Grants Special Revenue Fund

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Interest, Rents and Concessions Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -
Total Revenues				
EXPENDITURES Current: Housing and Community Development Capital Outlay		392,006 	<u>-</u>	392,006
Total Expenditures		392,006		392,006
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(392,006)		392,006
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	(392,006)	-	392,006
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	1,543,376	1,543,376	1,543,376	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 1,543,376	\$ 1,151,370	\$ 1,543,376	\$ 392,006

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - SB 325 Reimbursement Special Revenue Fund

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts		ance with al Budget cositive egative)
		Original		ГПа		Milounts	(14	egalive)
REVENUES Interest, Rents and Concessions Intergovernmental	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	- 64,019	\$	- 64,019
Total Revenues		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		64,019		64,019
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Works								
Capital Outlay		<u>-</u>		70,837		64,019		6,818
Total Expenditures				70,837		64,019		6,818
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures				(70,837)				70,837
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out		- -		- -		- -		- -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		(70,837)		-		70,837
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		108,525		108,525		108,525		<u>-</u>
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	108,525	\$	37,688	\$	108,525	\$	70,837

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - State STP Reimbursement Special Revenue Fund

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
DEVENUE					
REVENUES Interest, Rents and Concessions	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Intergovernmental	350,500	350,500	- <u>-</u>	(350,500)	
Total Revenues	350,500	350,500		(350,500)	
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Public Works	-	-	-	-	
Capital Outlay	387,000	387,000		387,000	
Total Expenditures	387,000	387,000		387,000	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(36,500)	(36,500)		36,500	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In Transfers Out					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Net Change in Fund Balance	(36,500)	(36,500)	-	36,500	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	108,327	108,327	108,327		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 71,827	\$ 71,827	\$ 108,327	\$ 36,500	

City of Ukiah Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Congestion Relief Special Revenue Fund

	Budgeted	I Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES Interest, Rents and Concessions Intergovernmental Charges for Services	\$ 5,717 73,311 -	\$ 5,717 73,311 	\$ 10,429 82,577 3,534	\$ 4,712 9,266 3,534
Total Revenues	79,028	79,028	96,540	17,512
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Works Capital Outlay	400,000	400,000 141,858	137,564 66,267	262,436
Total Expenditures	400,000	541,858	203,831	338,027
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(320,972)	(462,830)	(107,291)	355,539
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Net Change in Fund Balance	(320,972)	(462,830)	(107,291)	355,539
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	757,830	757,830	757,830	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 436,858	\$ 295,000	\$ 650,539	\$ 355,539

City of Ukiah Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Museum Special Revenue Fund

	Budgeted		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES Interest, Rents and Concessions Charges for Services Miscellaneous	\$ - 29,000 50,000	\$ - 29,000 50,000	\$ (713) 26,189 50,000	\$ (713) (2,811)
Total Revenues	79,000	79,000	75,476	(3,524)
EXPENDITURES Current:				
General Government Housing and Community Development Capital Outlay	113,241 370,293 	113,567 372,808 	96,889 425,072 	16,678 (52,264)
Total Expenditures	483,534	486,375	521,961	(35,586)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(404,534)	(407,375)	(446,485)	(39,110)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	410,856 	410,856 (16,000)	465,524 	54,668 16,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	410,856	394,856	465,524	70,668
Net Change in Fund Balance	6,322	(12,519)	19,039	31,558
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	(23,442)	(23,442)	(23,442)	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ (17,120)	\$ (35,961)	\$ (4,403)	\$ 31,558

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - LMIHF Housing Asset Special Revenue Fund

		I Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES Interest, Rents and Concessions Charges for Services Miscellaneous	\$ 12,239 - -	\$ 12,239 - -	\$ 12,728 - -	\$ 489 - -	
Total Revenues	12,239	12,239	12,728	489	
EXPENDITURES Current: Housing and Community Development Capital Outlay			- -	- -	
Total Expenditures					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	12,239	12,239	12,728	489_	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				<u> </u>	
Net Change in Fund Balance	12,239	12,239	12,728	489	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	4,210,702	4,210,702	4,210,702		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 4,222,941	\$ 4,222,941	\$ 4,223,430	\$ 489	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Equipment Reserve Capital Projects Fund

	Budgeted		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES Interest, Rents and Concessions Charges for Services Miscellaneous	\$ 21,403 - -	\$ 21,403 - -	\$ 28,424 - -	\$ 7,021 - -
Total Revenues	21,403	21,403	28,424	7,021
EXPENDITURES Current:				
General Government	-	-	53,686	(53,686)
Public Works	-	-	122,977	(122,977)
Capital Outlay	930,546	1,513,476	128,858	1,384,618
Total Expenditures	930,546	1,513,476	305,521	1,207,955
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(909,143)	(1,492,073)	(277,097)	1,214,976
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	583,684	599,684 	- (473,540)	(599,684) (473,540)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	583,684	599,684	(473,540)	(1,073,224)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(325,459)	(892,389)	(750,637)	141,752
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	2,214,070	2,214,070	2,214,070	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 1,888,611	\$ 1,321,681	\$ 1,463,433	\$ 141,752

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Special Project Reserve Capital Projects Fund

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES Interest, Rents and Concessions Charges for Services Miscellaneous	\$ 18,835 - -	\$ 18,835 - -	\$ 32,761 - -	\$ 13,926 - -
Total Revenues	18,835	18,835	32,761	13,926
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Works Capital Outlay	1,053,948	- 1,042,991	65,436 199,201	(65,436) 843,790
Total Expenditures	1,053,948	1,042,991	264,637	778,354
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(1,035,113)	(1,024,156)	(231,876)	792,280
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	863,000 (250,000)	863,000 (250,000)	- (54,424)	(863,000) 195,576
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	613,000	613,000	(54,424)	(667,424)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(422,113)	(411,156)	(286,300)	124,856
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	2,181,551	2,181,551	2,181,551	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 1,759,438	\$ 1,770,395 \$ 1,895,25		\$ 124,856

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund

	Budgeted Amounts Actual Original Final Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Interest, Rents and Concessions Charges for Services Miscellaneous	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -
Total Revenues								
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Works Capital Outlay		<u>-</u>		- 3,901		- -		- 3,901
Total Expenditures		_		3,901				3,901
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures				(3,901)				3,901
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out		- -		- -		- -		- -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		(3,901)		-		3,901
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year								
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	_	\$	(3,901)	\$		\$	3,901

City of Ukiah Combining Statement of Net Position Non-major Enterprise Funds June 30, 2016

	Parking District		Street Lighting		Airport		Conference Center	
ASSETS								
Current Assets: Cash and Investments Receivables:	\$	28,065	\$	183,619	\$	109,285	\$	11,979
Accounts (Net) Interest Notes - current portion		6,213 82 -		19,103 422 -		38,931 501 -		12,584 48 -
Total Current Assets		34,360		203,144		148,717		24,611
Noncurrent Assets: Capital Assets: Land Land Improvements Infrastructure Systems		183,871 - 77,682		- - -		271,957 1,290,900 1,055,148		372,750 - -
Buildings and Improvements Rolling Equipment Machinery and Equipment Construction in Progress		33,043 - -		- - - 109,247		542,677 262,330 101,214 899,731		2,294,473 - 53,094 -
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(47,384)				(2,350,131)		(1,084,770)
Total Noncurrent Assets		247,212		109,247		2,073,826		1,635,547
Total Assets		281,572		312,391		2,222,543		1,660,158
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Salaries and Benefits Due to Other Funds Customer Deposits Interest Payable		2,579 - - - -		17,498 4,020 - - -		23,697 11,930 - 4,313		6,711 6,024 - 2,162
Total Current Liabilities		2,579		21,518		39,940		14,897
Noncurrent Liabilities: Compensated Absences Advances from Other Funds		- -		7,668 <u>-</u>		15,643 		7,010 <u>-</u>
Total Current Liabilities				7,668		15,643		7,010
Total Liabilities		2,579		29,186		55,583		21,907
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted		247,212 31,781		109,247 173,958		2,073,826 93,134		1,635,547 2,704
Total Net Position	\$	278,993	\$	283,205	\$	2,166,960	\$	1,638,251

Golf Course	Totals
\$ -	\$ 332,948
6,673	83,504 1,053
36,500	36,500
43,173	454,005
1,001,350	1,829,928
308,753	1,599,653
178,259 105,992	1,311,089 2,943,142
28,006	323,379
30,390	184,698
-	1,008,978
(627,061)	(4,109,346)
1,025,689	5,091,521
1,068,862	5,545,526
173	50,658
851	22,825
-	6,475
2,390	2,390
3,414	82,348
2,166	32,487
936,449	936,449
938,615	968,936
942,029	1,051,284
1,025,689 (898,856)	5,091,521 (597,279)
\$ 126,833	\$ 4,494,242

City of Ukiah Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Non-major Enterprise Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Parking Stre District Light		Airport	Conference Center
OPERATING REVENUES	District	Lighting	Allpoit	OCITICI
Charges for Services	\$ 63,79	0 \$ 187,414	\$ 18,626	\$ -
Sales of Fuel	,	- · · -	832,486	-
Facility Rents			258,594	335,099
Miscellaneous	22,83	0 -	3,245	16,153
Total Operating Revenues	86,62	0 187,414	1,112,951	351,252
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Maintenance and Operations		- 175,530	224,948	156,705
General and Administration	158,20	0 139,059	343,982	189,748
Fuel			468,925	-
Depreciation	5,32	5 -	71,381	46,308
Total Operating Expenses	163,52	5 314,589	1,109,236	392,761
Operating Income (Loss)	(76,90	5) (127,175)	3,715	(41,509)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Property Taxes	11,89	3 -	-	-
Loss on Disposal of Property			-	_
Interest and Investment Revenue	10	8 3,927	5,118	82
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	12,00	1 3,927	5,118	82
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Operating Transfers	(64,90	4) (123,248)	8,833	(41,427)
Capital Contributions		<u>-</u>	10,384	
Change in Net Position	(64,90	4) (123,248)) 19,217	(41,427)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	343,89	7 406,453	2,147,743	1,679,678
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 278,99	3 \$ 283,205	\$ 2,166,960	\$ 1,638,251

Golf Course	Totals
\$ - 66,437 1,436	\$ 269,830 832,486 660,130 43,664
67,873	1,806,110
12,126 35,161 - 2,236	569,309 866,150 468,925 125,250
49,523	2,029,634
18,350	(223,524)
- - -	11,893 - 9,235
	21,128
18,350	(202,396) 10,384
18,350	(192,012)
108,483	4,686,254
\$ 126,833	\$ 4,494,242

City of Ukiah Combining Statement of Cash Flows Non-major Enterprise Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Parking District			Street Lighting	Airport		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from Customers Payments to Employees for Services Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	\$	86,427 - (157,444)	\$	187,043 (22,555) (291,937)	\$	1,131,066 (328,124) (804,772)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(71,017)		(127,449)		(1,830)	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Cash Paid to Other Funds Property Taxes Received Payments Received on Long-term Note		- 11,893 -		- - -		- - -	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital and Related Financing Activities		11,893					
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital Grants Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and		- -		- (109,247)		10,384 (72,197)	
Related Financing Activities				(109,247)		(61,813)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest Received		27		3,505		4,617	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		27		3,505		4,617	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(59,097)		(233,191)		(59,026)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of the Year		87,162		416,810		168,311	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of the Year	\$	28,065	\$	183,619	\$	109,285	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	\$	(76,905)	\$	(127,175)	\$	3,715	
Depreciation		5,325		-		71,381	
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities: Decrease (Increase) in Accounts Receivable Decrease (Increase) in Prepaids		(193) -		(371)		18,815 800	
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		756		(6,983)		(98,502)	
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Salaries and Benefits Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences Increase (Decrease) in Deposits Payable		- - <u>-</u>		2,735 4,345 -		1,501 1,160 (700)	
TOTAL CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(71,017)	\$	(127,449)	\$	(1,830)	

 onference Center	 Golf Course	Totals			
\$ 348,459 (178,502) (168,959)	\$ 68,038 (37,763) (14,437)	\$	1,821,033 (566,944) (1,437,549)		
 998	 15,838		(183,460)		
-	(21,838)		(21,838)		
-	6,000		11,893 6,000		
 	 (15,838)		(3,945)		
-	-		10,384		
 	 		(181,444)		
 	 		(171,060)		
 33	 		8,182		
 33	 		8,182		
1,031	-		(350,283)		
 10,948	 		683,231		
\$ 11,979	\$ 	\$	332,948		
\$ (41,509)	\$ 18,350	\$	(223,524)		
46,308	2,236		125,250		
(2,793)	165 -		15,623 800		
(3,109)	(157)		(107,995)		
1,452 649	(42) (4,714)		5,646 1,440		
 	 		(700)		
\$ 998	\$ 15,838	\$	(183,460)		

City of Ukiah Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds

June 30, 2016

	 Garage	olic Safety Dispatch	Pu	rchasing	illing and ollection
ASSETS					
Current Assets: Cash and Investments Receivables:	\$ 75,839	\$ 76,455	\$	56,470	\$ 670,427
Accounts (net) Interest Refundable Deposits	9,190 306 760	- 116 -		101	- 1,465 -
Total Current Assets	 86,095	76,571		56,571	671,892
Noncurrent Assets: Advances to Other Funds Capital Assets:	 -	-		-	-
Buildings and Improvements Rolling Equipment Machinery and Equipment Less: Accumulated Depreciation	 327,113 43,649 33,869 (196,583)	- 367,702 (298,631)		4,769 - (4,769)	- 45,525 (38,482)
Total Noncurrent Assets	208,048	69,071		_	7,043
Total Assets	294,143	 145,642		56,571	 678,935
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Salaries and Benefits	6,497 10,536	51,805 34,215		3,674 5,712	3,701 23,706
Total Current Liabilities	 17,033	86,020		9,386	 27,407
Noncurrent Liabilities: Compensated Absences	26,006	49,465		16,079	22,163
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	26,006	49,465		16,079	22,163
Total Liabilities	 43,039	 135,485		25,465	49,570
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted	 208,048 43,056	69,071 (58,914)		- 31,106	7,043 622,322
Total Net Position	\$ 251,104	\$ 10,157	\$	31,106	\$ 629,365

Con	Vorkers' npensation nsurance	ensation Lia					IT	Totals		
\$	899,804	\$	417,161	\$	89,622	\$	36,228	\$	2,322,006	
	21,228 - -		- - -		- 77 -		- - -		30,418 2,065 760	
	921,032		417,161		89,699		36,228		2,355,249	
	-		930,203		-		-		930,203	
	- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		327,113 48,418 447,096 (538,465)	
	_		930,203						1,214,365	
	921,032	1,347,364			89,699		36,228		3,569,614	
	- -		- -		16,582 12,312		19,811 10,778		102,070 97,259	
					28,894		30,589		199,329	
					19,622		2,913		136,248	
			-		19,622		2,913		136,248	
					48,516		33,502		335,577	
	921,032		1,347,364		41,183		2,726		284,162 2,949,875	
\$	921,032	\$	1,347,364	\$	41,183	\$	2,726	\$	3,234,037	

City of Ukiah Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Garage	ublic Safety Dispatch	Purchasing		Billing and Collection	
OPERATING REVENUES			_			
Charges for Services Miscellaneous	\$ 394,434	\$ 1,269,024	\$	254,297	\$	1,183,196
Miscellaneous	 	 		2,080		
Total Operating Revenues	 394,434	 1,269,024		256,377		1,183,196
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Maintenance and Operations	65,695	252,001		23,761		363,249
General and Administration	332,047	1,311,473		233,498		633,531
Insurance Premiums	-	-		-		-
Depreciation	 11,531	 22,871		-		3,922
Total Operating Expenses	 409,273	 1,586,345		257,259		1,000,702
Operating Income (Loss)	 (14,839)	 (317,321)		(882)		182,494
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Interest and Investment Income	 3,490	 5,022		1,612		13,721
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	 3,490	 5,022		1,612		13,721
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Operating Transfers	(11,349)	(312,299)		730		196,215
Transfers In Transfers Out	- -	- -		- -		- -
Change in Net Position	(11,349)	(312,299)		730		196,215
Net Position - Beginning of Year	 262,453	 322,456		30,376		433,150
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 251,104	\$ 10,157	\$	31,106	\$	629,365

Cor	Vorkers' npensation nsurance	 Liability nsurance	Building Maintenance			IT		Totals
\$	776,002 -	\$ 590,598 -	\$	656,121 -	\$	\$ 908,940		6,032,612 2,080
	776,002	 590,598		656,121		908,940		6,034,692
	- - 684,097 -	- - 590,598 -		613,121 4,381 - -		908,940 - -		1,317,827 3,423,870 1,274,695 38,324
	684,097	590,598		617,502		908,940		6,054,716
	91,905	<u>-</u>		38,619				(20,024)
		 <u>-</u>		2,564		2,726		29,135
		 		2,564		2,726		29,135
	91,905	-		41,183		2,726		9,111
	-	-		-		-		-
	91,905	-		41,183		2,726		9,111
	829,127	 1,347,364		<u>-</u>				3,224,926
\$	921,032	\$ 1,347,364	\$	41,183	\$	2,726	\$	3,234,037

City of Ukiah Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Garage	blic Safety Dispatch	Purchasing		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from Interfund Charges Payments to Employees for Services Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	\$ 385,244 (319,858) (99,715)	1,269,024 (1,035,059) (502,902)	\$	256,377 (208,159) (45,024)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	 (34,329)	(268,937)		3,194	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Cash Received from Other Funds Cash Paid to Other Funds	- -	 - -		- -	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital and Related Financing Activities		 			
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	 	<u> </u>			
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	 <u>-</u>	<u>-</u>			
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest Received	 3,184	4,906		1,511	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	 3,184	 4,906		1,511	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(31,145)	(264,031)		4,705	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of the Year	 106,984	340,486		51,765	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of the Year	\$ 75,839	\$ 76,455	\$	56,470	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to	\$ (14,839)	\$ (317,321)	\$	(882)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:	11,531	22,871		-	
Decrease (Increase) in Accounts Receivable Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Salaries and Benefits Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences Payable	(9,190) (22,036) 1,785 (1,580)	20,667 8,558 (3,712)		3,042 481 553	
TOTAL CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (34,329)	\$ (268,937)	\$	3,194	

Billing and Collection	Workers' Compensation Insurance		Liability nsurance	Building aintenance	IT	 Totals
\$ 1,183,217 (756,200) (238,917)	\$	771,070 - (684,097)	\$ 590,598 - (590,598)	\$ 656,121 (339,847) (229,139)	\$ 908,940 (369,403) (506,035)	\$ 6,020,591 (3,028,526) (2,896,427)
188,100		86,973	 	87,135	33,502	95,638
-		-	<u>-</u>	-	-	-
<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>			
 			 	 	 -	
 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 	 	 	
 12,257			 	 2,487	 2,726	27,071
 12,257			 	2,487	 2,726	27,071
200,357		86,973	-	89,622	36,228	122,709
 470,070		812,831	 417,161	 		2,199,297
\$ 670,427	\$	899,804	\$ 417,161	\$ 89,622	\$ 36,228	\$ 2,322,006
\$ 182,494	\$	91,905	\$ -	\$ 38,619	\$ -	\$ (20,024)
3,922		-	-	-	-	38,324
21		(4,932)	-	-	-	(14,101)
(7,446)		-	-	16,582	19,811	30,620
14,976 (5,867)		-	-	12,312 19,622	10,778 2,913	48,890 11,929
\$ 188,100	\$	86,973	\$ 	\$ 87,135	\$ 33,502	\$ 95,638

City of Ukiah Combining Balance Sheet All Agency Funds June 30, 2016

	Ukiah Valley Sanitation District		Ви	wntown isiness ovement	Payroll Revolving	
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments Receivables:	\$	4,544,482	\$	6,841	\$	117,137
Accounts		664,006		-		96
Interest Receivable		15,217		14		-
Total Assets	\$	5,223,705	\$	6,855	\$	117,233
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$	941	\$	3,596	\$	_
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	·	_	,	-	,	117,233
Customer Deposits		_		_		, <u>-</u>
Due to Other Agencies		5,222,764		3,259		
Total Liabilities	\$	5,223,705	\$	6,855	\$	117,233

Special Deposit	 Garbage Billing	Russian River /atershed	 Total Agency
\$ 504,137	\$ 610,560	\$ 173,927	\$ 5,957,084
18,900 -	20,411 1,305	- 419	703,413 16,955
\$ 523,037	\$ 632,276	\$ 174,346	\$ 6,677,452
\$ 25,856 - 484,300 12,881	\$ 52,496 - - 579,780	\$ 108,481 - - - 65,865	\$ 191,370 117,233 484,300 5,884,549
\$ 523,037	\$ 632,276	\$ 174,346	\$ 6,677,452

City of Ukiah Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities All Agency Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Jı	Balance uly 1, 2015	A	Additions	eductions	Balance ne 30, 2016
Ukiah Valley Sanitation District						<u> </u>
Assets: Cash and Investments Receivables: Accounts Interest Receivable	\$	5,240,533 775,385 11,446	\$	7,197,732 2,933,285 15,217	\$ 7,893,783 3,044,664 11,446	\$ 4,544,482 664,006 15,217
Total Assets	\$	6,027,364	\$ 1	0,146,234	\$ 10,949,893	\$ 5,223,705
Liabilities: Accounts Payable Due to Other Agencies Total Liabilities	\$	6,027,364 6,027,364	1	1,501,200 1,649,969 3,151,169	1,500,259 12,454,569 13,954,828	\$ 941 5,222,764 5,223,705
Downtown Business Improvement						
Downtown Business Improvement						
Assets: Cash and Investments Receivables: Interest	\$	5,545	\$	19,063 14_	\$ 17,767 -	\$ 6,841 14
Total Assets	\$	5,545	\$	19,077	\$ 17,767	\$ 6,855
Liabilities: Accounts Payable Due to Other Agencies	\$	5,545 -	\$	13,259 5,818	\$ 15,208 2,559	\$ 3,596 3,259
Total Liabilities	\$	5,545	\$	19,077	\$ 17,767	\$ 6,855
Payroll Revolving						
Assets: Cash and Investments Receivables: Accounts	\$	186,031 <u>-</u>	\$ 1	0,656,969	\$ 10,725,863	\$ 117,137 96
Total Assets	\$	186,031	\$ 1	0,860,705	\$ 10,929,503	\$ 117,233
Liabilities: Accrued Salaries and Benefits	\$	186,031	\$ 1	3,990,426	\$ 14,059,224	\$ 117,233
Total Liabilities	\$	186,031	\$ 1	3,990,426	\$ 14,059,224	\$ 117,233

Continued

City of Ukiah Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities All Agency Funds - Continued

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Balance ly 1, 2015		additions	<u>D</u>	eductions	3alance e 30, 2016
Special Deposit						
Assets: Cash and Investments Receivables:	\$ 494,971	\$ 3	0,205,570	\$ 3	30,196,404	\$ 504,137
Accounts	 6,761	2	9,949,865		29,937,726	 18,900
Total Assets	\$ 501,732	\$ 6	0,155,435	\$ (60,134,130	\$ 523,037
Liabilities: Accounts Payable Customer Deposits Due to Other Agencies	\$ 3,652 498,080 -	\$	259,291 461,074 12,881	\$	237,087 474,854 -	\$ 25,856 484,300 12,881
Total Liabilities	\$ 501,732	\$	733,246	\$	711,941	\$ 523,037
Garbage Billing						
Assets: Cash and Investments Receivables: Accounts Interest	\$ 636,164 31,982	\$	926,778 40,232 1,305	\$	952,382 51,803	\$ 610,560 20,411 1,305
Total Assets	\$ 668,146	\$	968,315	\$	1,004,185	\$ 632,276
Liabilities: Accounts Payable Due to Other Agencies	\$ 23,062 645,084	\$	337,854 630,461	\$	308,420 695,765	\$ 52,496 579,780
Total Liabilities	\$ 668,146	\$	968,315	\$	1,004,185	\$ 632,276
Russian River Watershed						
Assets: Cash and Investments Receivables:	\$ 194,540	\$	389,049	\$	409,662	\$ 173,927
Interest	 <u> </u>		419			 419
Total Assets	\$ 194,540	\$	389,468	\$	409,662	\$ 174,346
Liabilities: Accounts Payable Due to Other Agencies	\$ 81,432 113,108	\$	829,284 -	\$	802,235 47,243	\$ 108,481 65,865
Total Liabilities	\$ 194,540	\$	829,284	\$	849,478	\$ 174,346

Continued

City of Ukiah Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities All Agency Funds - Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Balance July 1, 2015	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2016
<u>Totals - All Agency Funds</u>	-			
Assets:				
Cash and Investments Receivables:	\$ 6,757,784	\$ 49,395,161	\$ 50,195,861	\$ 5,957,084
Accounts	814,128	33,127,118	33,237,833	703,413
Interest Receivable	11,446	16,955	11,446	16,955
Total Assets	\$ 7,583,358	\$ 82,539,234	\$ 83,433,694	\$ 6,677,452
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$ 113,691	\$ 2,940,888	\$ 2,863,209	\$ 191,370
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	186,031	13,990,426	14,059,224	117,233
Customer Deposts	498,080	461,074	474,854	484,300
Due to Other Agencies	6,785,556	12,299,129	13,200,136	5,884,549
Total Liabilities	\$ 7,583,358	\$ 29,691,517	\$ 30,597,423	\$ 6,677,452

Statistical Section

This part of the City of Ukiah's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.



Table 1 City of Ukiah Net Position by Component (Accrual Basis of Accounting) Last 10 Fiscal Years

•										Fiscal Yea	Year								
As of June 30		2007		2008		5008		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015	2016
Governmental Activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	↔	21,865,791 7,605,826 13,735,320	↔	21,427,557 7,078,491 19,470,248	8 0	22,328,676 7,107,257 22,069,011	€	31,547,564 7,574,594 7,547,784	€9	17,407,569 17,276,255 14,030,594	€9	26,649,167 3,086,157 17,420,652	↔	27,304,019 3,025,432 15,461,713	↔	27,139,213 6,021,075 12,110,479	8	27,624,813 12,931,066 (20,291,488)	\$ 29,088,528 12,263,161 (20,646,894)
Total governmental activities net position	69	\$ 43,206,937		\$ 47,976,296 \$		51,504,944	\$	46,669,942	\$	48,714,418	\$	47,155,976	8	45,791,164	↔	45,270,767	↔	20,264,391	\$ 20,704,795
Business-type Activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	ь	24,173,407 2,015,181 38,754,350	₩	28,606,388 2,003,618 40,386,700	8 2 4	22,508,736 1,999,495 46,697,741	€	33,203,171 2,006,773 40,762,605	69	40,266,700 2,172,384 33,817,844	€	48,101,086 4,128,472 28,366,417	↔	44,514,348 2,027,529 32,460,639	↔	46,693,900 2,072,014 31,604,793	↔	50,088,246 2,072,225 26,648,008	\$ 54,756,782 2,427,020 24,215,129
Total business-type activities net position	↔	\$ 64,942,938		\$ 70,996,706		71,205,972	€	75,972,549	\$	76,256,928	⊕	80,595,975	€	79,002,516	↔	80,370,707	↔	78,808,479	\$ 81,398,931
Primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	₩	46,039,198 9,621,007 52,489,670	↔	50,033,945 9,082,109 59,856,948	\$ 6	44,837,412 9,106,752 68,766,752	€	64,750,735 9,581,367 48,310,389	€	57,674,269 19,448,639 47,848,438	€9	74,750,253 7,214,629 45,787,069	↔	71,818,367 5,052,961 47,922,352	↔	73,833,113 8,093,089 43,715,272	↔	77,713,059 15,003,291 6,356,520	\$ 83,845,310 14,690,181 3,568,235
Total primary government	\$	108,149,875	↔	\$ 108,149,875 \$ 118,973,002 \$ 122,710,916	\$ 12	2,710,916	\$	\$ 122,642,491	\$	\$ 124,971,346	\$	\$ 127,751,951	€	\$ 124,793,680	€	\$ 125,641,474	es es	99,072,870	\$ 102,103,726

Source: Audited Financial Statements - Statement of Net Position

Table 2
City of Ukiah
Changes in Net Position
Last 10 Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

					Fisc	Fiscal Year				
For Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Expenses Governmental Activities:										
General government	\$ 2,905,386	\$ 3,411,371	\$ 2,908,643	\$ 2,837,619	\$ 2,479,770	\$ 2,570,568	\$ 2,956,583	\$ 3,715,968	\$ 772,771	\$ 142,792
Fublic safety Public works	3,004,298	3,273,011	2,002,957	1,577,833	3,097,652	9,827,504 2,206,556	2,109,273	2,290,261	2,847,800	2,555,524
Housing and community development	1,823,274	2,037,947	2,525,679	10,308,280	3,598,630	1,223,579	1,254,265	832,020	348,477	891,644
Parks and recreation Interest on long-term debt	2,044,667 438,919	2,066,409 365,021	2,392,889	1,985,13 <i>7</i> 317,152	2,466,386 451,141	2,262,816 420,132	2,481,572	2,540,689	2,829,367	2,757,551
Total governmental activities expenses	18,307,167	19,794,018	19,397,237	26,207,735	21,688,654	18,511,155	19,316,636	19,246,838	17,361,894	17,428,836
Business-Type Activities:										
Electric	18,638,548	14,065,295	16,739,318	14,900,706	12,859,394	13,980,276	14,483,083	14,554,884	16,140,229	15,779,225
Water	3,093,685	3,549,376	3,850,248	3,629,692	3,289,935	3,414,760	3,651,349	3,717,064	3,783,257	3,930,252
Wastewater	2,956,066	3,579,514	3,755,359	3,301,200	6,329,472	8,243,340	6,637,591	6,116,315	6,229,553	6,620,624
Disposal site Nonmajor activities	2,822,013	3,052,273	2,920,083	2,636,680	2,756,727	2,980,963	2,648,970	2,196,295	2,287,340	2,029,634
Total business-type expenses	28,107,313	24,674,711	27,695,651	24,849,662	27,431,696	28,959,663	29,834,650	29,160,036	36,390,933	30,748,488
Total Expenses	\$ 46,414,480	\$ 44,468,729	\$ 47,092,888	\$ 51,057,397	\$ 49,120,350	\$ 47,470,818	\$ 49,151,286	\$ 48,406,874	\$ 53,752,827	\$ 48,177,324
Program Revenues Governmental Activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 1,646,230	\$ 1,690,431	\$ 1,410,045	\$ 1,642,298	\$ 1,843,825	\$ 1,630,601	\$ 1,005,296	\$ 1,255,815	\$ 288,049	\$ 258,262
Public safety	880,847	953,588	1,099,193	1,111,741	1,092,577	1,080,981	1,224,421	851,328	221,156	284,562
Public works	612,019	1,300,523	1,000,841	584,329	587,676	554,639	368,895	682,559	215,615	339,403
Parks and recreation	308,782 430.863	588.767	588.419	326,202 632.037	751,854	716,363	1.072.615	749.548	756.906	716.575
Operating grants and contributions	1,498,513	326,298	447,551	1,011,588	1,320,581	1,062,183	1,237,955	1,097,599	1,471,799	2,283,777
Capital grants and contributions	1,964,588	1,910,704	657,583	2,720,942	2,430,383	3,098,450	250,992	483,992	889,024	859,772
Total governental activities	7,601,842	7,738,034	6,194,133	8,029,137	8,237,806	8,355,121	5,616,468	5,317,844	3,842,549	4,742,351
Business-Type Activities:										
Charges for services:										
Electric	15,437,412	15,988,323	15,259,236	15,148,212	15,314,426	16,157,282	15,140,175	14,993,910	15,243,471	15,076,565
Water	2,645,216	2,919,950	2,866,811	2,698,212	4,039,757	4,935,691	5,813,699	6,006,675	5,579,127	5,446,778
Wastewater	5,320,114	6,243,311	7,008,738	7,419,735	6,423,276	9,786,375	6,213,481	8,832,757	9,264,399	9,667,659
Disposal site	93,636	266,99	67,297	66,947	108,401	127,228	129,321	132,287	217,999	132,106
Nonmajor activities	2,681,329	2,857,667	2,866,554	2,446,397	2,508,685	2,905,410	2,467,226	1,965,547	2,053,819	1,806,110
Operating grants and contributions	20,451	19,905	19,920	20,155	10,359	10,660	40,717	57,271		
Capital grants and contributions	746,011	822,113	684,170	1,737,550	•	•	•	•	25,175	10,384
Total business-type activities	26,944,169	28,917,866	28,772,726	29,537,208	28,404,904	33,922,646	29,804,619	31,988,447	32,383,990	32,139,602
Total Program Revenues	\$ 34,546,011	\$ 36,655,900	\$ 34,966,859	\$ 37,566,345	\$ 36,642,710	\$ 42,277,767	\$ 35,421,087	\$ 37,306,291	\$ 36,226,539	\$ 36,881,953
Net (Expense)/Revenue:										
Govermental activities Business-type activities	\$ (10,705,325) (1.163.144)	\$ (12,055,984) 4,243,155	\$ (13,203,104) 1 077 075	\$ (18,178,598) 4 687,546	\$ (13,450,848) 973.208	\$ (10,156,034) 4.962.983	(13,700,168)	\$ (13,928,994) 2,828,411	\$ (13,519,345) (4,006,943)	\$ (12,686,485) 1.391.114
		,,					(100,00)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(2,0,0,0,1)	
Total Net Expense	\$ (11,868,469)	\$ (7,812,829)	\$ (12,126,029)	\$ (13,491,052)	\$ (12,477,640)	\$ (5,193,051)	\$ (13,730,199)	\$ (11,100,583)	\$ (17,526,288)	\$ (11,295,371)

Table 2
City of Ukiah
Changes in Net Position (continued)
Last 10 Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

							Fisc	Fiscal Year							
For Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2007	2008	98	2009	20	2010	2011		2012		2013	2014		2015	2016
General Revenues															
Governmental Activities:															
Property taxes	\$ 5,105,884	\$ 5,365,559	\$ 69	5,741,393	\$ 5,106,817	117 \$	4,426,250	မာ	3,182,981	\$ 1,484,934		\$ 1,251,189	က် မော	3,729,370	\$ 3,531,272
Sales taxes	6,894,257	7,154,547	.7	6,439,622	5,776,015	115	6,951,957		6,518,506	6,901,284	,284	7,134,537	5	5,976,938	6,740,622
Transient occupancy taxes	604,080	753,715	2	710,053	661,149	49	691,627		775,547	828	828,000	959,570	_	1,061,823	1,229,814
Vehicle in-lieu taxes	1,187,612	1,228,550	0	1,266,285	1,295,970	170	1,311,862		1,238,660	1,229	1,229,156	1,237,181		•	•
Other taxes	928,336	927,083	23	910,424	936,854	54	891,717		917,930	926	929,173	916,007	2	2,281,810	1,939,984
Interest and investment earnings	495,784	450,344	4	398,868	300,784	.84	173,255		175,318	91	91,117	93,521		501,217	323,373
Transfers	737,079	945,545	رې	1,265,107	1,012,185	85	1,408,163		1,065,910	871	871,692	1,816,592			(473,539)
Total general revenues, transfers and special items	15,953,032	16,825,343	က္	16,731,752	15,089,774	74	15,854,831		13,874,852	12,335,356	,356	13,408,597	13,	13,551,158	13,291,526
Business-Type Activities: Interest and investment earnings	2,447,206	2,756,158	œ	2,297,298	1,091,216	116	719,334		441,974	200	200,899	356,372		321,824	672,730
Special item: Transfer to other agency				(1,900,000)							•				
Transfers In/(Out)	(737,079)	(945,545)	(2)	(1,265,107)	(1,012,185)	82)	(1,408,163)		(1,065,910)	(584	(584,482)	(1,816,592)			473,539
Total business-type activities	1,710,127	1,810,613	ဗ	(867,809)	79,031	13.1	(688,829)		(623,936)	(383	(383,583)	(1,460,220)		321,824	1,146,269
Total Primary Government	\$ 17,663,159	\$ 18,635,956	s 9	15,863,943	\$ 15,168,805	\$ 202	15,166,002	Θ	13,250,916	\$ 11,951,773	"	\$ 11,948,377	\$ 13,	13,872,982	\$ 14,437,795
Extraordinary items Governmental activities		ь	69	,	\$ (1,746,178)	78) ^b \$	(359,507)	s,	(5,277,260)	છ	,	· •	es	,	· •
Business-type activities			. .	•		 -	•		•		י 	'		1	
Total Extraordinary Items	ا ب	s	φ.	•	\$ (1,746,178)	78) \$	(359,507)	G	(5,277,260)	69	۱	9	s	٠	\$
Accounting Change - Acccumulative Effect															
Govermental activities	\$ 12,165,225	s s	69	•	s	\$	•	မာ	•	s		9	s		· •
Business-type activities	12,763,389			•		-	•		•	(1,179,845)	,845) "	•			•
Total Extraordinary Items	\$ 24,928,614	8	\$	'	છ	٠	'	9	'	\$ (1,179,845)		\$	s	'	\$
Change in Net Position	47.412.032	4 760 350	g	2 5.00	(4 835 002)	9	2 044 476	в	(1 558 442)	(136/812)		(500 307)	θ	200,000	808.044
Business-type activities	13,310,372	6,053,768		209,266			284,379	•	4,339,047			_		(3,685,119)	2
Total Net Position	\$ 30,723,304	\$ 10,823,127	\$ 2	3,737,914	\$ (68,425)		\$ 2,328,855	ø	2,780,605	\$ (2,958,271)		\$ 847,794		\$ (3,653,306)	\$ 3,142,424

Source - Audited Financial Statements - Statement of Activities

Table 3
City of Ukiah
Fund Balance of Governmental Funds
Last 10 Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

									Tê	Table 3									
As of June 30	2007		2008		2009		2010		2011	B	2012		2013		2014		2015		2016
General Fund: Nonsnandable	¥	4	,	ч	•	ч	1	¥	877 506	¥	550 134	¥	619 044	¥	619 044	¥	645 728	¥	011 343
Committed	÷	•		•	•	→		→	146.147	•	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	•	183,956	•	203,105	•	- 10,10	•	5.
Assigned			•		1		•		4,686,766		4,851,110		89,829				٠		185,443
Unassigned			1		•		İ		527,381		1,454,665		4,381,047		4,233,953	•	4,878,803		4,116,215
Reserved	2,388,819	,819	1,121,539		1,184,675		1,365,187		•		•		٠		٠		٠		
Unreserved	1,790,710	,710	3,849,361		3,723,221		4,325,375		•		•						•		
Total general fund	\$ 4,179,529	,529 \$	4,970,900	8	4,907,896	\$	5,690,562	\$	6,237,800	s	6,864,909	\$	5,273,906	\$	5,056,102	\$	5,524,531	\$	5,213,001
All Other Governmental Funds:																			
Nonspendable	s	٠	•	↔	'	ઝ	•	s	•	છ	•	s	•	s		s	•	s	•
Restricted			•		•		•	_	13,404,870		5,867,124		4,486,098		4,805,526	-	12,931,066	_	12,276,877
Committed			•		•		•		756,047		1,235,785		713,402		3,569,505				
Assigned			•		•		•		7,759,509		3,460,240		5,832,173		2,514,649	•	4,395,621		3,358,684
Unassigned			•		•		•		•		•		(894,993)		(736,226)		(232,412)		(442,572)
Reserved	8,750,121	,121	10,437,242		11,738,706		6,402,686		•		•		•		•		٠		
13 Unreserved	11,967,164	,164	14,335,315		15,634,574		10,027,963		'		1						1		•
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 20,717,	,285 \$	\$ 20,717,285 \$ 24,772,557	8	27,373,280	ક્ર	\$ 16,430,649	\$	\$ 21,920,426	↔	10,563,149	\$	10,136,680	↔	\$ 10,153,454	\$ —	\$ 17,094,275	\$	\$ 15,192,989

Source: Audited Financial Statements - Balance Sheet-Governmental funds

Note: The City of Ukiah adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54 in FY2011. Prior year amounts were not restated.

Table 4
City of Ukiah
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last 10 Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal year	l year				
Function	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Revenues Property taxes Property taxes Sales taxes Transient occupancy taxes Other taxes Licenses & permits Frines & forfeitures Infercovernmental	\$ 5.105.884 6,894.257 604,080 928.336 208.573 96,112 3.813.212	\$ 5,365,559 7,154,547 753,715 927,083 142,036 128,797 3,615,550	\$ 5,741,393 6,439,622 710,053 910,424 155,807 145,807	\$ 5,106,817 5,776,015 661,149 936,854 337,508 195,817 4,419,645	\$ 4,426,250 6,807,971 691,627 891,717 344,593 295,613 4 626,730	\$ 3.182,981 6,465,410 775,547 917,930 434,492 270,468	\$ 1,484,934 6,977,233 828,000 929,173 272,070 319,189	\$ 1,251,189 7,104,666 925,191 950,386 292,688 256,776	\$ 3,729,370 5,976,938 1,061,823 2,047,734 186,012 5,692	\$ 3,531,272 6,824,737 1,229,814 1,917,323 341,642 78,589 2,911,674
interest and rents Charges for services Miscellaneous	1,873,653 989,142 1,018,824	2,476,051 924,657 735,691	2,563,121 922,787 479,909	1,565,187 1,024,323 301,866	1,264,421 1,309,827 497,661	1,083,685 1,146,590 375,103	224,129 1,580,632 243,654	340,887 1,013,534 493,158	497,681 1,032,957 232,651	336,173 755,074 411,052
Total revenues	21,532,073	22,223,688	20,493,346	20,325,181	21,156,470	19,408,244	15,823,221	15,898,517	17,872,259	18,337,300
Expenditures Current: General government Public safety Public works Housing and community development Parks and recreation Debt Service:	2,106,228 7,666,646 2,827,485 1,764,237 1,900,284	2,055,096 8,086,283 3,075,056 1,911,046 1,980,129	1,787,942 8,656,150 1,798,507 2,494,429 2,236,986	1,712,083 8,794,788 1,398,207 10,255,824 1,859,248	1,701,144 8,712,155 2,255,054 3,530,698 2,312,834	1,861,192 8,996,781 1,508,698 1,151,384 2,048,294	2,117,303 9,831,860 1,411,445 1,205,464 2,327,464	2,773,585 9,297,118 1,612,266 785,349 2,304,893	852,079 10,229,049 2,337,389 327,921 2,692,906	542,434 11,096,768 2,173,214 870,450 2,616,856
Principal Interest and fiscal charges Issue costs Capital outlay	5,632,452 442,322 122,485 804,623		230,000 323,541 1,693,179	235,000 307,978 - 5,188,025	250,000 289,515 192,808 5,354,765	265,000 559,797 - 2,481,671	1,545,538	1,159,928	1,739,147	2,612,218
lotal expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	23,266,762	18,322,590	19,220,734	29,751,153 (9,425,972)	(3,442,503)	18,872,817	18,439,074	(2,034,622)	(306,232)	19,911,940
Other financing sources (uses, Bond issue proceeds Discount on bonds issued Transfers-in Transfers-out Proceeds from borrowing	5,595,000 (69,704) 1,657,093 (1,002,033)	- 1,257,262 (311,717)	1,303,267 (38,160)	2,114,256 (1,102,071)	8,430,000 (249,138) 4,047,961 (2,389,798)	1,072,410	2,680,654 (2,082,273)	2,076,641 (243,049)	1,349,208 (1,378,578)	940,063 (1,413,602)
Total financing sources (uses)	6,180,356	945,545	1,265,107	1,012,185	9,839,025	1,065,910	598,381	1,833,592	(29,370)	(473,539)
Extraordinary items & Prior Period Adjs.	- 1000			(1,746,178)		(12,331,505)	- (074 740 0)	- 000		
Debt service as percentage of non-capital expenses	37.35%	4.12%	3.26%	2.26%	2.91%	5.30%	%00·0	%00.0	0.00%	0.00%

Source: Audited Financial Statements - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Prior Period adjustment of is the result of moving long-term receivables and Land Held for Resale from deferred inflows-unavailable revenues to restricted fund balance. See Note 14.

Table 5
City of Ukiah
Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds,
Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Тур	e of Tax			
Fiscal Year	Property	Sales & Use	<u>C</u>	Occupancy	Franchise	Other	Total
2007	5,105,884	6,894,257		604,080	530,373	397,963	13,532,557
2008	5,365,559	7,154,547		753,715	555,281	371,802	14,200,904
2009	5,741,393	6,439,622		710,053	582,764	327,660	13,801,492
2010	5,106,817	5,776,015		661,149	545,503	391,351	12,480,835
2011	4,426,250	6,260,583		691,627	548,783	342,934	12,270,177
2012	3,182,981	6,465,410		775,547	567,486	350,444	11,341,868
2013	1,484,934	6,977,233		828,000	569,892	359,281	10,219,340
2014	1,251,189	7,104,666		925,191	591,767	358,618	10,231,431
2015	3,729,370	1 5,976,938	2	1,061,823	1,643,559	3 404,175	12,815,865
2016	3,531,272	6,824,737		1,229,814	1,514,798	402,524	13,503,146
Change 2014-201	5 198.1%	-15.9%		14.8%	177.7%	12.7%	25.3%

Source: Audited Financial Statements - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

- 1. The change in FY2015 included moving the Motor Vehicle License fee from Sales & Use to Property.
- 2. The change in FY2015 included moving the Motor Vehicle License fee from Sales & Use to Property.
- 3. Includes the Electric Utility Franchise Fee which was previously included as a Transfer to General Fund.

Table 6 City of Ukiah Electric Utility Rates Last 10 Fiscal Years

										Fiscal Year	ear								
	2007		2008	m	2009	60	2010	10	2011		2012]	2013	2	2014	20	2015	2016	9
Residential, single phase Per meter per month, per KWH Minimum monthly billling	\$ 0.12040 \$ 5.00	2040 5.00	\$ 0.12040 \$ 5.00		\$ 0.13	0.12040 5.00	\$ 0.1	0.12040 5.00	\$ 0.1	0.12040	\$ 0.12040 \$ 5.00		\$ 0.12040 \$ 5.00	& & 	\$0.12040 \$5.00	\$ 0.12040 \$ 5.00		\$ 0.12040 \$ 5.00	040
General service: Base charge: Single phase	€	8.40	₩	8.40	€	8.40	↔	8.40	↔	8.40	\$ 8.40		\$ 8.40	↔	8.40		8.40		3.40
Polyphase X-ray machine	& &	9.80	9 6		\$ £	9.80		9.80	₩	9.80	\$ 9.80		\$ 9.80	⇔ 4	9.80	& &	9.80	e e e	9.80
Miniumum charge: second meter		8.40				8.40		8.40		8.40				-	8.40	1	8.40	1	8.40
Energy use charge, per meter, per month, per KWH																			
Summer Winter	\$ 0.16568	568 294	\$ 0.16	16568	\$ 0.1	0.16568	\$ 0.1	0.16568	\$ 0.1	0.16568	\$ 0.16568 \$ 0.12294		\$ 0.16568	\$00.	\$0.16568 \$0.12294	\$0.16568	3568 2294	\$0.16568	568 294
General Service with Demand:		70.60	·			70.60		70.60		70.60				. 6	70.60	. 6	70.60		70.60
Dase rate, per meter, per moral Demand charge per KWH Summer	Ö	00.r 996	0.1			0.10966	Ö	0.10966	ò	0.10966	Ö		Ò	e (°	\$0.10966	Ö		ò	00.7
Winter	\$ 0.08829	829	0.0			0.08829		0.08829	\$ 0.0	0.08829				\$0.0	\$0.08829	\$ 0.08829		\$ 0.08829	829
General large Industrial Service:		Ç	· ·			Ç		0		0					0		Ç		ç
base charge, per meter, per monun \$ Demand charge per kwh of maximum demand:		09.07	,	0.00	e e	09.07	e e	09.0	e e	09.0	0.07 \$		00:07	Ð	09:0	,	09:07	∌	09.07
Winter	\$	4.05	\$	4.05	s	4.05	↔	4.05	s	4.05	\$ 4.05		\$ 4.05	s	4.05	↔	4.05	\$	4.05
Summer		3.45	\$	6.45	s	6.45	↔	6.45	↔	6.45			\$ 6.45	↔	6.45		6.45		.45

Source: Utility Billing Department Rate Schedules

City of Ukiah Wastewater Utility Rates Last 10 Fiscal Years Table 7

Wastewater System Rates- City (1) 2007	2007	"	2008	,,	2009	,	2010	,,	2011		2012	,4	2013		2014		2015	7	2016
Residential Fixed Minimum Charge- Per Dwelling Unit Consumption Rate (\$/hcf (2))	\$ 32.26 \$ 4 \$ 1.27 \$	↔ ↔	41.31	↔ ↔	47.18 1.85	↔ ↔	47.18	↔ ↔	47.18 1.85	↔ ↔	50.44	↔ ↔	58.40	\$ \$	60.39	↔ ↔	62.44 2.45	\$\text{\tin}\text{\ti}\\\ \text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\tex{\tex	62.44 2.45
Commercial Commercial Low Strength (\$/hcf) \$ Commercial Moderate Strength (\$/hcf \$ Commercial Medium Strength (\$/hcf) \$ Commercial High Strength (\$/hcf) \$	5.06 5.41 9.57 12.32	$\varphi \Leftrightarrow \varphi \Leftrightarrow$	6.48 6.92 12.24 15.77	$\varphi \varphi \varphi \varphi$	7.40 7.91 13.99 18.02	$\varphi \varphi \varphi \varphi$	7.40 7.91 13.99 18.02	$\varphi \varphi \varphi \varphi$	7.40 7.91 13.99 18.02	\$\$ \$\$ \$\$	7.91 8.46 14.96 19.26	& & & &	9.16 9.79 17.32 22.31	$\varphi \varphi \varphi \varphi$	9.47 10.12 17.91 23.07	$\varphi \varphi \varphi \varphi$	9.79 10.47 18.52 23.85	\$\$ \$\$ \$\$	9.79 10.47 18.52 23.85

Fiscal Year

Wastewater System Rates- District (1)

Fixed Minimum Charge- Per Dwelling Unit Consumption Rate (\$/hcf (2))	\$ \$	32.26 1.27	\$ \$	41.31	\$\ \$\	47.18	\$ \$	47.18 1.85	\$\ \ \ \	53.47	\$ \$	53.47 4.45	↔ ↔	53.47 5.50	\$ \$	53.47 6.60	\$ \$	53.47
Commercial	•	1	•		•	,	•		•	i	4		•		•		•	(
Commercial Low Strength (\$/hcf)	S	2.06	S	6.48	S	7.40	S	7.40	ક્ર	7.91	ऽ	8.46	છ	90.6	S	69.6	υ	69.6
Commercial Moderate Strength (\$/hcf	s	5.41	s	6.92	8	7.91	8	7.91	8	8.46	8	9.02	8	9.68	8	10.36	s	10.36
Commercial Medium Strength (\$/hcf)	ઝ	9.57	ઝ	12.24	\$	13.99	s	13.99	8	14.96	8	16.00	s	17.12	8	18.32	s	18.32
Commercial High Strength (\$/hcf)	\$	12.32	\$	15.77	↔	18.02	\$	18.02	8	19.26	\$	20.61	↔	22.05	↔	23.60	↔	23.60
Special (3)																		

9.69 10.36 18.32 23.60

\$ \$ \$ \$

53.47 6.60

ss ss

Source: Utility Billing Department Rate Schedules

⁽¹⁾ The rates beginning in 2009-10 were approved pursuant to Resolution No. 2010-28 by City Council on July 21, 2010. (2) Each unit equals 748 gallons or 100 cubic feet (hcf).

⁽¹⁾ The rates beginning in 2010-2011 were approved pursuant to Ordinance No. 36 approved by the District on June 30, 2011. (2) Each unit equals 748 gallons or 100 cubic feet (hcf). (3) Determined on a case-by-case basis.

Table 8 City of Ukiah Water Utility Rates Last 10 Fiscal Years

										Fisc	Fiscal Year	ar								
Water System Rates (1)		2007		2008	1	2009		2010		2011	7	2012	2	2013	7	2014	2	2015		2016
Consumption Rate (\$/unit (2)) Single Family Residential All Other Customers	↔ ↔	0.91	↔ ↔	1.07	↔ ↔	1.20	\$ \$	1.29	\$ \$	1.92	\$ \$	2.21	\$ \$	2.41	\$ \$	2.65	\$ \$	2.73	\$ \$	2.86
Minimum base charge by Meter Size/ Class:	Size/ C	lass:																		
3/4" Meter	↔	14.36	s	14.64	8	14.94	8	15.24	s	22.71	8	26.11		28.46		31.31	s	32.25	s	33.63
1" Meter	↔	21.58	s	22.97	8	21.41	S	25.90	8	38.59	s	44.38	s	48.37	s	53.21	s	54.81	s	54.00
1 1/2" Meter	↔	37.85	s	41.85	s	45.99	S	50.28		74.92		86.15		93.91		103.30		106.40	s	104.47
2" Meter	↔	58.10		65.38	s	72.93	s	80.75		120.32		38.37		150.82		165.90		170.88		165.27
3" Meter	↔	105.72		120.70	s	136.25		152.36		227.02		261.07		284.57		313.02		322.41		307.24
4" Meter	↔	173.40		199.43	s	226.44		254.45		379.13		136.00		175.24		522.76		538.45		510.02
6" Meter	↔		↔	394.53		449.92		507.37		755.98		369.38		947.62	$\overline{}$	042.38	$\overline{}$,073.66	~	073.66
Fire Service 2" & under	↔	11.62	↔	13.08		14.59	↔	16.15	↔	24.06		27.67		30.16		33.18	↔	34.18		36.07
Fire Service 3"	↔	21.14	↔	24.14		27.25	s	30.47	s	45.40		52.21		56.91		62.60		64.48		64.84
Fire Service 4"	↔	34.68	↔	39.89	8	45.29	s	50.89	s	75.83	s	87.20	↔	95.05	↔	104.55	\$	107.69	s	105.93
Fire Service 6" & up	↔	68.23	↔	78.91	↔	86.68		101.47		151.19		73.87		189.52		208.47		214.72		208.56

⁽¹⁾ The rates beginning in 2009-10 were approved pursuant to Resolution No. 2010-27 by City Council on July 21, 2010. (2) Each unit equals 748 gallons.

Source: Utility Billing Department Rate Schedules

Table 9
City of Ukiah
Top Ten Electric Usage Customers
Current Year in alphabetical order

			2016	
Rate Payers	Elec	ctric age		
City of Ukiah	\$	720,194		5.09%
County of Medocino		571,575		4.04%
Ukiah Valley Medical Center		475,558		3.36%
Ukiah Unified School District		428,519		3.03%
Save Mart Supermarkets (Lucky's)		328,879		2.33%
Safeway Stores		254,605		1.80%
Save Mart Supermarkets (Food Maxx))	230,527		1.63%
Maverick Enterprises		235,865		1.67%
Mendocino Brewing Co.		173,867		1.23%
Wal-Mart		143,381		1.01%
	\$	3,562,971		25%

Source: Utility Billing Module

Table 10 City of Ukiah Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type Per Capita & Per Capita Income Data Last 10 Fiscal Years

				Percentage	of Personal	ta Income	.44 2.86%	859 2.74%	851 2.61%	855 2.54%	853 2.63%	,338 4.01%	1,346 3.83%	1,293 3.51%	1,236 3.23%	1,535 3.88%	1,461 3.33%
					Debt	Per Capita	80	80	80	80	80	1,3	1,3	1,2	1,2	1,5	4,1
							16 \$	\$ 2	\$ 90	11	4	22 \$	\$ 98	42 \$	\$ 22	\$ 02	\$ 02
				Total	Primary	Government	13,464,316	13,636,167	13,417,206	13,429,211	13,379,214	21,560,222	21,475,386	20,773,942	19,997,877	24,670,370	23,650,370
				Ì			4 &	\$	\$	₹	4 &	2	\$ 9	2	\$ 2	\$	\$
					Landfill	Obligations	\$ 7,831,864	\$ 8,041,167	\$ 8,167,206	\$ 8,409,211	\$ 8,594,214	\$ 8,595,222	\$ 8,775,386	\$ 8,928,942	\$ 9,062,877	\$14,700,370	\$14,700,370
			Business Type Activites		State	Loans	\$ 5,832,793	\$ 5,412,073	\$ 4,977,952	\$ 4,530,099	\$ 4,068,249	\$ 3,591,810	\$ 3,100,437	\$ 2,593,306	\$ 2,070,256	\$ 1,530,670	٠ \$
			Business Ty		Installment	Agreements	\$89,415,000	\$89,415,000	\$89,135,000	\$88,445,000	\$86,945,000	\$85,035,000	\$83,055,000	\$81,010,000	\$78,895,000	\$76,695,000	\$74,075,000
				Electric	Revenue	Bonds	16,830,000	15,860,000	14,830,000	13,735,000	12,570,000	11,330,000	10,005,000	8,595,000	000;560,7	5,485,000	3,775,000
	Governmental	Type	Activities		Redevelopment	Bonds	\$ 5,632,452	\$ 5,595,000	\$ 5,250,000	\$ 5,020,000	\$ 4,785,000	\$ 12,965,000	\$ 12,700,000	\$ 11,845,000	\$ 10,935,000	000'026'6 \$	\$ 8,950,000
				Estimated	Ukiah	Personal Income	\$ 470,800,140	\$ 498,236,508	\$ 513,537,462	\$ 528,109,554	\$ 507,908,616	\$ 537,283,477	\$ 560,355,600	\$ 591,047,415	\$ 619,998,795	\$ 635,606,785	\$ 709,675,170
				Countywide	Per Capita	Income	29,508	31,383	32,589	33,614	32,388	33,353	35,110	36,791	38,307	39,545	43,845
				Co	Pe	드	↔	છ	49	↔	ક્ક	s	ક્ર	ક્ક	ક્ર	ક્ક	69
0.500 . 500 600.					Estimated	Population	15,955	15,876	15,758	15,711	15,682	16,109	15,960	16,065	16,185	16,073	16,186
- 0					Fiscal	Year	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	6 2015

Source: Estimated Population-from the State of California Department of Finance.

Countywide Per Capita Income- Bureau of Economic Analysis CA1 Personal Incume Summary:Personal Income, Population, Per Capita Personal Income

Redevelopment Bond - Audited Financial Statements-Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Installment Agreements/State Loans & Landfill Obligations-Notes to Financial Statements-Long Term Debt

Ratio of General Bonded Outstanding Debt Last 10 Fiscal Years City of Ukiah Table 11

Percentage	of Actual	Taxable	Value	of Property	0.59%	0.54%	0.47%	0.43%	0.40%	1.10%	1.09%	1.01%	0.91%	0.81%	0.71%
			Debt	Per Capita	353	352	333	320	305	802	296	737	9/9	620	553
				Pe	\$	↔	\$	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔
ding		Total	Primary	Government	5,632,452	5,595,000	5,250,000	5,020,000	4,785,000	12,965,000	12,700,000	11,845,000	10,935,000	9,970,000	8,950,000
tstan				O	↔	8	\$	↔	\$	↔	8	↔	↔	↔	↔
General Bonded Debt Outstanding		General	Obligation	Bonds	• \$	•	۰ ن	ι છ	· ₩	ι છ	•	ι છ	ι છ	ı ∀	•
General E			Redevelopment	Bonds	\$ 5,632,452	\$ 5,595,000	\$ 5,250,000	\$ 5,020,000	\$ 4,785,000	\$12,965,000	\$12,700,000	\$11,845,000	\$10,935,000	\$ 9,970,000	\$ 8,950,000
	Actual	Taxable	Value	of Property	\$ 953,993,844	\$ 1,035,450,324	\$ 1,119,849,497	\$ 1,178,230,603	\$ 1,205,686,442	\$ 1,180,790,444	\$ 1,169,395,369	\$ 1,171,599,083	\$ 1,195,466,105	\$ 1,224,746,468	\$ 1,267,903,229
		Countywide	Per Capita	Income	29,508	31,383	32,589	33,614	32,388	33,353	35,110	36,791	38,307	39,545	43,845
		ပိ	Pe	드	↔	↔	↔	s	↔	s	↔	s	s	↔	↔
			Estimated	Population	15,955	15,876	15,758	15,711	15,682	16,109	15,960	16,065	16,185	16,073	16,186
			Fiscal	Year	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2015	[⊙] 2013	2014	2015	2016

Source: Estimated Population-from the State of California Department of Finance

Countywide Per Capita Income- Bureau of Economic Analysis CA1 Personal Incume Summary: Personal Income, Population,

Per Capita Personal Income Redevelopment Bond - Audited Financial Statements-Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

County of Mendocino Assessed Valuations by District

Table 12 City of Ukiah Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt June 30, 2016

Estimated

Jurisdiction	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable to City (1)		Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Overlapping tax and assessment debt: City of Ukiah Ukiah Community College District Ukiah Unified School District	\$60,552,690 \$53,580,997	100.000% 13.550% 34.160%		0 8,204,889 18,303,269
Total overlapping tax and assessment debt				26,508,158
Overlapping General Fund Debt: Mendecino County General Fund Obligations Mendecino County Pension Obligation Bonds City of Ukiah	\$20,479,148 \$64,147,348 0	12.670% 12.670% 100.000%		2,594,708 8,127,469 0
Total overlapping general fund obligation debt				10,722,177
Overlapping Tax Increment Debt (Successor Agency):	\$8,950,000	100.000%	↔	8,950,000
Total Direct Debt Total Overlapping Debt Total combined debt			မ မ	- 46,180,335 46,180,335 (2)
Ratio to 2014-2015 assessed valuation City of Ukiah total assessed valuation Direct debt (City) Direct debt (MJCCD, UVSD) Overlapping debt Combined total debt		0.00% 1.98% 0.80% 3.46%	↔	1,336,239,895
Ratios to Redevelopment Successor Agency Incremental Assessed Valuation Redevelopment Successor Agency Incremental Assessed Valuation Overlapping Tax Increment Debt	ıluation on	1.50%	↔	596,112,311

^[1] The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the city is estimated using taxable assessed property value. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the city divided by the district's total

California Municipal Statistics, Inc. provided percentages applicable to City which are applied to the total outstanding debt amount as reported by the County of Mendecino. Assessed valuation total is provided by the County of Mendecino

taxable assessed value. [2] Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

Table 13 City of Ukiah Legal Debt Margin Information Last 10 Fiscal Years

		Ratio Applied	Legal	Total Debt	Debt Subject to Limit
Fiscal	Assessed	as % of	Debt Limit	Subject to	as % of
Year	Valuation	Assessed Value	Margin	Limit	Debt Limit
2007	\$1,035,450,324	15.00%	155,317,549	•	%00.0
2008	\$1,119,849,497	15.00%	167,977,425	•	%00.0
2009	\$1,178,230,603	15.00%	176,734,590	•	%00.0
2010	\$1,205,686,442	15.00%	180,852,966		%00.0
2011	\$1,180,790,444	15.00%	177,118,567	•	%00.0
2012	\$1,169,395,369	15.00%	175,409,305		%00.0
2013	\$1,171,599,083	15.00%	175,739,862	•	%00.0
2014	\$1,195,466,105	15.00%	179,319,916	•	%00.0
2015	\$1,224,746,468	15.00%	183,711,970		%00.0
2016	\$1,267,903,229	15.00%	190,185,484	•	%00.0
Legal De	Legal Debt Limit Margin Calculation for 2015-2016	lation for 2015-2016			
Assessed value	d value		\$ 1,267,903,229		
Debt limi	Debt limit is 15% of assessed value	value	\$ 190,185,484		
Less: [Less: Debt applicable to limitation	itation	· ₩		
Total b	Total bonded debt		· ω		
Legal de	Legal debt margin		\$ 190,185,484		

In accordance with state law the City may not incur general obligation bonded indebtedness in excess of 15% of total assessed valuation, with such debt being payable from the proceeds of taxes levied upon taxable properties Source: County of Mendocino Assessed Valuations by District

Table 14 City of Ukiah Pledged Net Revenue Debt Coverage Last 10 Fiscal Years

			Coverage	,	,	,		,	,	,	,	,	7.53
allment (3)		ice	Interest	,	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	340,258
ystem Insta		Debt Service	İ	,	,			•	•	•	•	•	
2016 Water System Installment (3)	Pledged	System	Net Revenues (1) Principal		•		•	•	•	•	•	•	2,563,208
			Coverage		1.18	1.20	1.21	0.67	1.30	1.26	1.70	1.37	1.1
Debts (4)		Debt Service	Interest	,	3,463,644	3,454,113	3,428,024	3,369,632	3,267,419	3,189,995	3,109,840	3,038,640	2.940.898
Wastewater System Debts (4)		Debt 8) Principal	,	326,760	736,291	1,546,380	1,956,772	2,027,475	2,098,499	2,169,854	2,263,252	2.343.252
Waster	Pledged	System	Coverage Net Revenues (1) Principal		4,464,941	5,023,445	6,026,227	3,577,709	6,903,915	6,685,684	8,978,102	7,260,306	5.855.558
			Coverage Ne	1.98	1.94	0.20	1.06	2.13	1.99	0.23	(0.04)	0.43	0.41
enue Bonds		ervice	Interest	1,017,775	957,775	892,656	822,031	746,875	708,125	625,312	537,188	443,438	342.812
1992 Electric Revenue Bonds		Debt S	Principal	970,000	1,030,000	1,095,000	1,165,000	1,240,000	1,325,000	1,410,000	1,500,000	1,610,000	1.710.000
1992	Pledged	System	Net Revenues	3,936,655	3,857,843	401,066	2,104,320	4,234,671	4,050,422	463,374	(82,183)	881,810	840.172
			Coverage	,	3.04	2.43	2.01	1.53	2.11	2.47	2.65	3.05	7.56
Debts (2)		ervice	Interest	,	696,618	679,481	675,991	665,601	622,659	622,148	587,262	567,331	338.868
Water System Debts (2)		Debt Service	Principal	•	621,897	637,635	639,325	647,515	687,854	453,632	468,196	488,037	•
	Pledged	System	Net Revenues	258,359	4,010,754	3,196,026	2,643,638	2,007,243	2,769,261	2,662,015	2,792,636	3,223,234	2.563.208
		Fiscal	Year	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Includes Ukiah Valley Sanitation District payments for Waste Water services and portion of Debt Service.
 2. 2005 Water System Installment Agreement
 State of California Department of Water Resources-paid off in 2016 as part of the refinancing of the Water System bonds
 3. 2016 Water System Installment Agreement refunding. Paid off Water System Debts.
 4. 2006 Waste Water System Installment Agreement.
 State of California Water Resources Control Board

Demographic & Economic Statistics Last 10 Fiscal Years City of Ukiah Table 15

Unemployment Rate		6.40%	10.10%	10.80%	10.60%	%06.6	7.40%	2.90%	5.40%	2.90%
Assessed Valuation	1,035,450,324	1,119,849,497	1,178,230,603	1,205,686,442	1,180,790,444	1,169,395,369	1,171,599,083	1,195,466,105	1,224,746,468	1,267,903,229
	↔	\$	↔	↔	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	↔
Estimated City Ukiah Income	498,236,508	513,537,462	528,109,554	507,908,616	537,283,477	560,355,600	591,047,415	619,998,795	635,606,785	709,675,170
	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔
Countywide Per Capita Income	31,383	32,589	33,614	32,388	33,353	35,110	36,791	38,307	39,545	43,845
	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔	↔
Estimated Population	15,876	15,758	15,711	15,682	16,109	15,960	16,065	16,185	16,073	16,186
Fiscal Year	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016

Source: Estimated Population-State of California Department of Finance

Countywide Per Capita Income- Bureau of Economic Analysis CA1 Personal Incume Summary: Personal Income, Population,

Per Capita Personal Income

Assessed Valuations-County of Mendocino-Assessed Valuations by District Unemployment Rate-State of California Employment Development Department Labor Market Division Labor Force Data for

Counties

Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Last 10 Years City of Ukiah Table 16

			F	III-Time E	quivalent P	Full-Time Equivalent Personnel as of June 30	s of June 3	0		
Function	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
General Government ⁽¹⁾	22.6	24.9	25.2	21.2	21.7	20.7	23.2	23.1	24.0	21.5
Police ⁽²⁾	42.8	43.8	43.3	42.5	39.5	39.5	38.5	43.0	48.0	49.0
Fire ⁽³⁾	21.0	22.0	21.5	20.5	18.5	18.5	15.5	11.0	11.0	11.0
Planning & Building	5.3	5.3	5.1	4.5	4.3	4.3	4.0	5.5	0.9	0.9
Public Works, Water Sewer & Wastewater Treatment	44.2	43.9	44.4	43.9	45.7	41.6	38.9	38.3	39.0	41.5
Electric	17.6	17.6	17.1	18.1	17.8	17.4	18.2	16.2	17.0	17.0
Airport	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Parks & Recreation	21.0	22.0	21.0	19.5	18.9	17.9	18.7	17.9	17.0	20.0
Totals:	176.3	181.3	179.4	172.2	168.4	162.0	159.0	157.0	164.0	168.0

(1) includes City Administration, Finance, Human Resources, Administrative Support and Information Services Functions(2) Includes dispatch that supports both police and fire.(3) Decrease in fire was due to discontinuing Amubulance Services

Source: City of Ukiah Budget-Authorized Full-Time Personnel (FTE) FY15/16

City of Ukiah Operating Indicators Last 10 Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year Ended June 30	30			
Function	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Police Felony crimes (1) Misdemeanor Arrests DUI Crime Reports	1797 658 411	1522 791 271 4412	1355 624 232 4190	1398 660 165 3658	1362 621 190 3664	1192 560 141 3569	1183 557 135 3579	1091 479 59 3301	508 1269 113 3736	453 1200 117 3806
Water system (2) Annual Consumption (AF) Daily average consumption in MGD	3,490	3,148	2,872	2,387	2,505	2,660	2,831	2,788	2,609	2,467
Wastewater system (3) Daily average treatment	1,064.0	1,122.2	738.8	1,297.3	1,477.8	1,153.5	1,028.8	902.5	1,098.5	1,347.6
in MGD Maximum daily capacity of treatment plant, in MGD	2.915	3.066	2.024	3.554	4.049	3.152	2.819	2.473	3.010	3.680
Airport system (2) Number landings	29,009	21,391	24,813	22,326	21,972	25,269	38,293	31,700	42,507	32,629
Electric System Kwh generated in (millions)	~	∞	9	ω	16	ო	ß	က	4	5
Streets (4) Expenditures for streets in thousands of dollars	\$ 776	\$ 825	\$ 798	\$ 651	\$ 923	\$ 762	\$ 833	\$ 1,087	\$ 1,119	\$ 811
Fire Supression (5) Number paramedical calls Number fire calls	1,502	1,603	1,519 2,389	1,561.00	1,521 2,319	1,421 2,304	260 393			

Source-Ukiah Police Department Records Management System
 Source- State Controller's Report
 Source- City Wastewater Treatment Plant Operations Manager
 Source: General Ledger
 Source- Ambulance is now operated by a private company. Fire call statistics are maintained by Ukiah Valley Fire District

Table 18 City of Ukiah Capital Asset Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Fis	Fiscal Years ended June 30	nded June	30			
Function	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Area in Square Miles	4.70	4.70	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7
Fire protection (State/County) Number of stations Number of personnel	1 22.0	1 22.0	1 22.0	18.5	18.5	18.5	15.5	1 12.0	11.0	11.0
Parks and recreation: Conference center Parks & open space areas Park acreage Tennis courts	17 261 5	17 261 3	17 261 3	17 261 3	1 17 261 3	17 261 3	18 298 3	18 298 3	18 298 3	1 1 1 2 2 9 8 3 3
Police protection Number of substations	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Public library (County) Number of branches	~	~	-	~	~	_	~	~	-	_
Streets Miles of streets	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	23	53	53
Water system Service connections Miles of water mains	5,498 8.9	4,256 8.9	5,544 8.9	5,574	5,585 8.9	5,650	5,680 8.9	5,699 8.9	5,712 8.9	5,725 8.9
Wastewater system Number of treatment plants	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Electric system Number street lights	2352	2352	2352	2352	2352	2352	2352	2352	2352	2352

Other Compliance Reports





Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

City Council City of Ukiah Ukiah, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ukiah (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 28, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described as item 2016-1 in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2016-2 to 2016-5 to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Ukiah's Responses to Findings

Van Laut + Fankhanel, 11P

The City's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The City's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

March 28, 2017

2016-1 Accuracy and Timeliness of Accounting Records

Finding:

The City's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal controls over financial reporting to help ensure that appropriate goals and objectives are met. This responsibility includes the selection and application of accounting principles, ensuring that financial information is reliable and properly recorded, and evaluating and monitoring ongoing activities.

In preparation for the annual audit, the City's Finance staff performed significant analysis and reconciliations of various accounts in the City's general ledger. However, when we began our year-end audit fieldwork, it became apparent that certain accounts had not yet been thoroughly analyzed and reconciled to supporting records. This includes grant receivables, unavailable revenue accounts, pooled cash accounts, long-term debt, and capital assets. In addition, while performing audit procedures, we identified and proposed several material adjusting entries to the City's accounting records. Furthermore, Statements on Auditing Standards No. 115, "Communicating Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit" states that "indicators of material weaknesses in internal control include: identification by the auditor of a material misstatement of the financial statements under audit in circumstances that indicate the misstatement would not have been detected by the entity's internal control."

Reconciliation and review of all balance sheet accounts and various revenue and expenditure accounts on a recurring basis, and especially at year-end, is a vital part of maintaining the integrity of the accounting and financial reporting system. Periodic reconciliations of balance sheet and other selected accounts provide accurate data from which to base decisions, prevent costly errors and provide ease in identifying potential adjustments and corrections. If this is not done in a timely manner throughout the fiscal year, the year-end closing process tends to be more difficult and time-consuming, and may contribute to delays in issuing year-end reports. It should be noted, adjusting journal entries were being made to the City's accounting records as late as March 2017, approximately 9 months after the end of the fiscal year.

Recommendation:

Therefore, in order to maintain the integrity of the accounting and financial reporting system, and to ensure timely reporting, we recommend that all balance sheet accounts and other selected accounts be analyzed on a monthly, quarterly or other periodic basis as appropriate. We suggest a schedule of accounting functions to be performed monthly, quarterly, etc., be prepared with the provision for signing off by date and initials when the procedure is complete. We understand significant turnover in the finance department were contributing factors to the finding described above.

2016-1 Accuracy and Timeliness of Accounting Records - Continued

Management's Response:

Management agrees with the Auditor's recommendation. The City's new Finance Director intends to implement regular review of all balance sheet accounts and other selected accounts at least semi-annually, if not more frequently. Further, it is the intent of the Finance Department to issue quarterly reports reflecting this regular analysis beginning in fiscal year 2016-17.

2016-2 Fraud Prevention and Detection Program

The following is a continuation from the prior year:

Finding:

Management of the City is responsible for designing and implementing systems and procedures for the prevention and detection of fraud, and for ensuring a culture and environment that promotes honesty and ethical behavior. Fraud can range from minor employee theft and unproductive behavior to misappropriation of assets and fraudulent financial reporting.

The risk of fraud can be reduced through a combination of prevention, deterrence, and detection measures. However, fraud can be difficult to detect because it often involves concealment through falsification of documents or collusion among management, employees, or third parties. Therefore, it is important to place a strong emphasis on fraud prevention, which may reduce opportunities for fraud to take place, and fraud deterrence, which could persuade individuals that they should not commit fraud because of the likelihood of detection and punishment. Moreover, prevention and deterrence measures are much less costly than the time and expense required for fraud detection and investigation.

Recommendation:

While the City has taken steps to address the risk of fraud in certain areas, such as segregation of duties and other internal controls, we recommend the City consider taking a more formal, proactive approach to fraud prevention and deterrence. This would involve establishing an ongoing program of formally identifying and measuring fraud risks, taking steps to mitigate identified risks, and implementing and monitoring any necessary preventive and deterrent measures.

2016-2 Fraud Prevention and Detection Program - Continued

For example, the City should consider establishing a more formal training program for its employees regarding fraud. New employees should be trained at the time of hiring about the entity's values and its code of conduct. This training should explicitly cover expectations of all employees regarding (1) their duty to communicate certain matters; (2) a list of the types of matters, including actual or suspected fraud, to be communicated along with specific examples; and (3) information on how to communicate those matters. In addition to the training at the time of hiring, employees should receive refresher training periodically thereafter.

As mentioned above, management needs to provide information to employees on how to communicate fraud related matters. Research has shown that the majority of fraud is detected by fellow employees, and not outside auditors or internal controls. It is important for the City to establish and communicate to employees a reporting system that is appropriate for the City. The City should consider establishing a confidential reporting mechanism, which may include a combination of internal reporting and an anonymous tip hotline, not only for employees, but also for vendors and customers of the City.

In summary, the City has established controls over fraud in many areas. However, the City should evaluate whether a more formal, proactive approach to preventing fraud would be appropriate. The above comments do not address all components of a strong antifraud program. Additional information can be provided to the City's management regarding this issue.

Management's Response:

Management agrees with the Auditor's opinion in the value of prudent and reasonable fraud detection. The City exercises significant oversight and control of spending and actively monitors financial transactions to detect potential fraud, among other purposes. The Finance Department will continue to work with the City's Human Resources/Risk Management Department in taking a proactive approach to educating Finance Department, executive management, and any other team member charged with appropriation and spending oversight in fraud detection, deterrence, and communication. The Finance Department will continue reviewing its internal processes and protocols to promote greater efficiency and effectiveness in fraud detection, deterrence, and communication.

2016-3 Segregation of Incompatible Duties Over Cash Receipts for Community Services

The following is a continuation from the prior year:

Condition:

As part of our audit procedures we reviewed the process of collecting cash receipts at the Community Services Department in order to gain an understanding of the internal controls in this area. During our review we noted several weaknesses in the cash collection process. Below is a list of the issues identified:

- 1) No numerical reconciliation of the manual receipts issued, and through discussions with City staff, the issuance of receipts is not mandatory.
- 2) Cash payments are taken by instructors without the issuance of receipts.
- 3) Reconciliation of the number of people registered for classes to the number of people in attendance in a class is not done on a consistent basis.
- 4) Lack of segregation of duties for the receptionist/clerk who collects payments, inputs receipts, and reconciles the cash and checks collected.

Criteria:

In a strong internal control environment, receipts should be issued on all transactions, manual receipts should only be used in very limited circumstances, and if used, the numerical sequence of receipts issued should be performed, and incompatible duties should be properly segregated.

Cause of Condition:

Procedures for reviewing numerical sequence of receipts has not been established an implemented and cash receipting duties have not been sufficiently segregated.

Potential Effect of Condition:

Lack of internal controls over the collection of payments at the Community Services Department could result in payments collected that are not ultimately recorded in the City's general ledger and deposited into the City's bank accounts.

Recommendation:

We recommend the City implement procedures for reviewing the numerical sequence of cash receipts by an individual independent of the cash collection process, make sure all customers are issued receipts, and properly segregate duties for cash collection.

2016-3 Segregation of Incompatible Duties Over Cash Receipts for Community Services - Continued

Management's Response:

Management agrees with the Auditor's recommendation and will work to implement the appropriate procedures and protocols for cash management in the Community Services Department. The Finance Department expects to begin that work in late fiscal year 2016-17.

2016-4 Cash Receipts System

Condition:

The City uses several different cash receipting systems throughout the City. There is a system for Utility Billing, QuickBooks is used at the Conference Center, manual receipts are used throughout the City, RecDesk is used at the Community Center, Tyler cashiering is used for miscellaneous receipts at City Hall. In addition, it appears that only Tyler cashiering is integrated with the City's general ledger accounting system. All other cash receipting programs used in the various locations previously described, must be entered into multiple programs to ultimately be recorded in the City's general ledger. In addition, Finance Department personnel do not obtain reports directly from the other cashiering systems for review to reconcile to the receipts collected.

Criteria:

In a strong internal control environment, a centralized cashiering program should be used throughout the agency.

Cause of Condition:

The City does not have a centralized cashiering system.

Potential Effect of Condition:

Transactions must be entered multiple times which increases the opportunity for errors to occur. This could affect the amounts that are recorded in the general ledger and ultimately deposited in the City's bank account.

Recommendation:

We recommend the City review the current cash receipting systems used throughout the City and determine what changes could be made to implement a citywide central cashiering program.

2016-4 Cash Receipts System - Continued

Management's Response:

Management agrees with the Auditor's opinion in having strong internal controls for cash receipting, which a unified, comprehensive cash receipting system organization-wide can provide. But it is one among several suitable, reasonable, and appropriate alternatives. The Finance Department will continue to evaluate the current network of disparate systems to determine if more appropriate systems are reasonably feasible to implement. A centralized cashiering system, although ideal, may not be the most appropriate and/or the most efficient and effective method of administering cashiering, given the many diverse functions and activities provided by the City, including utility billing, recreation programs, airport, conference center, etc. The current disparate systems used, such as Quickbooks and RecDesk, are systems more reasonably suited to the activities for which they are employed than the general governmental functions for which the City's current main cashiering system is designed for. However, the Finance Department will continue to evaluate this condition to ensure prudent, reasonable, and appropriate procedures are in place to ensure the opportunities for error are mitigated to a nominal and reasonable level.

2016-5 Building Permits

Condition:

The City's building permit system is a module of Munis, the general ledger accounting system used. Payments for building permits are collected by the cashiers by crediting the permit application in Munis. However, the permit technicians can issue permits with a balance due and there is no reconciliation being done between the permits issued and the revenues collected and posted to the general ledger for building permits.

Criteria:

In a strong internal control environment, permits issued should be reconciled with the revenues collected and recorded in the general ledger on a periodic basis to verify all permits issued have a corresponding cash receipt.

Cause of Condition:

The City does not reconcile the building permits issued to the revenues collected and recorded in the general ledger.

Potential Effect of Condition:

Building permits could be issued without a corresponding cash receipt being recorded in the City's general ledger and deposit in the City's bank account.

2016-5 Building Permits - Continued

Recommendation:

We recommend the City implement a procedure to generate reports from the building permit module, periodically (daily, weekly, monthly) and have someone independent of the permit issuance and collection functions review and reconcile the amounts from these reports to the revenues posted in the City's general ledger.

Management's Response:

Management agrees with the Auditor's recommendation. The City's Finance Department will continue to work with the Community Development Department to evaluate and implement reasonable and appropriate procedures to strengthen its ability to account for building permit activities.



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES APPLIED TO APPROPRIATIONS LIMIT WORKSHEETS

City Council City of Ukiah Ukiah, California

We have performed procedures enumerated below to be the accompanying Appropriations Limit worksheet of the City of Ukiah, for the year ended June 30, 2016. These procedures, which were agreed to by the City of Ukiah and the League of California Cities (as presented in the publication entitled *Agreed-upon Procedures Applied to the Appropriations Limitation Prescribed by Article XIIIB of the California Constitution*), were performed solely to assist the City in meeting the requirements of Section 1.5 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution. The City's management is responsible for the Appropriations Limit worksheet. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of the procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

The procedures performed and our findings were as follows:

1. We obtained the completed worksheets and compared the limit and annual adjustment factors included in those worksheets to the limit and annual adjustment factors that were adopted by resolution of the City Council. We also compared the population and inflation options included in the aforementioned documents to those that were selected by a recorded vote of the City Council.

Finding: No exceptions were noted as a result of our procedures.

2. For the accompanying Appropriations Limit worksheet, we added last year's limit to total adjustments and agreed the resulting amount to this year's limit.

Finding: No exceptions were noted as a result of our procedures.

3. We agreed the current year information presented in the accompanying Appropriations Limit worksheet to the other documents referenced in #1 above.

Finding: No exceptions were noted as a result of our procedures.

4. We agreed the prior year appropriations limit presented in the accompanying Appropriations Limit worksheet to the prior year appropriations limit adopted by the City Council during the prior year.

Finding: No exceptions were noted as a result of our procedures.

We were not engaged to, and did not, perform an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on the accompanying Appropriations Limit worksheet. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you. No procedures have been performed with respect to the determination of the appropriations limit for the base year, as defined by the League publication entitled *Article XIIIB* of the California Constitution.

This report is intended solely for the use of the City Council and management of the City of Ukiah and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

March 28, 2017

Van Laut + Fankhanel, 11P

CITY OF UKIAH APPROPRIATIONS LIMIT COMPUTATION

2015 - 2016

		2015 - 2016
Change in Per Capital Personal Income		3.82%
Population Change City Population Growth		0.01%
Change in Per Capita Personal Income Converted to a Ratio		1.0382
Population Change Converted to a Ratio		1.0001
Calculation of Growth Factor		1.03830382
2014 - 2015 Appropriations Limit	\$ 35,302,689	
2015 - 2016 Appropriations Limit (\$35,302,689 X 1.03830382)	\$ 36,654,917	