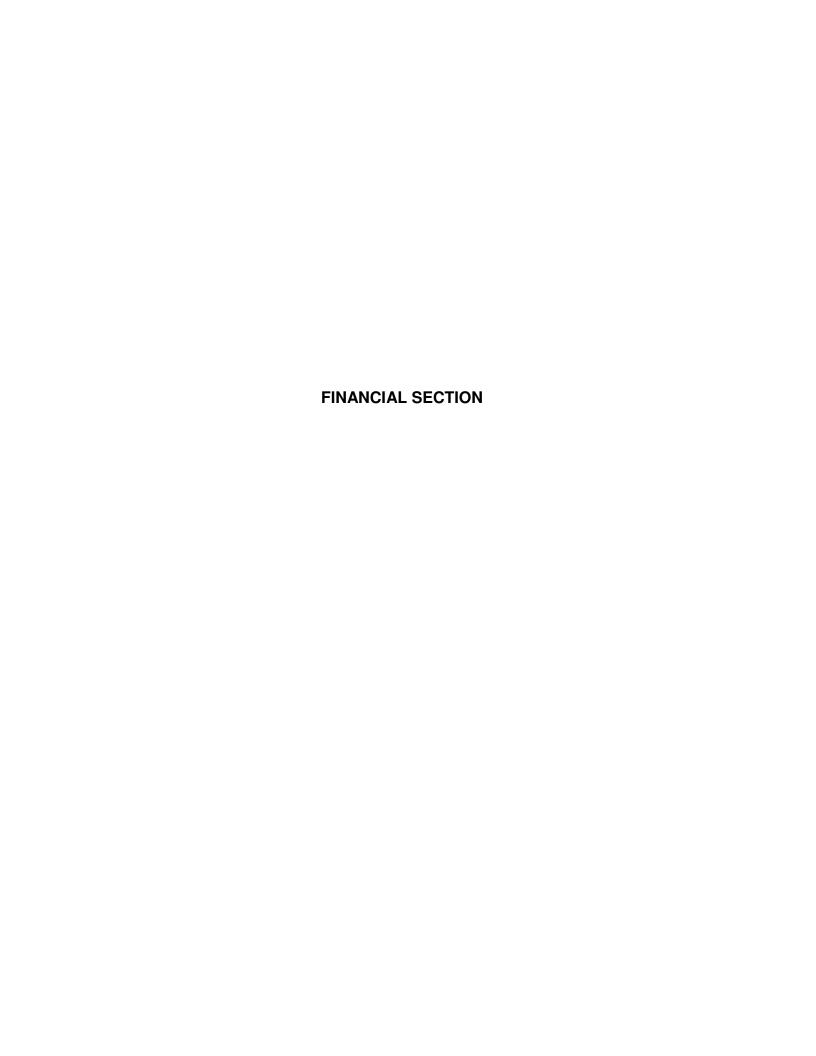
UKIAH REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOGETHER WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

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Davis W. Hammon, Jr., CPA (1924-1989)

Stephen B. Norman, CPA • PFS Stephen J. Herr, CPA Kerry A. Webber, CPA James L. Duckett, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council Members of the City of Ukiah Acting as the Governing Body for the Ukiah Redevelopment Agency Ukiah, California 95482

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities of the Ukiah Redevelopment Agency as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Ukiah Redevelopment Agency's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities of the Ukiah Redevelopment Agency as of June 30, 2006, and the respective change in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the Unites States of America.

The Ukiah Redevelopment Agency has not presented management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 6, 2006, on our consideration of the Ukiah Redevelopment Agency's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The required supplementary information on pages 16 - 17 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplemental information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consist principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Davis Hammon & Co.

October 6, 2006

UKIAH REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2006

<u>ASSETS</u>	Governmental Activities
Cash and investments	\$9,582,078
Cash with fiscal agent	619,050
Receivables:	
Accounts	1,319
Interest	1,057
Property taxes	233,935
Loans	796,852
Unexpended loan proceeds	46,951
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	1,506,222
Total Assets	12,787,464
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	222,386
Accrued interest payable	29,048
Deferred income	796,351
Due to other agencies	3,610
Due to City of Ukiah	1,468,798
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due within one year	208,545
Due in more than one year	5,423,907
Total Liabilities	8,152,645
NET ASSETS	
Restricted For:	
Low and moderate income housing	1,754,376
Capital projects of outside agencies	3,108,447
Unrestricted	(228,004)
Total Net Assets	\$4,634,819

UKIAH REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Net (Expense) Revenue And Changes In

	Program Revenues				Net Assets
	Expenses	Charges For Services	Operating Grants And Contributions	Capital Grants And Contributions	Governmental Activities
Functions/Programs					
Governmental Activities:					
General administration	\$367,801				(\$367,801)
Low and moderate income housing	579,609	61,275			(518,334)
Capital projects	44,178				(44,178)
Depreciation	659				(659)
Debt service:					
Interest and fiscal charges	456,546				(456,546)
Total Governmental Activities	\$1,448,793	\$61,275	\$0	\$0	(1,387,518)
	General Revenue	es:			
	Taxes				3,587,162
	Use of money a	and property			230,854
	Total General Re	venues And Transfer	s		3,818,016
	Change In Net As	ssets			2,430,498
	Net Assets - begi	nning			2,204,321
	Net Assets - End	ling			\$4,634,819

UKIAH REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2006

<u>ASSETS</u>	General	Low & Moderate Income Housing	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and investments Cash with fiscal agent Receivables:	\$25,244	\$1,894,016	\$2,130,153 619,050	\$5,532,665	\$9,582,078 619,050
Accounts	1,319				1,319
Interest Property taxes	26,558	46,787	1,057 72,026	88,564	1,057 233,935
Loans Unexpended loan proceeds	_5,555	796,852	,	·	796,852
·				46,951	46,951
Total Assets	\$53,121	\$2,737,655	\$2,822,286	\$5,668,180	\$11,281,242
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY					
Liabilities:					*
Accounts payable Accrued salaries & benefits	\$3,359 7,229	\$175,000 3,277		\$2,785	\$181,144 10,506
Accrued compensated absences Deferred income	22,085	8,651 796,351			30,736 796,351
Contract retentions payable		790,331		3,610	3,610
Due to City of Ukiah			\$1,468,798		1,468,798
Total Liabilities	32,673	983,279	1,468,798	6,395	2,491,145
Fund Balances: Reserved For: Encumbrances	3,516			4,143	7,659
Low and moderate income housing Debt service		1,754,376	1,353,488		1,754,376 1,353,488
Capital outlay	40.000		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	5,657,642	5,657,642
Unreserved - undesignated	16,932				16,932
Total Fund Balances	20,448	1,754,376	1,353,488	5,661,785	8,790,097
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$53,121	\$2,737,655	\$2,822,286	\$5,668,180	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in	the statement of net	assets are different b	ecause:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds: Capital assets	s are not financial res	sources and, therefore	,	\$1,512,318	
Accumulated depreciation				(6,096)	1,506,222
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the funds:	·	d and therefore are no	t reported		
Ukiah Redevelopment Agency REDIP lo Ukiah Redevelopment Agency capital lea				(\$157,452) (5,475,000)	
Accrued interest on long-term debt	acc payable			(29,048)	(5,661,500)
Net Assets Of Governmental Activities					\$4,634,819

UKIAH REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

<u>REVENUES</u>	General	Low & Moderate Income Housing	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
Taxes Use of money and property	\$349,188 12,236	\$775,488 61,275	\$1,104,449 78,877	\$1,358,037 139,741	\$3,587,162 292,129
Total Revenues	361,424	836,763	1,183,326	1,497,778	3,879,291
EXPENDITURES					
Current: Salaries and benefits Operating expenses Contractual services Governmental services Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges	217,465 25,351 67,535 57,450	89,248 1,657 476,357 12,347	233,489 457,346	6,967 37,211	306,713 33,975 581,103 69,797 233,489 457,346
Total Expenditures	367,801	579,609	690,835	44,178	1,682,423
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(6,377)	257,154	492,491	1,453,600	2,196,868
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	0	0	0
Net Change In Fund Balances	(6,377)	257,154	492,491	1,453,600	2,196,868
Fund Balances, July 1,	26,825	1,497,222	860,997	4,208,185	
Fund Balances, June 30,	\$20,448	\$1,754,376	\$1,353,488	\$5,661,785	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense: Capital outlay Depreciation expense The issuance of long-term debt provided current financial resources to the governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effects of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items					(659)
when debt is first issued, whereas these ar activities: Principal payments on long-term debt Some expenses reported in the statement o resources and, therefore, are not reported	f activities do not rec	juire the use of current		\$233,489	233,489
Accrued interest payable	ao an experiolitires i	govorimoniai iailas.			800
Change In Net Assets Of Governmental A	Activities				\$2,430,498

1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A) Reporting Entity

The Ukiah Redevelopment Agency is a Community Redevelopment Agency formed, organized and existing pursuant to the provisions of Part 1 of Division 24 (commencing with Section 33000) of the California Health and Safety Code. Pursuant to said law, the Agency is vested with the responsibility of carrying out a duly adopted redevelopment plan.

The financial statements of the Ukiah Redevelopment Agency have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Agency's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity. The Ukiah Redevelopment Agency does not have any component units as determined under criteria established by GASB. However, the Agency's boundaries are within the City of Ukiah's city limits, it is governed by a Commission comprised of the members of the Ukiah City Council, and activities of the Agency will benefit the citizens of Ukiah. The Agency, therefore, is considered a component unit of the City of Ukiah. The City of Ukiah exercises significant financial and management control over the Agency. Therefore, the financial data of the Ukiah Redevelopment Agency have also been included within the City of Ukiah's annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

B) Government-Wide And Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information of all the nonfiduciary activities of the Agency. For the most part, the effect of Interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The Agency has no business-type activities

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The Agency has no proprietary or fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C) Measurement Focus, Basis Of Accounting, And Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting.* Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Agency considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Agency.

The Agency reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the Agency's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Low & Moderate Income Housing Fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for resources accumulated and activities of the 20% set-a-side as required by the California Health & Safety Code Section 33334.3.

The *Debt Service Fund* accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the Agency.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for resources accumulated and activities associated with the acquisition and construction of general fixed assets.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of GASB.

As a general rule the effect of Interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Agency's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

D) Assets, Liabilities, And Net Assets Or Equity

1) Cash And Investments

Investments for the Agency are reported at fair value. The Agency's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The Agency's investments held in the City of Ukiah's pooled investments.

2) Receivables And Payables

Activity between the Agency and the City of Ukiah that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due from the City of Ukiah" (i.e. the current portion of Inter-agency loans).

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. No allowances for uncollectible receivables were recorded, as amounts were deemed immaterial as determined based on an analysis of historical trends.

Property taxes for the current year were attached as an enforceable lien as of January 1, 2005 and were levied on July 1, 2005. Taxes are due in two equal installments on November 1 and February 1. The Agency relies on the competency of the County of Mendocino Assessor's office to properly assess, collect and distribute property taxes.

3) Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the governmental-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Agency as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received.

As of the balance sheet date, information was not available concerning the cost of infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) and, therefore, pre-existing infrastructure assets are not included in the accompanying financial statements. As permitted by GASB Statement No. 34 (GASB-34), the Agency will begin reporting pre-existing infrastructure assets as data is accumulated during the transition period provided by GASB-34. However, as required by GASB-34 the Agency has begun prospective reporting of infrastructure assets acquired or constructed during the current fiscal period. During the current fiscal period no infrastructure assets were acquired or constructed.

Interest is capitalized on construction of major assets acquired with debt. The amount of interest to be capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred from the date of the borrowing until completion of the project with interest earned on invested proceeds over the same period. No interest was capitalized during the year ended June 30, 2006.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Property, plant and equipment of the Agency are depreciated using the straight-line method using the following useful lives:

Machinery and equipment 5 - 20 years

4) Compensated Absences

It is the Agency's policy to allow an employee to accumulate no more than two years vacation. Full time Agency employees are entitled to sick leave with full pay due to absence resulting from illness or injury to the extent of the amount earned. There is no liability for unpaid sick leave since the government does not have a policy to pay any amount when employees separate from service with the Agency. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

5) Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

6) Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designated fund balances represent tentative management plans for future use of financial resources and are subject to change.

2) Stewardship, Compliance And Accountability

A) Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principals for all governmental funds. Annually, each Agency department submits a request for appropriation to the Executive Director so that a budget may be prepared. The budget is prepared by fund, function and activity, and includes information on the past year, current year estimates and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year. Before June 30, the proposed budget is presented to the Board of Commissioners for review. The Board of Commissioners holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from or change appropriations, but may not change the form of the budget. Any changes in the budget must be within the revenues and reserves estimated as available by the Executive Director or the revenue estimates must be changed by an affirmative vote of a majority of the Board of Commissioners.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level. During the year, several supplementary appropriations totaling \$254,409 were necessary.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting - under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditures of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation - is utilized in the governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reapportioned and honored during the subsequent year.

B) Excess Of Expenditures Over Appropriations

Expenditures did not exceed appropriations in any of the Agency's funds.

C) Deficit Fund Equity

None of the Agency's individual funds had deficit fund equities at June 30, 2006.

3) Detailed Notes On All Other Funds

A) Cash And Investments

Cash and investments are reported in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Assets:	
Cash and investments	\$9,582,078
Cash with fiscal agent	619,050
Total Cash and Investments	\$10,201,128
Cash and investments consist of the following:	
Investments - City of Ukiah Investment Pool	10,201,128
Total Cash and Investments	\$10,201,128

Authorized Investments – Investment Policy

The Agency's investment policy is the same as the City of Ukiah, and the Agency's funds are pooled within the authorized pool of investments of the City. The table below identifies the types of investments that are authorized by the City's, and therefore Agency's, investment policy:

		Maximum	Maximum	
	Maximum	Total of	Investment In	
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer	
City of Ukiah Bonds	5 years	No limit	10%	
U.S. Treasuries (notes, bonds, bills and other indebtedness)	5 years	No limit	None	
Obligations of the State of California (warrants, notes and bonds)	5 years	No limit	10%	
Local Agency Obligations (bonds, notes and other indebtedness	5 years	No limit	10%	
U.S. Agency Obligations	5 years	No limit	None	
Bankers Acceptances	180 days	40%	10%	
Commercial Paper (rated "A" or better)	180 days	15% (1)	10%	
Negotiable Certificates	5 years	30%	10%	
Repurchase Agreements	365 days	No limit	10%	
Reverse Repurchase Agreements (2)	92 days	20%	10%	
Medium-Term Notes	5 years	30%	10%	
Money Market Funds (highest rating)	5 years	20%	10%	
Local Agency Investment Fund	5 years	\$40 million	10%	
Time Deposits	5 years	25%	10%	
Mortgage-Backed and Asset-Backed Securities (rated "AA" or better)	5 years	20%	10%	

- (1) = 30% if dollar weighted average maturity of commercial paper does not exceed 31 days.
- (2) = Requires prior City Council approval before investment is purchased.

Authorized Investments – Debt Trustee Agreements

Investments held by bond fiscal agents (trustees) are governed by the provisions of the underlying indenture agreements rather than the general provisions of the Agency's investment policy or California Government Code. The indenture agreements do not specifically identify maximum maturity and maximum investment provisions. The indenture agreements do identify the following permitted investments:

U.S. Government Obligations Bonds or Notes (must have one of two highest ratings)

U.S. Agency Obligations

Money Market Funds (rated AAAm-G, AAAm or Aam)

Demand or Time Deposits (FDIC insured or fully secured)

Repurchase Agreements

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. As of June 30, 2006, the Agency's investments had no significant exposure to interest rate risk.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The Agency does not hold direct investments; therefore, there is no concentration of credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code and the Agency's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows deposits to be secured by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the Agency's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for investments. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools (such as LAIF).

B) Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
Government Activities:	July 1, 2005	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2006
Nondepreciable Capital Assets:				
Land	\$1,505,728			\$1,505,728
Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets	1,505,728	\$0	\$0	1,505,728
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Machinery and equipment	6,590			6,590
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	6,590	0	0	6,590
Less: Accumulated Depreciation:				
Machinery and equipment	(5,437)	(659)		(6,096)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(5,437)	(659)	0	(6,096)
Depreciable Capital Assets, net	1,153	(659)	0	494
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$1,506,881	(\$659)	\$0	\$1,506,222

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the RDA as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Community development	\$659
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$659

C) Interfund Receivables, Payables And Transfers

The Agency made no interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2006.

D) Long-Term Debt

Ukiah Redevelopment Agency Loan Payable. The Ukiah Redevelopment Agency (RDA) has entered into a loan agreement, dated December 30, 1993, for \$6,935,000 with the Redwood Empire Financing Authority (Authority). The Authority issued certificates of participation, the proceeds of which are used to provide funds to loan the RDA. The Authority then uses the RDA loan payments for the debt service requirements of the Authority. The loan balance at June 30, 2006, was \$5,475,000. The terms of loan require semi-annual interest payments in December and June at annual rates ranging from 4.00% to 6.50%. Principal payments are due annually in December through the year 2023. Loan payments by the RDA will be made exclusively from revenues received from property tax increments.

Ukiah Redevelopment Agency REDIP Loan Payable. The Ukiah Redevelopment Agency (RDA) has entered into a loan agreement, dated May 29, 1996, with the Rural Economic Development Infrastructure Panel (REDIP) to fund the construction of infrastructure within the RDA project area. The principal amount of the loan was \$758,557 and the balance at June 30, 2006 was \$157,452. Principal and interest payments of \$43,662 are payable semi-annually on January 1, and July 1, through July 1, 2009. The loan carries an interest rate of 6.5% per annum.

Debt service requirements to maturity for loans payable by the Ukiah Redevelopment Agency are presented on the following schedule.

Governmental Activities			
Year Ended	RDA Lo	oans	
June 30,	Principal	Interest	
2007	\$208,545	\$348,597	
2008	265,889	339,173	
2009	233,018	322,383	
2010	205,000	308,640	
2011	220,000	295,040	
2012-2016	1,325,000	1,238,560	
2017-2021	1,795,000	743,200	
2022-2026	1,380,000	136,320	
	\$5,632,452	\$3,731,913	

Changes in long-term liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Due Within
	July 1, 2005	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2006	One Year
Government Activities: Loans payable	\$5,865,941		\$233,489	\$5,632,452	\$208,545
Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$5,865,941	\$0	\$233,489	\$5,632,452	\$208,545

4) Other Information

A) Risk Management

The Agency is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Agency provides property, liability, and worker's compensation insurance through the City of Ukiah as a member of the Redwood Empire Municipal Insurance Fund (REMIF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for several Northern California municipalities. The Agency pays a proportionate share of the City's quarterly and annual premiums to the REMIF for its general insurance coverage. The joint powers formation agreement of the REMIF provides that the REMIF will be self-sustaining through member premiums for liability insurance and will reinsure through commercial companies for other coverage.

The Agency's deductible is \$10,000 for worker's compensation and property losses, and \$25,000 for liability loss, all per occurrence. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

B) Commitments and Contingencies

The Agency has entered into agreements with several outside entities whereby the Agency must set aside a portion of its tax increment revenues. Under the terms of these agreements, the outside agencies may use their portion of the increment for projects that meet the requirements of Community Redevelopment Law and have been approved by the Agency.

Because expenditure of these amounts is dependent upon future qualified redevelopment projects, and the formal approval of the Agency, no liability has been established for the above amounts. The Agency has, however, restricted a portion of net assets for the above agreements. The following is a schedule of the June 30, 2006, restricted net asset balances:

Low & Moderate Income Housing Fund:	
Mendocino-Lake Community College District	\$545,748
County of Mendocino	265,788
Major Projects	942,840
Capital Projects Fund:	
Ukiah Unified School District	2,025,248
Mendocino-Lake Community College District	661,017
Mendocino County Office of Education	422,182

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

UKIAH REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

General Fund Variance With Final Budget -**Budgeted Amounts Positive REVENUES** (Negative) Original **Final Actual** Taxes \$375,252 \$375,252 \$349,188 (\$26,064)Use of money and property 3,600 8,636 3,600 12,236 Other revenues **Total Revenues** 378,852 378,852 361,424 (17,428)**EXPENDITURES** Community Redevelopment: 219,469 224,944 217,465 7,479 Salaries and benefits Operating expenses 23.504 23,504 25,351 (1,847)Contractual services 74,148 80,295 67,535 12,760 Governmental services 58,131 58,131 57,450 681 Total Expenditures 375,252 386,874 367,801 19,073 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Over Expenditures 3,600 (8,022)(6,377)1,645 **OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)** Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 0 Net Change In Fund Balances 3,600 (8,022)(6,377)1,645 Fund Balances, July 1, 26,825 26,825 26,825 0 Fund Balances, June 30, \$18,803 \$1,645 \$30,425 \$20,448

UKIAH REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	Low & Moderate Income Housing Fund			
	Budgeted /	Amounts		Variance With Final Budget - Positive
<u>REVENUES</u>	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
T	# 004 000	Фоод ооо	Ф775 400	#114 400
Taxes	\$661,086 22,679	\$661,086 22,679	\$775,488 61,275	\$114,402
Use of money and property Other revenues	22,079	22,679	61,275	38,596
Total Revenues	683,765	683,765	836,763	152,998
EVDENDITUDES				
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>				
Community Redevelopment:				
Salaries and benefits	78,301	80,493	89,248	(8,755)
Operating expenses	1,677	1,677	1,657	20
Contractual services	278,357	507,357	476,357	31,000
Governmental services	14,025	14,025	12,347	1,678
Total Expenditures	372,360	603,552	579,609	23,943
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over				
Over Expenditures	311,405	80,213	257,154	176,941
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	0	0
Net Change In Fund Balances	311,405	80,213	257,154	176,941
Fund Balances, July 1,	1,497,222	1,497,222	1,497,222	0
Fund Balances, June 30,	\$1,808,627	\$1,577,435	\$1,754,376	\$176,941

COMPLIANCE SECTION



Davis W. Hammon, Jr., CPA (1924-1989)

Stephen B. Norman, CPA • PFS Stephen J. Herr, CPA Kerry A. Webber, CPA James L. Duckett, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and City Council Members of the City of Ukiah Acting as the Governing Body for the Ukiah Redevelopment Agency Ukiah, California 95482

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Ukiah Redevelopment Agency, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated October 6, 2006, which was modified due to excluding management's discussion and analysis. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Ukiah Redevelopment Agency's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operations that we consider to be a material weakness.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Agency's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Commissioners, management, and the Office of the Controller of the State of California and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Davis Hammon & Co.

October 6, 2006